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In The Oueue



page 6



page 17



page 60



page 114

Foreground

17 EASE INTO 16-BIT COMPUTING: GET 16-BIT PERFORMANCE FROM AN 8-BIT COMPUTER by Steve Ciarcia

Steve tells you how the Intel 8088 is well-suited for building a minimum-configuration 16-bit computer.

34 ELECTRON BEHAVIOR IN A CHEMICAL BOND by Michael Liebl

Learn how to use a computer to explore the inner processes of a molecule by finding solutions to the Schrödinger wave equation.

74 SOLVING PROBLEMS INVOLVING VARIABLE TERRAIN, PART 2: SPECIAL CASES, INCLUDING HEXAGONAL GRIDS by Scott T Jones

After developing a general algorithm last month, Scott now explores several modifications that may be applied to typical conflict-simulation problems.

126 A POWER-LINE PROTECTION CIRCUIT by Neil Schneider and Bror Erickson For hobby applications where an isolation transformer is too big and expensive, this relay-based circuit can provide some protection from power-line wiring errors.

130 LANDING MODULE SIMULATION WITH RANDOM SURFACE by S J Houng This game uses the Motorola MEK6800 D2 kit. It can be interfaced to display the landing approach on an oscilloscope.

142 THE DIRT-CHEAP BOOTSTRAP, MORE NOTES ON BRINGING UP A **MICROCOMPUTER** by Albert S Woodhull

An inexpensive way to add front-panel functions to a minimal microcomputer system.

156 HYDROCARBON MOLECULE CONSTRUCTOR, by Randall S Matthews The program presented here uses the high-resolution graphics ability of the Apple II to give a visual representation of molecular bonding.

2.32 SUPER TIC by J Roehrig This is a three-dimensional, 4-by-4-by-4, tic-tac-toe game that can play against a human opponent. The program has ten levels of expertise, is written in BASIC, and can be modified to run in two dimensions.

Background

60 HEWLETT-PACKARD'S NEW PERSONAL COMPUTER, THE HP-85 by Christopher P Morgan

A first look at a personal computer from a company esteemed for its calculators and minicomputers.

84 TRS-80 PERFORMANCE, EVALUATION BY PROGRAM TIMING

by James R Lewis James provides us with a direct comparison of the TRS-80 computer with an IBM System/370.

114 ELECTRONIC PLANIMETRY by Peter A Santi, John Fryhofer and Gregory Hansen

These authors describe a situation in which a specialized tool was replaced by a general-purpose minicomputer.

194 OPERATION CODES FOR 8080, 8085, AND Z80 PROCESSORS by D Martin Harrell

The need to convert an assembler mnemonic to the hexadecimal object code often occurs when programming the 8080 microprocessor family. Here is a helpful summary of related information.

230 TO ERR IS HUMAN by Roger A McGregor

Techniques to enable your computer to detect and correct typographical errors in assembly-language programs.

Nucleus

- 6 Editorial: Hunting the Computerized Eclipse
- 14 Letters

68, 212, 240 Programming Ouickies: Gear-Ratio Calculations for Bicycle

- Derailleurs; and many more
- 108 BYTE News
- 168 Book Reviews 174 BYTE's Bits
- 176 Clubs and Newsletters
- 180 BYTE's Bugs

184 Product Review: Lucidata P-6800 Pascal 186 Technical Forum: The Direct Impact of the Computer; Cutting the **Gregorian Knot** 208 Desktop Wonder: The Periodic Chart at Your Fingertips

- 218 Event Queue
- 246 What's New?
- 287 **Unclassified Ads**
- 288 Reader Service, BOMB

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ON THE COVER

This month's cover theme is "Computers in the Laboratory." Personal computers can be employed as a tool of analysis and control in scientific applications. We celebrate this theme with a fantasy suggestive of one area of scientific application: an advanced colorgraphics-oriented personal computer is shown over a Bunsen burner on a beaker stand. On the terminal is a high-resolution image of some liquid boiling. This computer, without floppy-disk drives, certainly suggests a future direction: built-in, permanent mass storage with sufficient capacity to eliminate any need for removable media. We might even conjecture that a pattern is shown here being "boiled" into a bubble memory.

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Editorial

Hunting the Computerized Eclipse

by Carl Helmers

As noted last month, the subject of this editorial is completing some technical details of a project that has consumed all my spare time during the closing months of 1979. This project is the practical execution of what was really a pipe dream last March when the July 1979 editorial ("Computers and Eclipses") was written. The July editorial was inspired by my travels the previous February to see my first total solar eclipse from a roadside near Roundup, Montana. During that event, which took place in cold wintry weather, all my pictures were taken manually using the telephoto lens on my Nikon F2A camera. I knew there had to be a better way of controlling my camera during an eclipse event, and set about concocting a suitable first approximation of a computer-control method.

As a result of writing about the problem, I received a letter from and eventually met one of our readers, Norm Whyte, of Monte Rio, California. In the course of the ensuing correspondence and telephone calls, we developed a degree of friendship based on mutual interests in matters scientific and technological. The result was that since there were a couple of berths left in the travel plans for Norm's eclipse trip to Kenya during February 1980, I was able to become more serious about making a real version of the fantasy sketch outlined in last July's editorial.

With the decision to go made, the next decision was how to implement the system. The number one step, of course, was to order a motor drive and a magazine back for the Nikon camera. I quickly came to the conclusion that if I were going to travel all the way to Kenya to watch 4 minutes of celestial follies, more than thirty-six exposures would be appropriate. The Peterborough Camera Shop did their job, so by September I had the motor drive, and I had the magazine-back and bulk-loading accessories by mid-October. The camera system and methods of developing a 250-frame roll in a small batch tank were debugged at the camera store in November, through the efforts of its owner Wayne Esty and lab technician Skip DeLiquori.

At about this time, I began testing my refined concept of electrical control for the motor-drive/shutter mechanism. It took about 15 minutes to verify what I wanted to know: applying an ohmmeter and a miniature Phillips screwdriver to the detachable control head of the motor drive, I was able to determine the proper wiring of the four-wire MC-1 remote-control cable I had purchased. In the normal use of a Nikon motor drive, this cable serves as the electrical equivalent of a mechanical cable release.

In my application, I simply cut off and set aside the extension socket for the control head. In its place I wired an electronic simulation of the control head. This electronic simulation is the circuit of figure 1 (see page 10), which acts like the push-button switch of the motor drive head. One silicon diode is required in the logic which distinguishes between single shot and continuous firing of the motor drive.

The relatively machine-independent, Pascal language interface to the machine-dependent absolute addresses of the annunciator output ANO is provided through a variant record technique. This technique works in UCSD Pascal implementations such as Apple Pascal, but may not work in all implementations since it definitely "bends" the formal definition of the language.

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Photo 1: The Camera. The camera equipment has slightly expanded since originally conceived. The method of interfacing has also been greatly simplified. The camera now has a 250-exposure magazine back, which will be loaded with ASA 64 Kodak Ektachrome slide film. It turns out that the Nikon MD-2 motor drive allows direct computer control of camera operation, through a single bit interface (see figure 1). When the shutter speed control is in the "bulb" position, this single bit out of the computer controls exposure time and motor drive action.

A transition from 0 to 1 opens the camera shutter after flipping the reflex mirror out of the way; a transition from 1 to 0 closes the shutter and causes the motor drive to advance the film to the next frame. The optically isolated two-transistor interface is wired to the four conductors in the Nikon MC-1 remote shutter extension cable. Readers should refer back to the July 1979 BYTE editorial for a much more elaborate and probably unworkable mechanical kludge suggestion.

All one needs to do is reference the appropriate address. One address, if referenced, sets the ANO output line; the second address, if referenced, resets the ANO line. I could have used the Apple-dependent, machine-language routine called TTLOUT, but decided instead to use the variant record escape of setting a pointer to an integer address value. The test program of listing 4 was used to verify the operation of the circuit in figure 1.

At the stage of this editoral's writing during December 1979, I had created a Pascal program shown in listing 1 (with execution shown in listings 2 and 3 photographed from my terminal). This program represents the most difficult part of the model, allocating the detail exposure times for all the shots of the eclipse.

The advantages of using this high-level language become obvious whenever such an elaborate program is even contemplated. I started out with a first version of the program that defined the application-specific data types of "seconds," "milliseconds," "absolute-time," "exposures," and "an-exposure-detail." The records "absolute-time" and "an-exposure-detail" give examples of how Pascal may be used to create conceptually oriented data types for specific purposes.

In this real-time simulation, I chose to use the millisecond as the basic unit of time, with actual time values on the order of seconds expressed as a two-part record with an integer value 0 thru 999 of milliseconds and an integer value of 0 thru 32,767 of seconds. I chose to express time in this manner as a part of my original intention to use a small, single-board computer programmed in



Photo 2: Field computer equipment. My original plan was to take a small, single board computer for use in the field. However, as the winter solstice of 1979 was fast approaching, it became obvious that it would be far easier to simply take along the Apple II Pascal machine which has the complete simulation of the event written in a high-level form. Thus, I went hunting at a local computer store, where I came upon a truly elegant Apple II traveling case. (Contact Bob McGuffie, Computerland of Nashua, New Hampshire, if you want one. I paid \$108 for this product.) The case will accept two floppy-disk drives, the Apple, and the Sanyo miniature television which will be used as my field display. (At the eclipse field site, we will have 110 V AC power provided by a small gasoline generator.)

assembly language. Such an expression of the data would have made it easy to translate the high-level language simulation into a hand-crafted small program.

(After time started growing short and I had not yet received the small computer I had intended to use, I started asking skeptical questions like: "Why should I flagellate myself with a macroassembly language expression of a perfectly good program written in Pascal?" After all, this "big machine" with its new suitcase is certainly portable and has the single-bit output needed.)

The variables needed by the program are declared with long, explanatory names immediately following the TYPE declarations. Thus, whenever I need a variable which is intended to be an "absolute-time" value, I declare it using the application-specific type of that name. Text continued on page 12

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Figure 1: The schematic of the Apple II/Nikon interface. The two transistors (QI and Q2) and diode D1 simulate a switch and a diode found inside the original Nikon MD-2 motor drive shutter-control head. The colors noted at the right in this figure correspond to the colors found in the four-wire cable of the Nikon MC-1 remote shutter extension cable. An opto-isolator with Darlington phototransistor was required in order to isolate the Apple II from the noisy transients of the motor drive.

Before this final optically isolated version was devised after much frustration (and productive suggestions from Steve Ciarcia and Chris Bancroft), three different versions were tried in which switching transients propagated back to the Apple II via a common ground. The first unsuccessful version simply had a 7404 gate driving a reed relay. Then a 75450 peripheral driver was tried because the surplus relay proved to require a higher voltage (12 V) than the 5 V available from TTL. The peripheral driver made the relay

16

flip state. But at random times when operating the motor drive, the ANO output bit would refuse to stay in the state defined by my program. So, I then tried eliminating the relay entirely and using both output transistors of the 75450 in parallel.

The random state changes remained. The lack of a 100 MHz storage scope prevented me from seeing what had to be there: short (order of magnitude: nanoseconds) high voltage, inductive transients occurring during the time when the LS Schottky TTL latch in the Apple was having its state redefined by the program. After a trip to a Radio Shack store to buy two transistors and two packages of random assorted opto-isolators, the present circuit resulted.

The opto-isolator darlington phototransistor and transistor Q1 provide drive to an output transistor Q2. If all of the transistor collectors are wired to a common supply provided by the "black" lead of the MC-1 cable, then the circuit will latch into the "shutter open" state with transistor Q2 conducting between emitter and collector. Thus a separate power supply provided by a 9 V transistor radio battery is required for the opto-isolator's phototransistor and Q1. The 10 K ohm resistor limits current from the battery.



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Photo 3: The Apple II/Nikon interface. The interface of figure 1 was wired on a framework of "P" pattern Vector perforated board. Vector terminal pins were used to provide anchorage for the Apple II cable (left edge), the cable from the Nikon MC-1 shutter extension (right edge), the connector for a 9 V transistor radio battery (bottom edge), and mountings for the two NPN transistors. Wiring was done using number 20 guage copper wire for most connections; wire-wrap connections were used for one or two signal buses.

Text continued from page 8:

The model I am using for exposure control is a tabledriven one, with two tables of the data type "anexposure-detail." The table "ten-shot-grouping" is initialized (in procedure "initialize," naturally) with a set of ten exposures bracketing a range from 2 milliseconds to about 4 seconds. The second table "transient-shots" is used to specify the exposures that will be taken during the transient diamond ring events at the beginning and the end of the eclipse.

The exposure control details are provided by two numbers in my model: the number of milliseconds devoted to the open camera shutter state, and the number of milliseconds of waiting time which will be used to separate the shot from the next shot. This waiting time is initialized to an "overhead-duration" figure set by a Pascal constant of that name. The present value of "overhead-duration" is set at 200 milliseconds, corresponding to the motor drive's maximum speed of 5 frames per second. This initial value of the time required for each frame is used for the first pass through the procedure "sum-up-eclipse" in order to calculate the minimum time needed for all the exposures in the total phase.

The procedure "normalize-timing" is the main portion of the simulation program as it stands in listing 1. After some initialization dialog in listing 2, the procedure "alloc-exposures" is used to assign an equal number of exposures to each diamond ring sequence (second contact and third contact) given the number of exposures during totality and the total number of exposures available in the bulk film cassette.

Then the procedure "preliminary-allocation" is used to total up the time requirements of the diamond ring exposures, totality exposures, and an arbitrary amount of slack time entered to allow a hand-coordinated cuing of the third contact diamond ring sequence. The margin Text continued on page 102

Listing 1: A Pascal eclipse interval-allocation program. This listing contains the first cut at a Pascal camera-control program for the 1980 solar eclipse. The program's name is "eclipsemonitor-simulation" in order to emphasize that the entire process is a conceptual simulation of an actual detailed sequence of events. At this stage in the design, most of the model details have been selected in order to produce a detailed time line specified by tables. The input parameters to the program are the number of exposures, the number of exposures during totality, the time expected for totality at the site of observation, and the time to be reserved at the end of totality for manual cuing of the second diamond ring/Baily's beads (so-called third contact) exposure sequence. Listings 2 and 3 were made photographically from the terminal during a run of the program. The program as shown here has the time allocation portion completed, with the details of the actual time line simulation represented by dummy procedures, which were written in late December 1979.

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PROGRAM eclipse_monitor_simulation#

CONST overhead_duration = 200 (alliseconds)) TYPE c seconds = INTEGER; alliseconds = INTEGER; absolute_time = RECORD units units : seconds; thousandths : milliseconds END = INTEGER: osures _exposure_detail = RECORD duration : milliseconds wait_after : milliseconds ENDS string_pointer = tSTRING; VAR : STRINGE 1283; : BODLEAN; crash_ahead Listing I continued on page 96

MORE CAPABILITIES THAN ANY OTHER PERSONAL COMPUTER UNDER \$1,000*

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Letters

Needed: Software and/or Computers in Rhodesia

In the Faculty of Engineering at the University of Rhodesia, we have a critical shortage of computing facilities, and we do not have the foreign currency or the monies to purchase even simple systems like the Apple II or Cromemco. We are therefore obliged to build our own microcomputer systems. Unfortunately, we do not have the necessary expertise at the University or in the country to write the necessary BASIC interpreters, assemblers, and editors to make our systems useful or suitable for teaching purposes. I would appreciate it if one of your readers could put me on to someone who could possible supply the BASIC interpreter and/or compiler; assembler, with loader if required; and a text editor for the Intel 8080 or 8085 microprocessors.

I have been through BYTE magazine, but no one seems to offer the above software in the form which we could adapt for our own homebrew computers, and, therefore, we would appreciate it if one of your readers could advise us of anyone who may be able to sell or donate such software to enable us to offer a more effective computer teaching facility.

W B Green Projects Engineer POB M P 167 Mount Pleasant Salisbury RHODESIA

The Bare Necessities

I enjoyed the article "Budget Building on a Bare Board" by Dan S Parker (October 1979 BYTE, page 206). As he points out, there are large savings in building up only the parts of a circuit board that are needed. For instance, I have built only one serial input/output (I/O) port (for my Teletype) from the two serial and four parallel ports available on the SSM IO-4 circuit board. I have also applied this technique to a Z80 processor board, an 8 K-byte memory board, an erasable programmable-read-only memory board, and a cassette interface board.

Mr Parker's article did not go on to

describe what you can do using these partially built-up boards. I am using the Integrand Research mainframe box, the SSM Monitor VI.0 (in the erasable programmable-read-only memory), and Palo Alto Tiny BASIC (Extended), which I typed into my system from the May 1976 and February 1977 issues of Dr Dobb's Journal of Computer Calisthenics and Orthodontia. This BASIC interpreter fits in only 2 K bytes of memory and is amazingly powerful.

I am writing a program to store a mailing list of 1000 names and addresses in main memory. The program should be able to add, delete, alphabetize, sort by ZIP code, and compress the list to free space from deleted entries. Just how far *can* one go without a floppy disk drive?

Readers of BYTE can obtain copies of the software I have written from me for either a small copying charge or in exchange for other software. I use the Intel hexadecimal checksum format on either paper tape or Kansas City cassette tape.

I have found that the Jade Serial/ Parallel/Cassette I/O board is not software-compatible with the SSM monitor, but it can be made so through a process that involves cutting conductor etches on the board. You must reverse the port address bits 0 and 7, invert the transmitter-buffer-empty signal, invert the read-data-available signal and move to bit 7, and cut the control bits for the universal asynchronous receiver/ transmitter (UART) from the data bus. Following this, you rewire these in the desired format.

Ralph Johnston 35 Groveland St Newton MA 02166

Biological Rhythms and Biased Data

Regarding the editorial "... Pseudoscience Done ..." (November 1979 BYTE, page 6): I totally agree with Carl Helmers' comments on the "science of biorhythms." At many times I have also been curious about the apparent cyclical nature of my physical and mental processes — such as, a few occasional nights of especially weird dreams; or several days of running slower and more painfully than usual (I run for exercise); days of great mental energy filled with

A growing line of tools to expand the Apple.

Tunce events in new openance process - continuous, single shot, frequency comparison, and pulse width comparison. Includes three 16-bit interval timers, plus flexible patch area for external interface. Programmable interrupts, on-board ROM, and much more.

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7710A Asynchronous Serial Interface. Conforming to RS-232-C A thru E 1978 standard, this card will drive a variety of serial devices such as CRT terminals, printers, paper tape devices, or communicate with any standard RS-232 device, including other computers. Full hand-shaking, and fully compatible with Apple PASCAL!

7470A 3% BCD A/D Converter. Converts a DC voltage to a BCD number for computerized monitoring and analysis. Typical inputs include DC inputs from temperature or pressure transducers. Single channel A/D, 400 ms per conversion.

7490A GPIB IEEE 489 Interfoce. A true implementation of the IEEE 488 standard — the standard protocol for instrumentation and test devices. Control and monitor test instruments such as digital voltmeters, plotters, function generators, or any other device using the IEEE 488.

7114A PROM Module. Permits the addition to or replacement of Apple II firmware without removing the Apple II ROMs. Available with on-board enable/disable toggle switch.

7500 A Wire Wrap Board. For prototyping your own designs.

7510A Solder Board.

7590A Extender Board.

7016A 16K Dynamic Memory Add-On.

Watch this space for new CCS products for the Apple. We've got some real surprises in the works. To find out more about the CCS product line, visit your local computer retailer. The CCS product line is available at over 250 locations nationally, including most that carry the Apple. Or circle the reader service number on this ad.

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We make components for the S-100 bus, the PET, and the TRS-80, too. We built our products to deliver hardnosed value to the OEM, and to the inventor who knows the best, at prices that are unbeaten.

To find out how much computer your Apple II can be, see things our way. Because for serious users with serious uses for the Apple, we've got the tools.



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great plans, etc. . . . But each time I think about "taking data" on these phenomena, I realize the strong possibility that such data would be biased by my expecting that cycles do exist. We know how powerful our subconcious minds are. I feel my subconcious mind is easily capable of keeping track of days and thus creating (or at least influencing) the very cyclical data I am searching for.

If this is the case, perhaps the data gathering would only be valid for someone who had never heard of biorhythms. Or, maybe the human-behavior guys can figure a way around the bias.

Anyway, thanks for a good magazine.

Sid G Knox 4621 South G St Oxnard CA 93030

Correspondence Regarding "Curve Fitting with Your Microcomputer"

"Curve Fitting with Your Microcomputer" (October 1979 BYTE, page 150) has resulted in interesting mail correspondence, some of which has enough general value to merit discussion in BYTE.

Several readers have requested information on reference books which relate to least-squares curve fitting in more than one dimension. I have yet to find a book which has a good, balanced discussion on this subject. Perhaps a reader has. One useful book is *Applied Regression Analysis*, by Norman Draper and Harry Smith (John Wiley and Sons, 1966). Another more detailed and complicated discussion appears in *Computational Geometry for Design and Manufacture*, by I D Faux and M J Pratt (John Wiley and Sons, 1979).

Dr Titus (of Tychon) has informed me of a convolution technique for leastsquares smoothing of equally spaced data. The mechanics of the method are very similar to those involved in nonrecursive digital filters, and reminiscent of Akima's approximation to the cubic spline fit. The reference Dr Titus supplied was "Smoothing and Differentiation of Data by Simplified Least-Squares Procedures," by A Savitsky and M J E Golay (Analytical Chemistry, volume 36, number 8, July 1964).

As a final note, it has been noted that program line 800 in listing 1 has an error in it. The correct statement is S =S/(I-3), instead of S = S/(I-1). This does not affect the curve fit or relative comparisons, but influences the printed value of the standard deviation by several percent.

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Like Pascal.

Apple II is one of the few personal computers that has it. And when you turn this page and feast your eyes on the many advantages this high level, general-purpose language has to offer, you'll see why that's very good news indeed.

When you've got it, flaunt it.

If you'd like to let the world know who speaks Pascal, here's how: Follow the dotted line and cut out the transfer image above.

Preheat iron (dry-wool setting) for 3 minutes. Slip garment on ironing board over scrap material. Remove wrinkles. Position transfer face down and pin edges to ironing board cover. Iron transfer slowly for one minute. If paper browns, iron is

too hot. Let transfer cool for one minute, then unpin and slowly pull transfer straight up. Results are best when t-shirt is at least 50% polyester.

Pascal by the package.

Our high-level, full feature Language System consists of a plug-in 16K RAM language card, five diskettes containing Pascal as well as Integer BASIC and Applesoft extended BASIC, plus seven manuals documenting the three languages.

The beauty of this Language System is that it speeds up execution and helps cut unwieldy software development jobs down to size. Also, because the languages are on diskette, loaded into RAM, you can quickly and economically take advantage of upgrades and new languages as they're introduced.

Pascal Apple's Pascal language takes full advantage of Apple high resolution and color graphics, analog input and sound generation capabilities. It turns the Apple into the lowest priced, highest powered Pascal system on the market. With Pascal, programs can be written, debugged and executed in just one-third the time required for equivalent BASIC programs. With just one-third the memory.

On top of that, Pascal is easy to understand, elegant and able to handle advanced applications. It allows one programmer to pick up where another left off with minimal chance of foul up.

Because Apple uses UCSD Pascal,[™] you get a complete software system: Editor, Assembler, Compiler, and File Handler. And because we adhere to the standard, your programs run on any UCSD Pascal system with minimum conversion. Which is really something an enthusiast can get enthusiastic about.

To be more specific.

The Apple II's specs are tempting enough without the Language System and Pascal. With them, they're downright irresistible. The text screen, a 24×40 -line window, can display an entire 80-column Pascal line, thanks to Apple's unique horizontal scrolling feature.

Characters are normal, inverse or flashing, 5x7, upper case. Full cursor control is standard.

Since Pascal runs on an Apple computer with 48K bytes of on-board RAM, the additional 16K bytes on the language card bring the total to a full 64K bytes.

And, Pascal runs on the new Apple II Plus. It features an Auto-Start ROM that boots the Disk II at power-on for turn-key operation. Applesoft extended BASIC is resident in ROM.

Standard color graphics (in the BASIC environment) offer 40h x 48v resolution, or 40h x 40v with 4 lines text, in fifteen colors. Black/white high resolution, bit-mapped graphics display 8K bytes of memory as a 280h x 192v image (140h x 192v in six colors).



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Ease into 16-Bit Computing: Get 16-Bit Performance from an 8-Bit Computer

Steve Ciarcia POB 582 Glastonbury CT 06033

Stopping for coffee at the local doughnut shop has become a morning ritual. I am quite capable of making coffee at home, but I am not what you would call a "morning person." Even though I have culinary talents that include the preparation of eggs Benedict and strawberry crepes, it had better be evening when you request them around our house.

This morning started out like any other. I pulled my car into the doughnut shop's parking lot only after carefully examining all the potential hazards. I carefully avoided the broken glass, the beat-up 1962 Chevy and the large black van with a "Tax the Rich!" bumper sticker.

After entering the shop, I sat down and spread my reading material, the latest issue of BYTE, on the counter. As my coffee and bran muffin were delivered, I could not help but overhear the conversation of two other people at the counter.

"Dave, have you been reading any of the magazines lately? It looks like everyone is going 16-bit crazy."

"I've read a lot of descriptive articles, but I suppose it'll take a while before we see any real hardware."

"Actually, I'm a little hesitant to just jump on the bandwagon. My 8085 works just fine."

"I know what you mean, Ed. The Z80 system I built from scratch is still cranking along. I'd like to do something with the 16-bit chips, but I sure don't want to throw out my 8-bit system."

"What about building a small system to experiment with? Didn't I see an article a few months ago on a single-board 8086?"

"Yeah, I remember. It was in BYTE. Wasn't it written by that guy who lives around here someplace, in his cellar or something?"

Upon hearing that last statement, I nearly choked on my muffin. I thought it would be prudent to remain anonymous until I learned whether or not they enjoyed the article. I carefully closed the magazine and placed it face down on the counter.

One way to ease yourself into the world of 16-bit computers is with the Intel 8088. This microprocessor is an 8086 on the inside with an 8-bit data bus on the outside.

"Maybe, but anyway, the article wasn't too bad," said Ed. I'm sure they didn't hear the sign of relief from across the counter. Then he continued, "But it just seemed like a larger computer than I have time to build. It's obviously oriented toward guys who don't have any other development system. I'd prefer a minimal hardware configuration to start with. If I want large programs, I'll run a macroassembler on my 8085 system, write the object code into an EPROM, and then plug it into the test board."

"Eliminating all the keys and displays will help, but how small a computer can we end up with and still be 16-bit? You'll need 16-bit address and data buses, and what's 1 K words of memory—four chips? All the EPROMs I know are 8-bit output. That means at least two of them."

"Wait a minute," said Ed. "I didn't say I had all the answers. The minimal configuration may be twenty chips, but isn't this closer to something we could afford to experiment with?"

This was the perfect opportunity to express my point of view concerning the things that I write and consult about. "Excuse me," I said. "I couldn't help but overhear your conversation. Had you considered using an 8088?"

The two young men looked up at me, paused, and harmonized, "An 80 what?"

"I know a little about microprocessors. Have you considered using an Intel 8088?" "Is it 16-bit?" asked Dave.

"Well, yes and no," I replied. "It uses an 8-bit data bus, but, internally it's an 8086. Essentially it's an 8-bit chip that's completely 8086-softwarecompatible."

Should they listen to this doughnut and coffee philosopher? "That sounds tremendous, but won't it still require quite a few chips to make an operational computer?"

I sensed that this was a good time for my exit. Staying any longer would involve my designing a computer for them on the back of a napkin. Ordinarily I probably would have stayed, but I had just completed a similar task in my latest article, so I decided to let them wait a few more weeks. I rose to leave, carefully rolling up the copy of BYTE, cover page inside, and stopped behind them on my way out. 'My recollection is that while four chips is a possibility, a five-chip computer is quite a reality. I've even seen how a BASIC interpreter could be written to run on it. In case you're interested, the next issue of BYTE has an article all about it."

I excused myself to attend an

important meeting. As I opened the door I heard, "Thanks, I'll look forward to reading it." They watched me intently as I drove out. I could only speculate on their final conversation.

The 16-Bit Generation

The exciting items in microcomputing these days are the 16-bit microprocessors made by companies such as Intel (the 8086), Zilog (the Z8000) and Motorola (the M68000). All of these devices, although they differ in internal architectures, commonly claim to have compressed the power of a minicomputer within a single chip of silicon. Most notably are the 16-bit data bus and increased addressing space. A 20-bit address can directly address a megabyte of memory.

There seems to be little doubt in the minds of microcomputer-system designers that the 16-bit processors are the wave of the future. Already some major manufacturers are designing the new processors into intelligent terminals, word-processing systems, and other equipment. The day when this revolution within a



revolution will affect the personal and small-business computer marketplace is not too far away.

But if it is obvious that the 16-bit machines will be the trend of future product technology, it is equally obvious that it is relatively difficult for the designer to make a leap from the 8-bit world of the 8080, Z80, 6800 and 6502 to the emerging 16-bit world. The 16-bit instruction sets are more complex. The 8086, for instance, has a repertoire of some 133 instructions, as compared to seventyeight for the 8080. Simply because of the larger range of memory that can be addressed and because of address segmentation, addressing of memory is more advanced. Also, the register set is more complicated, and the types of operands with which the processor can work are more extensive.

As complex as the 8086 or any other 16-bit microprocessor is from a software viewpoint, it is in the design of hardware circuits to work with the 16-bit processors where the real complexities arise. Peripheral interfaces and existing hardware systems are generally based on an 8-bit data bus. When your whole design is built to make efficient use of an 8-bit data bus, converting to a 16-bit architecture is not a simple matter of replacing the processor. This incompatibility dictates substantial design changes to take advantage of the new 16-bit microprocessor.

A Gradual Approach to 16-Bit Computing

There is an alternative to converting abruptly to 16-bit architecture. Look at photo 1 and observe the Intel 8088 microprocessor. This device uses an 8-bit data bus, so all of your present hardware system components will work with it from the standpoint of getting information between the processor and the peripheral-support devices or memory, but the 8088 features a common internal architecture and complete software compatibility with the 16-bit 8086 processor.

As a result, the 8088 provides an excellent way for designers, engineers, hobbyists, and students to ease into the world of 16-bit computing. Its 8-bit-compatible bus structure makes it the logical choice for upgrading 6800, 6502, Z80 and 8080 designs to 16-bit capability without

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Photo 1: An exhibit of advancing microprocessor technology. Here are four integrated circuits produced by Intel Corporation. From bottom to top, we have the 8008, the first 8-bit general-purpose microprocessor; the 8080A, one of the breed of 8-bit devices that helped ignite the microcomputing boom; the 8086, the advanced 16-bit processor; and the 8088, the subject of this article—a component that contains 16-bit computing capability in a package that can communicate with the outside world through an 8-bit data bus.

alteration of existing 8-bit hardware.

The 8088 can be used in projects such as a low-cost system that employs multiplexed peripherals such as the 8155, 8755A and 8185. Or, fully expanded, it forms a system that allows a full megabyte of address space and compatibility with the 8086 family of coprocessors and multiprocessors.

This two-part article is designed to give you a glimpse of the 8088. This month in Part 1, I shall attempt to familiarize you with the instruction set of the 8088 and the hardware of a microcomputer that is made from an 8088 and only four other integrated circuits. The power of this five-chip circuit will be emphasized by illustrating, among other examples, how it can be configured to support a multi-user Tiny BASIC.

Architecture of the 8088

Anyone comparing the internal architectures of the 8088 and the 8086 processors will realize that they are

Photo 2: An exhibit of advancing memory technology. The single black integrated circuit at the center can replace the entire board of components. The center component is the Intel 8185 1 K-byte static programmable memory. The board is a 1 K-byte memory board from a Scelbi 8B microcomputer system, which used the 8008 microprocessor (circa 1975).



Photo 3: Using the 8088 and other components of kindred technology, it is possible to build a functional microcomputer system with only five integrated circuits. Part 2 of this article (in the April 1980 BYTE) will present more detailed information about this system.

identical. Even though I have previously discussed the 8086, a brief explanation of this architecture is necessary since the capabilities of our five-chip computer depend directly upon it. However, if you wish to read a more detailed description, you should refer to a previous Circuit Cellar article, "The Intel 8086" (November 1979 BYTE, page 14).

A diagram of the internal structure of the 8088 is shown in figure 1. The 8088 contains two logical "units", the bus-interface unit (BIU) and the execution unit (EU), and a 4-byte instruction queue.

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Figure 1: Diagram showing internal operational principles of the 8088 microprocessor. The 8088 (and the 8086) use a pipelined architecture that increases performance by overlapping instruction execution with memory-fetch operations. The 8088 can directly execute any 8086 software.

8088 REGISTER MODEL: (8080 REGISTERS SHADED)





The execution unit is where the actual processing of data takes place inside the 8088. It is here that the familiar arithmetic logic unit (ALU) is located, along with the registers used to manipulate data, store intermediate results, and keep track of the stack. The execution unit accepts instructions that have been fetched by the bus-interface unit, processes the instructions, and returns operand addresses to the bus-interface unit. The EU also receives memory operands through the bus-interface unit, processes the operands, and then passes them back to the bus-interface unit for storage in memory.

The role of the bus-interface unit is to maximize bus-bandwidth utilization, (that is, to speed things up by making sure that the bus is used to its full capacity). The bus-interface unit carries out this assignment in two basic ways:

- by fetching instructions *before* they are needed by the execution unit, storing them in the instruction queue
- by taking care of all operand fetch and store operations, address relocation, and bus control (These actions of the bus-interface unit leave the execution unit free to concentrate on processing data and carrying out instructions.)

Figure 2 summarizes the 8088 register set. The shaded registers are the 8080 register subset, that is, the registers that are common to the 8088 and its 8-bit predecessors.

The general registers, also called the HL group because they can be subdivided into High and Low bytes, include the accumulator (AX), base (BX), count (CX) and data (DX) registers. The AX register may be addressed as a 16-bit register, AX, or the high-order byte can be addressed as the register AH and the low-order byte as AL. The same holds true of the other three general registers (BX, CX, and DX).

Another group of registers is the pointer and index (or P and I) group. This set contains the stack pointer (SP), base pointer (BP), source index (SI), and destination index (DI)



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Figure 3: Memory organization. The 8088 uses a memory-segmentation technique to address up to 1,048,576 bytes (1 M byte) of memory. The user can use attributes of the memory-addressing system to dynamically relocate a program anywhere within the entire address space.

registers. Generally speaking, these registers hold offset addresses used for addressing within a segment of memory. They can also participate, along with the general register group, in arithmetic and logical operations of the 8088.

The 8088 uses memory segmentation to address this large memory space efficiently. At any one time, the 8088 can deal with memory as a set of four 64 K-byte segments. The total memory is organized as a linear array of 1,048,576 bytes, addressed as hexadecimal 00000 to hexadecimal FFFFF. The 8088 creates a 20-bit address by combining a 16-bit offset and a segment boundary value stored in one of the segment registers. Figure 3 demonstrates how this works.

Each of the 16-bit-segment registers, the code segment (CS) register, the stack segment (SS) register, the data segment (DS) register, and the extra data segment (ES) register, contains a value that is added to a 16-bit offset address, forming a 20-bit address. The memory is thus divided into a maximum of four 64 K-byte segments that are active at any single time. The *code segment* of memory is where instructions are stored, the *stack segment* of memory is where the pushdown stack is located, the *data segment* is where data to be operated on is found in memory, and the *extra segment* is an additional 64 K-byte data area.

When fetching an instruction from memory, the location accessed is given by a 20-bit address that is the sum of two numbers. The first number is the value of the 16-bit instruction pointer. The second number is a 20-bit value that is the 16-bit code-segment register with four low-order zero bits appended. This forms the 20-bit address required to specify any location in the megabytesized address space.

In the case of a memory-reference operation for a transfer of data, the absolute memory address referenced by a given memory-access instruction is calculated by adding the given 16-bit address to the base address. The base address is given by the contents of the data-segment or extrasegment register and is followed by four low-order zero bits.

In the case of a stack operation, the memory location referenced is similarly offset from the value contained in the stack-segment register.

The 8088 has both relative and absolute branch instructions. When all branch instructions within a given segment of memory are specified in relation to the instruction pointer and the program segment does not modify the value of the code-segment register, the program segment can be relocated dynamically anywhere within the megabyte address space. A program is relocated in the 8088 simply by moving the code, updating the value of the code-segment register, and resuming execution.

Small System Applications

The 8088 can be used in a broad range of applications, from systems requiring use of a minimum number of components to systems requiring maximum performance. The component-count-sensitive applications include point-of-sale terminals and simple controllers, which require that system cost be kept low, but need substantial processing power. A big reason for this design flexibility is the ability of the 8088 to operate in a minimum-hardware mode.

The minimum-mode, multiplexed configuration, as shown in figure 4, is an effective way of building a powerful system around the 8088, while using the smallest number of parts. The processor is connected in the minimum mode by wiring its Mn/Mx pin in the high-logic state (at V_{ec} potential). The multiplexed bus is directly compatible with the Intel 8085A-family peripheral components (8155, 8355, 8755A, and the new 8185).

A four-chip system can be designed using the following components: an 8088 microprocessor; an 8284 clock generator; an 8155 memory, input/ output (I/O), and timer device; and an 8755A EPROM and I/O device. A fifth component, the 8185, is a simple



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Figure 4: When used in the minimum mode (MN/\overline{MX} line held high), the 8088 interfaces directly with the multiplexed address and data components in the 8085A-support family to form a functional microcomputer system using only five integrated circuits. Detailed information concerning this circuit will be given in Part 2.

addition to the system and provides an extra 1 K bytes of user memory.

In the minimum-mode configuration, the 8088 provides all necessary bus-control signals, including \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , IO/ \overline{M} and ALE. It further provides HOLD and HLDA (holdacknowledge) signals to allow directmemory-access (DMA) data transfer, INT and INTA to interface the 8259A interrupt controller, and DEN and DT/ \overline{R} to control transceivers on the data bus.

The power of the 8088 can be extended in large-system applications by wiring it into the maximum-mode configuration. However, a discussion of maximum-mode features is beyond the scope of this article.

The 8088 Instruction Set

A complete discussion of the 8088's instruction set is also beyond the scope of this article. Rather than attempt it, I shall concentrate on some specific features of the 8088 instruction set that facilitate the specific application discussed next month in Part 2 of this article. These features include extended arithmetic instructions, direct use of ASCIIencoded data, multiprocessing features, string-manipulation instructions, and table-translating aids. The 8088 instruction set includes singleinstruction multiplication and division instructions, along with five different types of addition and seven types of subtraction operations.

These multiply and divide instructions greatly facilitate "number crunching." This numerical ability saves much time in such applications as data sampling, signal processing, and scientific calculation. Not only are fewer machine instructions needed to perform a given task, with corresponding savings in memory usage and execution time, but the versatility of the instructions and the *Text continued on page 30*



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Listing 1: An example of the efficiency of the 8088 and 8086 instruction set. This short routine accepts input of five values from an input port, and then calculates and sends a running-average value to an output port. Compare this listing with listing 2.

| | XOR MOV | BX, BX CX, 5 | ;CLR BX ; Set loop counter |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Average | INC IN ADD MOV | BL AL, Port # BH, AL AL, BH | ;Increment data counter ;Input data ;Update running total |
| | DIV | BL | ;Divide running total by ;data counter. |
| | OUT | Port #, AL | ;Output running average. |
| | LOOP | Average | ;Return unless fifth pass ;is completed. |
| | HLT | | |
| | | | |

Listing 2: A routine that performs the same task as the routine given in listing 1. This code, however, was written for the older 8080 processor. As you can see, it is longer and more tedious to write.

| | MVI MVI | H,00 E,00 | ;Clear H register ;Clear E register |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Average | INR | E | ;Increment data counter |
| | MOV IN ADD | C, H Â, Port ∦ H | ;Input data ;Add data to running total |
| Divide | XRA MOV MOV MVI | A B, A L, A C, 80 | ;Clear accumulator ;Clear B register ;Clear L register ;Initialize bit counter |
| Loop | MOV RAL MOV RAL MOV | A, C C, A A, B B, A | ;Shift B and C as ;a 16-bit unit— ;one bit left |
| | CMP JC SUB MOV MOV ORA | E Next B, A A, D L | ;Compare data ;counter (divisor) with ;dividend; if divisor is larger, ;bypass subtract. ;Divisor is smaller; subtract. ;Set current bit of ;L to 1 |
| Next | MOV RRC JNC MOV | L, A A, D Loop A, L | ;Shift D right and check carry ;If no carry, return for next bit ;Outport running average |
| | OUT MVI CMP JNZ HLT | Output # A, 05 E Average | ;Return unless fifth pass is ;completed. |

Text continued from page 26

ability of the 8088 to deal with several types of data remove the usual necessity of handling messy conversions from one type of data representation to another and back again.

Two program listings demonstrate the saving of effort. Listing 1 gives the 8088 code for the skeleton of a subroutine that accepts data from a specified input port and calculates a running average of the values entered. The same subroutine section coded for the older 8080 microprocessor is shown in listing 2.

Direct Use of ASCII and Decimal Data

The direct use of unpacked binarycoded decimal (BCD) or ASCIIencoded data in a microcomputer has a number of obvious advantages. Since many I/O devices present data to the processor in American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) format and expect responses in the same format, microcomputer-system designers have for years faced the necessity of putting their input and output through a translation process (usually involving a table look-up operation) before processing the input or responding with output.

With the 8088's instruction set, such manipulation is no longer necessary. All four mathematical instruction types (add, subtract, multiply, and divide) provide for ASCII adjustment of the accumulator contents by a single instruction. This feature is obviously of great use in everyday microprocessor applications. Equally interesting (and useful) are the two instructions that adjust the results of addition and subtraction to packed decimal form.

Table-Translating Aid

Despite the availability of single instructions to convert accumulator contents from one type of data representation to another, it may still be necessary from time to time to translate data by means of the traditional look-up table. This might, for example, be necessary if the data is being received or transmitted in EBCDIC (Extended Binary-Coded-Decimal Interchange Code) rather than in ASCII form.

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| | MON | OT PREF | Comments in the sector state of EBCDIC P. (| | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | MOV | SI, PPPE | ; Source index register contains start of EBCDIC Buffer | | | | | | | |
| | NON | BX, 0100 | ; B register points to translate table | | | | | | | |
| | MOV | DI, ASCBUF | ; Destination index points to ASCII buffer | | | | | | | |
| | MOV | CX, 528 | ; C register contains length of buffer | | | | | | | |
| NEXT: | CLD | | | | | | | | | |
| | JCXZ | EMPTY | ; Skip if input buffer empty | | | | | | | |
| | LODS | EBOBUF | : Get next EBCDIC character | | | | | | | |
| | XLAT | TABLE | : Translate to ASCII | | | | | | | |
| | STOS | ASCBUF | : Transfer ASCII character to buffer | | | | | | | |
| | CMP | AL. EOT | : Test for EOT character | | | | | | | |
| | LOOPNE | NEXT | : Continue if no EOT received (CX decrements first) | | | | | | | |
| | | | , | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | | |
| ELOTY. | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPII: | (rogram continues) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

The XLAT (ie: translate) instruction allows the user to define a 256-byte table of correspondence and then to reference any point in the table very easily. The base address of the table is placed in the BX register and the index (ie: table position) is stored in the accumulator. Then the single instruction code XLAT is used to refer to the proper point in the table, pick out the translation, and store the result in the accumulator.

This is useful particularly when data that has been entered from a port comes into the accumulator for disposition or transfer. If you are dealing with a stream of incoming characters in EBCDIC format, for example, the translation proceeds thusly. You begin by storing the beginning memory address of your 256-byte translation table in the BX register. If you set up the table so that the base address of the table corresponds to an incoming EBCDIC value of 00, the next address to an incoming value of 01, etc, all you must do is simply accept a byte of data and execute the XLAT instruction.

This simple procedure lets us obtain the correct translation of that byte into the proper format for handling by the 8088 or some other processor. A MOV instruction will then store the result of translation until it is needed; the translation process can then be repeated with the next incoming byte. Setting up the necessary instruction sequence requires one instruction: a MOV to the BX register of the base address of the table. The loop for handling the translation requires only three basic instructions: the input instruction, XLAT, and MOV.

String-Manipulation Instructions

Since typical computer applications often deal with strings of characters consisting of letters, numbers, and special symbols, easyto-use string-manipulation instructions are a welcome enhancement to 8-bit processors. The 8088 addresses this need by providing five powerful primitive string operators that may be preceded by a single-byte repetition prefix.

For a byte-for-byte or word-forword comparison of two data strings (as you might use in verifying the accuracy of data loaded into memory from a mass-storage device, for example), the 8088 offers the CMPS instruction. This also allows termination of a program segment upon occurrence of a predetermined equality or inequality condition, as well as automatic incrementing or decrementing.

You can scan through a string of data for an occurrence or for an absence of occurrence of a specific string or character by using the SCAS instruction. This operation subtracts the byte or word operand in memory (or elsewhere) from the accumulator and changes the logic state of the flags; it does not, however, return a result. Again, decrementing or incrementing is automatic.

The STOS instruction allows you to fill a string of arbitrary length with a single value (eg: a string of zeros or nulls for a floppy disk initialization routine), once more with automatic incrementing or decrementing of a predetermined count.

Putting Some Things Together

Let's take a quick look at a small but powerful example that employs both the string manipulation and the XLAT instructions to solve a very practical problem.

You are designing an input routine that must translate a buffer filled with EBCDIC characters into ASCII form, continuing the transfer until one of several possible EBCDIC characters is received. The transferred ASCII string should be terminated with an EOT (end-of-transmission, hexadecimal value 04) character. Assume that the buffer starts at hexadecimal memory location FFFE, the table to translate the EBCDIC form to ASCII begins at hexadecimal location 0100 and the CX register is to contain a value giving the length of the buffer containing EBCDIC characters. The buffer may, of course, be empty.

The small 8088 program segment shown in listing 3 accomplishes this task in a small number of instructions and handles a great deal of overhead work with little effort or concern on the part of the system designer and programmer.

By now you should have an understanding of the power of the 8088 microprocessor. Even in a minimalmode, five-component circuit, our little computer will have the following attributes:

- 5 MHz 8088 8-bit processor (completely 8086 software-compatible)
- 1280 bytes of static user memory
- 2048 bytes of erasable, programmable read-only memory (EPROM)
- 38 parallel I/O lines
- a 14-bit counter/timer
- power-on reset and nonmaskable interrupt.

Next month, in Part 2, we will deal with some key features of the 8088 which make it particularly suited to multiprocessing situations. We will investigate the operating system of a multi-user, Tiny BASIC language system on our minimal-configuration computer.

These figures are provided through the courtesy of Intel Corporation.
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Electron Behavior in a Chemical Bond

Michael Liebl, OSB Mount Michael High School Elkhorn NB 68022

Years spent subconsciously gathering and sifting data in our daily lives gives each of us a common sense intuition for the laws of nature. But our intuitive understanding of how nature works often fails when we explore worlds beyond the realm of common experience. In the submicroscopic world of atoms and molecules, matter exhibits unexpected behavior attributable to its dual nature as particle and wave. Scientists interpret this world with the aid of quantum mechanics, a discipline that more often than not involves long and complicated mathematical operations.

The computer, by virtue of the ease and speed with which it handles such operations, has become an invaluable tool in the quantum-mechanical study of atoms and molecules. This article describes a program written in BASIC which allows anyone with an elementary understanding of quantum mechanics to investigate the behavior of an electron in the bond formed between two atoms in a diatomic molecule.

Electronic Potential Well

A chemical bond is the result of attractive, electric interaction between the atoms' electrons which are negatively charged and the nuclei which are positively charged. Opposite charges attract; like charges repel. In the vicinity of the nucleus of an atom, an electron feels an attractive force. The environment in which the electron is subject to this force is described as a *potential*. A rectangular *potential well*, as shown in figure 1, is an approximate model of the relation between an electron and its nucleus. The depth of this rectangular well determines the extent to which the electron is confined to the region about the nucleus. If the well is deep, it is difficult for the electron to cross the boundaries of the high walls. If, on the other hand, the well is shallow, then it is relatively easy for the electron to escape the nucleus.

A molecular bond can form when two atoms exchange or share an electron. For example, table salt is composed of two elements, sodium, an alkali metal, and chlorine, a halogen. Sodium, like all alkalis, can arrive at a stable electronic configuration by giving away one of its electrons to form a positively charged sodium ion. This element has a shallow





potential well. Chlorine, like all halogens, can arrive at a stable electronic configuration by accepting an extra electron to form a negatively charged chloride ion. Chlorine has a *deep* potential well.

A bond can form between a sodium atom and a chlorine atom, and between any alkali and any halogen, when the former donates an electron to the latter. The result is a molecule, the positively charged sodium ion bound to the negatively charged chloride ion. We will use the potential well model to study different elements and the bonds that they make.

No two elements are exactly alike either in their ability to receive or in their ability to donate an electron. Thus the behavior of the electron in a chemical bond depends upon certain properties of the two elements involved. To determine the depth of the rectangular potential well for a given element, we will refer to two characteristic properties of the elements: ionization potential and electron affinity.

lonization potential is a measure of the amount of energy required to remove an electron from a neutral atom of some element X: $X \rightarrow X^* + e^-$. For alkalis this number is small, for halogens large. *Electron affinity* is a measure of the amount of energy released when a neutral atom acquires an extra electron: $X + e^- \rightarrow X^-$. For alkalis this number is 0, for halogens the number is large. (For values of ionization potentials and

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electron affinities see the Handbook of Chemistry and Physics published by the Chemical Rubber Company.) The depth of the potential well of any element, that is, its ability to hold on to an electron, can be estimated by averaging the element's ionization potential and electron affinity.

Composite Potential Model

When two atoms form a diatomic molecule, each of the atoms brings its potential well to the bond. The electron exchanged or shared by the two atoms can be pictured as being confined to a composite rectangular well that consists of the two potential wells placed side by side, as shown in figure 2. Unless the two atoms are of the same element, one side of the composite well will be deeper than the other. The difference in height between the two levels of the well is the essential feature of the bond which determines how much time the electron spends in the vicinity of one atom's nucleus as compared to the other.

Because the *difference* in height is the crucial factor, the lower level of the potential well can always be

assigned as the origin on the potential axis of a Cartesian coordinate system. The upper level of the well is located at the point that represents the difference between the averages of the ionization energies and electron affinities of the two elements. Finally, it is also convenient to assume that the walls of the potential well at the endpoints of the bond are infinitely high. Given this assumption, it is impossible for the electron to escape the confines of the molecule. This potential model of the bond in a diatomic molecule simplifies the equations that describe the behavior of the electron in the bond.

Schrödinger Wave Equation

In 1926, Erwin Schrödinger formulated a differential equation to describe the behavior of a submicroscopic particle such as an electron. This equation incorporates both the particle and wave nature of the electron. Fundamentally, Schrödinger's equation is a restatement of the basic energy relation; the kinetic energy, $p^2/2m$ (derived from momentum and mass), plus the potential energy, V, yields the total energy, E,



of any particle:

$$p^2/2m + V = E$$

Schrödinger's equation takes the form:

$$\frac{-\hbar^2}{2m}\frac{d^2\psi}{dx^2}+V\psi=E\psi$$

for a single-dimension model.

In the equation, h is read as "h-bar," and stands for a value equal to Planck's constant divided by 2π . Planck's constant, h, is an empirically determined value equal to 6.6256 X 10⁻³⁴ Joule-seconds. The mass of the particle is shown as m. The Greek psi (ψ) is the notation for the wave function. In Schrödinger's formulation, the energy equation has been multiplied by a wave function, ψ , to account for the wave-like behavior of submicroscopic particles, and the square of the momentum has been replaced by the differential operator, $-\hbar^2 d^2/dx^2$.

When the Schrödinger equation is solved for a particular set of circumstances, called *boundary conditions*, it yields as a solution the form of ψ , the wave equation. ψ^2 gives the relative probability, for the conditions assumed, of finding the particle it describes at some point in space. It is known as the probability distribution function.

In our model, the depth of the rectangular potential well is a measure of the magnitude of the potential energy, V, which acts on the electron and affects its location. In a split-level well the deeper side exerts a greater force on the electron. Therefore we



Figure 2: When a diatomic molecule is formed, the relationship between the two atoms may be considered as a combination of two potential wells.

- m mass of an electron; 9,109 × 10⁻³¹ kilograms
- charge on an electron; 1.602 × 10⁻¹⁹ q Coulombs
- Planck's constant divided by 2π ; 0.658 × 10⁻¹⁵ electron-volt-seconds ħ
- momentum of the electron P
- length of chemical bond
- a Vo potential difference between
- elements
- Ε total energy of the electron
- A coefficient of the wave equation, ψ_{L} , for the left side of the potential well
- coefficient of the wave equation, ψ_{a} B for the right side of the potential well when E>V.
- coefficients of the wave equation. C.D $\psi_{\mathbf{r},u}$, for the right side of the potential well when $E < V_0$

Table 1: Symbols and constants that are used throughout this article.

would expect the probability distribution function, ψ^2 , to be skewed toward the deeper side of the well.

Two-Part Equation Solution

For the potential well pictured in figure 2, the Schrödinger equation is solved in two parts, corresponding to the lower or left side and to the upper or right side of the well. The potential in the left side of the well is equal to zero. The potential in the right side of the well is equal to the difference between the potentials of the two elements, V₀.

The wave-equation solution, ψ , must meet four requirements:

- At the left boundary of the well, the potential wall is infinitely high. There is no possibility for the electron to pass beyond this point. Therefore at x = -a, the value of the function ψ_L must be zero.
- Similarly, the wall at the right boundary is infinitely high. There is no possibility for the electron to pass beyond this point. Consequently at x = +a, ψ_R must also be equal to zero.
- We are studying a single electron. Although we attack the solution in two parts that correspond to the two sides of the potential well, a Text continued on page 44

Listing 1: BASIC program that solves the Schrödinger equation to simulate the behavior of an electron in a diatomic chemical bond. The program finds αa , βa , and γa in terms of V₀.

The correspondence of variables in the program to terms in the equations is as follows: A1 stands for αa ; B1 stands for βa ; G1 stands for ya; V0 stands for Vo.

10 REM PROFILE OF A CHEMICAL BOND IN A DIATOMIC MOLECULE 20 REM WRITTEN BY MICHAEL LIEBL 30 REM CALCULATION OF N AND VO 40 REM PROGRAM LINES 10-1000 50 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT 60 DIM S\$(10), R(10), IP(10), EA(10) 70 PRINT TAB(20); "-PROFILE OF A CHEMICAL BOND-" 30 PRINT THE ELECTRON DENSITY IN THE CHEMICAL BOND OF A DIATOMIC MOLECULE" 90 PRINT" 100 PRINT"DEPENDS UPON THE POTENTIAL DIFFERENCE (VO) BETWEEN THE TWO ELEMENTS" 110 PRINT "WHICH ARE BOUND TOGETHER AND UPON THE LENGTH OF THE BOND (A). THE" 120 PRINT"AVERAGE OF THE IONIZATION ENERGY AND THE ELECTRON AFFINITY OF AN" 130 PRINT"ELEMENT OFFERS A MEASURE OF THE POTENTIAL OF THE ELEMENT." 140 PRINT THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A PROFILE OF A CHEMICAL BOND BASED" 150 PRINT" FROM THE LIST OF ELEMENTS BELOW, SELECT TWO" 160 PRINT"UPON THIS INFORMATION. 170 PRINT"WHICH WILL MAKE UP THE MOLECULE. ENTER THE SYMBOLS FOR THESE" 180 PRINT"ELEMENTS AT THE REQUEST OF THE PROGRAM." **190 PRINT : PRINT** 195 F=0 H" 200 PRINT TAB(10) "HYDROGEN -F" 210 PRINT TAB(10)"LITHIUM -Li"; TAB(40) "FLOURINE 220 PRINT TAB(10)"SODIUM C1 " Na"; TAB(40) "CHLORINE -Br" 230 PRINT TAB(10) "POTASSIUM -K"; TAB(40) "BROMINE I " 240 PRINT TAB(10)"RUBIDIUM Rb";TAB(40)"IODINE -250 PRINT TAB(10)"CESIUM Cs" 260 PRINT 270 PRINT 280 INPUT"ENTER ELEMENT NUMBER ONE -- ";A\$ 290 FOR I=1 TO 10 300 READ S#(1), R(I), JP(1), EA(1) 310 IF S\$(I) CA\$ THEN NEXT I 320 IF 1<>11 THEN 350 330 GOSUB 800 340 GOTO 280 350 RESTORE 360 INPUT"ENTER ELEMENT NUMBER TWO - ";A\$ 370 FOR J≂1 TO 10 380 READ \$\$(J),R(J),IP(J),EA(J) 390 IF S\$(J)<>A\$ THEN NEXT J 400 IF J<>11 THEN 430 Listing 1 continued on page 38

Listing I continued: 410 GOSUB 800 420 GOTO 360 430 RESTORE 440 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT 450 M=9.109E-31 460 Q9=1.602E-19 470 H=0.658E-15 480 A=(R(I)+R(J))*1E-10 490 V1=(IP(I)+EA(I))/2 500 V2=(IP(J)+EA(J))/2 510 V0=V2-V1 520 IF VO<0 THEN VO=-VO 530 N=SQR(2*M*V0/Q9)*A/H 540 N2=N^2 550 PRINT"VO = "; 560 PRINT USING"##.####"; VO 570 PRINT" N = "; 580 PRINT USING"##.####";N 590 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT 600 INPUT "WHEN READY TO CONTINUE TYPE & CARRIAGE RETURN. "; A\$ 610 GOTO 1010 **EOO REM SYMBOL ENTRY ERROR** TN189 018 820 PRINT "THE CHEMICAL SYMBOL ENTERED DOES NOT MATCH ANY IN THE FILE. CHECK" 830 PRINT" THE LIST AND TRY AGAIN. " 840 PRINT 850 RESTORE 860 RETURN 900 REM DATA FILE 910 DATA H, 1.54, 13.595, 0.80 920 DATA Li, 0.68, 5.39, 0 930 DATA Na, 0.97, 5.138, 0 940 DATA K, 1.33, 4.339, 0 950 DATA Rb, 1.47, 4.176, 0 960 DATA Cs, 1.67, 3.893, 0 970 DATA F, 1.33, 17.418, 3.448 980 DATA CI, 1.81, 13.01, 3.613 990 DATA Br, 1.96, 11.84, 3.363 1000 DATA 1, 2,20, 10.454, 3.063 1010 REM CALCULATION OF A1 AND B1 OR G1, LINES 1010-1780 1020 PRINT 1030 PRINT"GRAPHICAL SOLUTION OF" 1040 PRINT"TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATION" 1050 PRINT 1060 PRINT TAB(6); "-30"; TAB(36); "0"; TAB(64); "+30" 1070 FOR A=1 TO 60 1080 PRINT TAB(A+6); "--"; 1090 NEXT A 1100 PRINT 1110 PRINT " -A1-"; TAB(36); "!" 1120 FOR A1=.1 TO 3.2 STEP .1 1130 PRINT USING " #.##";A1; 1140 PRINT"--1"; 1150 A2=A1^2 1160 GOSUB 1530 1170 IF INT(Y1)=INT(Y2) THEN GOTO 1290 1180 IF Y2CY1 THEN GOTO 1240 1190 IF ABS(Y1)<=30 THEN PRINT TAB(36+Y1); "+"; 1200 IF ABS(Y2)<=30 THEN PRINT FAB(36+Y2); "*" ELSE GOTO 1220 1210 GOTO 1300 1220 PRINT"" 1230 GOTO 1300 1240 IF ABS(Y2)<=30 THEN PRINT TAB(36+Y2); "*"; 1250 IF ABS(Y1)<=30 THEN PRINT TAB(36+Y1); "+" ELSE GOTO 1270 1260 6010 1300

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Listing 1 continued: 1270 PRINT"" 1280 GOTO 1300 1290 PRINT TAB(36+Y1); "x" 1300 NEXT A1 1310 FOR A=1 TO 60 1320 FRINT TAB(6+A); "-"; 1330 NEXT / 1340 FOR A=1 TO 3 1350 PRINT 1360 NEXT 1370 PRINT"AT WHAT VALUE OF A1 DO THE LINES SEEM TO INTERSECT?" 1380 PRINT"A1= 11 2 1390 INPUT A1 1400 IF N=0 THEN A1=1.57079 1410 69=1000 1420 A1=A1+.0004 1430 A2=A1^2 1440 GOSUE 1530 1450 IF SKG9 THEN G9=S ELSE GOTO 1480 1460 IF A1=3.1416 THEN PRINT"DID NOT FIND POINT OF INTERSECTION" 1470 6010 1420 1480 PRINT 1490 PRINT"THE POINT OF INTERSECTION IS:" 1500 PRINT"A1= "; 1510 PRINT USING "##.###"; (A1-.0004) 1520 6010 1670 1530 REM SUBROUTINE FOR TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATION 1540 IF NOA1 THEN GOTO 1560 ELSE GOTO 1610 1550 REM PAIR OF EQUATIONS FOR NDA1 1560 Q1=SQR(N2-A2) 1570 Y1=Q1*SIN(A1)/(A1*COS(A1)) 1580 Y2=-(EXP(Q1)-EXP(-Q1))/(EXP(Q1)+EXP(-Q1)) 1590 S=(Y1-Y2)^2 1600 RETURN 1610 REM PAIR OF EQUATIONS FOR NEAL 1620 Q2=SQR(A2-N2) 1630 Y1=Q2*SIN(A1)/(A1*COS(A1)) 1640 Y2=-SIN(Q2)/COS(Q2) 1650 S=(Y1-Y2)^2 1660 RETURN 1670 REM END SEARCH 1680 A2=A1^2 1690 JF NDA1 THEN 02=N2-A2 ELSE B2=A2-N2 1.700 G1=SQR(G2) 1710 B1=SQR(B2) 1720 IF NKAL THEN GOTO 1760 1730 PRINT"G1= "; 1740 PRINT USING "##.####";G1 1750 GOTO 1780 1760 PRINT"B1= 11 9 1770 FRINT USING "##.####"; B1 1780 PRINT 2000 REM CALCULATION OF PSI 2010 PRINT" -- CALCULATION OF PSI-" 2020 PRINT 2030 REM CHOICE OF OUTPUT 2040 PRINT "DO YOU WANT OUTPUT AS TABLE OF VALUES (1) OR IN GRAPHICAL FORM (2)?" 2050 PRINT"ENTER A 1 OR 2" 2060 INPUT Z9 2070 JF Z9=1 THEN GOTO 2090 2080 IF Z9=2 THEN GOTO 2310 ELSE GOTO 2050 2090 REM TABLE OF VALUES 2100 PRINT TAB(9); "TABLE OF VALUES" 2110 PRINT TAB(8); "-----2120 PRINT



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[®]CP/M 2.0 is a registered trademark of Digital Research, and CBASIC II is a trademark of Software Systems. Listing 1 continued: 2130 PRINT TAB(4); "A"; TAB(17); "PSJ"; TAB(26); "(PSI)^2" 2140 FOR P=-16 TO 0 2150 GOSUB 2610 2160 GOSUB 2830 2170 NEXT P 2180 FOR P=1 TO 16 2190 GOSUB 2680 2200 GOSUB 2830 2210 NEXT P 2220 PRINT 2230 IF F=1 THEN 3000 2240 PRINT "WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE THE GRAPHICAL FORM?" 2250 PRINT"ENTER A YES OR NO" 2260 F=1 2270 INPUT A\$ 2280 JF A\$="YES" THEN GOTO 2310 2290 IF A\$="NO" THEN 3000 2300 GOTO 2250 2310 REM GRAPHICAL FORM 2320 PRINT 2330 PRINT TAB(9); "GRAPHICAL FORM" 2350 PRINT 2360 PRINT TAB(10);"(PSI)^2" 2370 PRINT 2380 FOR A=1 TO 50 2390 PRINT TAB(12+A);"_"; 2400 NEXT A 2410 PRINT 2420 FOR P=-16 TO 0 2430 GOSUB 2610 2440 GOSUB 2900 2450 NEXT P 2460 FOR P=1 TO 16 2470 GOSUB 2680 2480 GOSUB 2900 2490 NEXT P 2500 IF F=1 THEN 3000 2510 PRINI 2520 PRINT WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE THE TABLE OF VALUES?" 2530 PRINT"ENTER A YES OR NO" 2540 F=1 2550 INPUT A\$ 2560 JF A\$="YES" THEN GOTO 2090 2570 IF A\$="NO" THEN 3000 2580 GOTO 2530 2590 PR [N'T 2600 GOTO 3000 2610 REM SUBROUTINE FOR PSI FROM ~16 TO 0 2620 W=P/16 2630 X=W*A 2640 A9=1 2650 P1=A9*SIN(A1*(X+A)/A) 2660 P2=P1^2 2670 RETURN 2680 REM SUBROUTINE FOR PSI FROM 0 TO 16 2690 W=P/16 2700 X=W#A 2710 IF NOA1 THEN GOTO 2720 ELSE GOTO 2790 2720 D=A9*SIN(A1) 2730 C=-D*(EXP(G1)+EXP(-G1))/(EXP(G1)-EXP(-G1)) 2740 E5=EXP(G1*X/A) 2750 E6=EXP(-G1*X/A) 2760 P1=C*(E5-E6)/2+D*(E5+E6)/2 2770 P2=P1^2 Listing I continued on page 44

Listing I continued: 2780 GOTU 2820 2790 B=A9*SIN(A1)/SIN(B1) 2800 P1=B*SIN(B1*(A-X)/A) 2810 P2=P1^2 **2820 RETURN** 2830 REM SUBROUTINE FOR TABLE OF VALUES 2840 PRINT USING "##. ###"; W; 2850 PRINT TAB(14); 2860 PRINT USING " #.####";P1; 2870 PRINT TAB(26); 2880 PRINT USING " #.####";P2 **2890 RETURN** 2900 REM SUBROUTINE FOR GRAPHICAL FORM 2910 P9=INT(50*P2) 2920 PRINT TAB(5); 2930 PRINT USING"##. ###":W; 2940 PRINT "1"; 2950 FOR F9=0 TO P9 2960 IF F9+13<>13 THEN PRINT TAB(F9+13); "="; 2970 NEXT F9 2980 PRINT 2990 RETURN 3000 REM CONTINUE OR FINISH 3010 PRINT : PRINT 3020 PRINT WOULD YOU LIKE TO STUDY ANOTHER PAIR OF ELEMENTS?" 3030 PRINT"ENTER A YES OR NO." 3040 INPUT A\$ 3050 IF A\$="YES" THEN 190 3060 IF A\$<>"NO" THEN 3030 3070 END

Text continued from page 37:

single function, ψ , must describe a single particle. Thus at the junction of the two sides of the well, the solution for the left side must take on the same value as the solution for the right side:

 $\psi_L = \psi_R$ at x = 0

 In addition, the solutions for the left and the right sides must fit together smoothly at the junction of the two sides.

Mathematically, this fourth requirement is met if the first derivatives of the solutions for the left and the right sides of the well take on the same value at the junction:

$$\frac{d\psi_L}{dx} = \frac{d\psi_R}{dx}$$

. .

. .

at x = 0.

There is a further complication in the solution for the right side of the potential well. Two cases must be distinguished. The total energy of the electron, E, may be greater than the potential difference between the elements, V_0 , or E may be less than V_0 . According to classical theory, if Ewere less than V_0 , the electron would never be able to pass into the region of the bond that is represented by the upper level of the potential well. But such is not the case in quantum mechanics.

Because of the wave-like nature exhibited by submicroscopic particles, it is possible for an electron to enter an area where its total energy is less than the potential of that area. If E > V_0 , ψ_R is a sine function designated ψ_{R} , similar in form to the solution for the left side of the potential well. But if $E < V_0$, then ψ_R is a linear combination of hyperbolic functions designated $\psi_{R,H}$. The Schrödinger equation and these boundary conditions lead to the equations listed in table 2. The program in listing 1 portravs electron behavior in a chemical bond based on these equations.

Algorithm for Simulation

To simulate the behavior of the

electron in a chemical bond, the program executes the following steps:

- 1. determine the potential difference, V_0 , between the two elements that make up the molecule
- 2. determine the bond length, a
- 3. determine the parameter, n, which is a function of V_0 and a
- 4. determine αa (where α is equal to the momentum of the particle divided by \hbar when the particle is in the left, low side of the well) by solving the appropriate transcendental equation depending upon whether $E > V_0$ or $E < V_0$
- 5. determine βa or γa (where β and γ correspond to α , but for the right, high side of the well) depending upon whether $E > V_0$ or $E < V_0$
- 6. determine the coefficients B or C and D in terms of A depending upon whether $E > V_0$ or $E < V_0$
- 7. evaluate ψ_{z} and, depending upon whether $E > V_0$ or $E < V_0$, evaluate either $\psi_{R,i}$ or $\psi_{R,ii}$
- 8. list the values of ψ and ψ^2 in tabular form or display ψ^2 in graphical form



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 Table 2: Equations and definitions for solving Schrödinger's equation. The author is indebted to Lars Melander for the potential-well

 model described in this article and the equations listed in this table. For a complete description of the problem and its solution see

 Melander's article "Rectangular Box Model of the Polar Bond" in the Journal of Chemical Education, October 1972, pages 686 thru

 688. Melander's article was the inspiration for the program of listing 1.

$$\mathbf{A} \frac{d^2 \psi}{dx^2} = \frac{-2mE\psi}{n^2} = -\alpha^2 \psi ; \psi_x = A \sin(\alpha(x+a))$$

The Schrödinger equation and its solution for the left side of the potential well. The solution can be verified by differentiating ψ_z twice.

B i)
$$\frac{d^2\psi}{dx^2} = \frac{-2m(E - V_0)\psi}{dt^2} = -\beta^2\psi$$
; $\psi_{R,i} = B\sin(\beta(a - x))$ for $E > V_0$
ii) $\frac{d^2\psi}{dx^2} = \frac{2m(V_0 - E)\psi}{dt^2} = \gamma^2\psi$; $\psi_{R,ii} = C\sinh(\gamma x) + D\cosh(\gamma x)$

The Schrödinger equations and their solutions for the right side of the potential well. There are two possible solutions depending upon whether E is greater than or less than V_0 . The solutions can be verified by differentiating ψ_{π} twice.

$$C n^2 = \frac{2mV_0a^2}{m^2}$$

Definition of n, a parameter which is a function of V_0 and a. It is introduced for reasons of convenience.

D i) $\beta^2 a^2 = \alpha^2 a^2 - n^2$ for $E > V_0$ ii) $\gamma^2 a^2 = n^2 - \alpha^2 a^2$ for $E < V_0$

Identities that can be verified by combining the appropriate definitions from A, B and C.

$$\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{E} \quad \|\sqrt{\underline{\alpha^2 a^2 - \underline{n^2}}} \quad \tan(\alpha a) = -\tan(\sqrt{\underline{\alpha^2 a^2 - \underline{n^2}}}) \text{ for } E > V_0 \\ \\ \text{ii} \ \|\sqrt{\underline{n^2 - \underline{\alpha^2 a^2}}} \quad \tan(\alpha a) = -\tanh(\sqrt{\underline{n^2 - \underline{\alpha^2 a^2}}}) \text{ for } E < V_0 \end{array}$$

Pair of transcendental equations that derive from the boundary conditions. They determine the value of $\alpha \alpha$ given *n*. The equation used depends upon whether *E* is greater than or less than V₀.

Equations which define the coefficients of the solutions for the right side of the potential well in terms of the coefficient (amplitude), A, of the solution for the left side of the potential well. These equations also derive from the boundary conditions.

A small data file is created. The file contains a list of elements capable of forming a diatomic molecule by exchanging or sharing a single electron with another element. The file contains the following information: the chemical symbol of the element, its ionic radius, ionization potential, and electron affinity. [Note: The ionic radius of an element depends upon whether the molecule is a single unit, as in the gas phase, or whether it belongs to a larger group as in the crystalline or solid phase. The crystalline ionic radii used in this program may be found in the Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, Chemical Rubber Company, 18901 Cranwood Parkway, Cleveland OH 44128.]

The program lists the elements by

name and symbol after a short introduction. The operator enters the symbols for the two elements to be involved in the bond. The program determines potential energy, V_0 , and the bond length, a, then solves for and prints out the parameter, n. Then the product of the momentum and the bond length, αa , must be determined. If the diatomic molecule is in a state of lowest energy, the ground state, then αa must lie in the interval between 0 and π .

Theoretically, the best method of solving the appropriate transcendental equation for αa would be to evaluate each side of the equation separately for all values of αa between 0 and π , and find the point at which the two sides of the equation are equivalent. It is possible for a computer to find the correct value of αa by stepping αa from 0 to π in very small increments. In practice, this is far too time-consuming, especially on a small computer.

The program of listing 1 determines the value of αa in two stages. In the first stage, αa is increased from 0 to π by steps of 0.1. A graph of each side of the transcendental equation is plotted on the same axis. The point where the two lines generated by the two halves of the equation intersect gives a rough approximation to the proper value of αa . The operator then enters the value of αa immediately before the point of intersection. The program begins with this value of αa and increments it in steps of 0.0004. When



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the difference between the two sides of the transcendental equation (squared so that negative numbers are inconsequential) is a minimum, the program prints out the value of αa . Depending upon the relative size of αa and n, the program then evaluates and prints out either βa or γa .

Next the coefficients of the equations for the right side of the potential well are determined in terms of A, the amplitude of the wave equation for the left side of the potential well. The value of the coefficient A could be determined by normalization, making the probability that the electron is at some point between -a and +aequal to 1. In this program, the wave equation is left unnormalized.

The equations defining the relationship among these coefficients are the result of application of the boundary conditions. Finally, numerical values of ψ and ψ^2 can be determined. The program evaluates ψ for each side of the potential well at fractional intervals along the bond length according to the appropriate equation. The data is available to the operator either in tabular or in graphical form. As might be expected, the graphical form gives a better impression of how the electron behaves in the bond.

Characteristics of the Program

The program of listing 1 was written in AlphaBASIC to run on an AlphaMicro Systems AM-100 computer. The hyperbolic trigonometric functions, $\sinh(x)$ and $\cosh(x)$, do not appear in AlphaBASIC. But these functions can be defined in terms of

the natural exponential function, which appears in most versions of BASIC:

$$\sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$
$$\cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

In these equations, e is the base of the Napierian natural logarithm and has a value of approximately 2.71828. Otherwise there are no unusual statements or functions in the program. The processing of mathematical variables is carried out in floating-point notation with elevendigit accuracy.

The formatted output rounds off all results at the third decimal place. Text continued on page 56

Listing 2: A sample execution of the program of listing 1.

RUM CHMBNO

-PROFILE OF A CHEMICAL BOND-

THE ELECTRON DENSITY IN THE CHEMICAL BOND OF A DIATOMIC MOLECULE DEPENDS UPON THE POTENTIAL DIFFERENCE (VO) BETWEEN THE TWO ELEMENTS WHICH ARE BOUND TOGETHER AND UPON THE LENGTH OF THE BOND (A). THE AVERAGE OF THE IONIZATION ENERGY AND THE ELECTRON AFFINITY OF AN ELEMENT OFFERS A MEASURE OF THE POTENTIAL OF THE ELEMENT.

THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A PROFILE OF A CHEMICAL BOND BASED UPON THIS INFORMATION. FROM THE LIST OF ELEMENTS BELOW, SELECT TWO WHICH WILL MAKE UP THE MOLECULE. ENTER THE SYMBOLS FOR THESE ELEMENTS AT THE REQUEST OF THE PROGRAM.

| HYDROGEN | | п | | | |
|-----------|---|----|----------|---|----|
| LITHIUM | - | Li | FLOURINE | | F |
| SODIUM | | Na | CHLORINE | | C1 |
| POTASSIUM | - | к | BROMINE | | Br |
| RUBIDIUM | - | Rb | IODINE | - | 1 |
| CESIUM | - | Cs | | | |

ENTER ELEMENT NUMBER ONE - Na ENTER ELEMENT NUMBER TWO - C1

LIVE DOCUMENTS

V0 = 5.743N = 3.414

WHEN READY TO CONTINUE TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN.

. .

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Listing 2 continued:

| -30 | | 0 | | | +30 |
|--------|---|--------------|--------------|---|-----|
| | | | | | |
| 0.10-1 | | * | + | | |
| 0.20-1 | | * | + | | |
| 0.30-1 | | * | F | | |
| 0.40-1 | | * | + | | |
| 0.50-1 | | * | - - | | |
| 0.60-1 | | * | + | | |
| 0.70-1 | | * | F | | |
| 0.80-1 | | * | + | | |
| 0.90-1 | | * | -+ | | |
| 1.00-1 | | * | + | | |
| 1.10-1 | | * | ·ŀ· | | |
| 1.20-1 | | * | + | | |
| 1.30-1 | | * | ·I• | | |
| 1,40-1 | | * | | + | |
| 1.50-1 | | * | | | 4+ |
| 1.60-1 | | * | | | |
| 1.70-1 | + | * | | | |
| 1.80-1 | + | * | | | |
| 1.90-1 | | + * | | | |
| 2.00-1 | | + * | | | |
| 2.10-1 | | + * | | | |
| 2.20-1 | | ** | | | |
| 2.30-1 | | *** | | | |
| 2:40-1 | | × | | | |
| 2.50~1 | | \mathbb{N} | | | |
| 2.60-1 | | × | | | |
| 2.70-1 | | \times | | | |
| 2.80-1 | | × | | | |
| 2.90-1 | | \times | | | |
| 3.00-1 | | × | | | |
| 3.10-1 | | \sim | | | |
| 3.20-1 | | *+ | | | |
| | | | | | |

AT WHAT VALUE OF A1 DO THE LINES SEEM TO INTERSECT? A1 = 2.3

THE POINT OF INTERSECTION IS: A1 = 2.378G1 = 2.449

-CALCULATION OF PSI -

DO YOU WANT OUTPUT AS TABLE OF VALUES (1) OR IN GRAPHICAL FORM (2)? ENTER A 1 OR 2 ? 1

| T | A | ₽L | E | Û | F | V4 | ٩L | U | ES | |
|---|---|----|---|---|---|----|----|---|----|--|
| | - | | | - | | | | | | |

| A | PSI | (PSI)^2 |
|--------|-------|---------|
| -1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| -0.938 | 0.148 | 0.022 |
| -0.875 | 0.293 | 0.086 |
| -0.813 | 0.431 | 0.186 |
| -0.750 | 0.560 | 0.314 |
| -0.688 | 0.677 | 0,458 |
| -0.625 | 0.778 | 0.606 |
| -0.563 | 0.863 | 0.744 |
| -0.500 | 0.928 | 0.861 |
| | | |

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| -0.438 | 0.973 | 0.947 |
|--------|-------|-------|
| -0.375 | 0.996 | 0.993 |
| -0.313 | 0.998 | 0.996 |
| -0.250 | 0.977 | 0.955 |
| -0.188 | 0.935 | 0.875 |
| -0.125 | 0.872 | 0.761 |
| -0.063 | 0.790 | 0.625 |
| 0.000 | 0.691 | 0.477 |
| 0.063 | 0.591 | 0.350 |
| 0.125 | 0.506 | 0.256 |
| 0.188 | 0.432 | 0.186 |
| 0.250 | 0.368 | 0.135 |
| 0.313 | 0.313 | 0.098 |
| 0.375 | 0.265 | 0.070 |
| 0.438 | 0.223 | 0.050 |
| 0.500 | 0.187 | 0.035 |
| 0.563 | 0.155 | 0.024 |
| 0.625 | 0.127 | 0.016 |
| 0.688 | 0.101 | 0.010 |
| 0.750 | 0.078 | 0.006 |
| 0,813 | 0.057 | 0.003 |
| 0.875 | 0.037 | 0.001 |
| 0.938 | 0.018 | 0.000 |
| 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |

WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE THE GRAPHICAL FORM? ENTER A YES OR NO ? YES

.

GRAPHICAL FORM

(PSI)^2

-1.0001 -0.9381 -0.8751 -0.8131 אמי דיין עלי אין אנג אין אין אין אין אין -0.7501 --0.6881 -0.6251 -0.5631~0.5001 -0.4381 opposite the second s -0.3751 -0.3131 -0.2501-0.1881 -0.1251-0.0631 0.0001 0.0631 0.1251 0.1881 0.2501 0.3131 0.3751 -----0.4381 0.5001 -----0.5631 **#** # 0.6251 0.6881 0.7501 0.8131 0.8751 0.9381

1.0001



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Listing 2 continued: WOULD YOU LIKE TO STUDY ANOTHER PAIR OF ELEMENTS? ENTER A YES OR NO ? YES

| HYDROGEN | - | н | | | |
|-----------|---|----|----------|---|----|
| L1THIUM | | Li | FLOURINE | - | F |
| SODIUM | | Na | CHLORINE | - | CI |
| POTASSIUM | - | K | BROMINE | - | Br |
| RUBIDIUM | - | Rb | IODINE | - | 1 |
| CESIUM | - | Cs | | | |
| | | | | | |

ENTER ELEMENT NUMBER ONE - H ENTER ELEMENT NUMBER TWO - I

V0 = 0.439 N = 1.270

WHEN READY TO CONTINUE TYPE A CARRIAGE RETURN.

ORAPHICAL SOLUTION OF TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATION

| -30 | 0 | +30 |
|-----------|------------|--|
| -01- | | and with ever which with 6 th with 4 the draw rate (- h |
| 0,10-1 | * * | |
| 0.20-1 | * + | |
| 0.30.1 | * 1 | |
| 0.40-1 | * + | |
| 0.50-1 | * 1. | |
| 0.60-1 | * + | |
| 0.70-1 | * 1 | |
| 0.80-1 | * + | |
| 0.90-1 | * ► | |
| 1.00-1 | * + | |
| 1.10-1 | ¥ •I• | |
| 1.20-1 | ** | |
| 1.30-1 | *+ | |
| 1.40-1 | * 4 | |
| 1.50-1 | ¥ -+ | |
| 1.60-1 | 4. 8 | |
| 1.70-1 | + * | |
| 1.80-1 | × | |
| 1.90.1 | ¥ F | |
| 2.00-1 | + | |
| 2.10-1 | * * | |
| 2.20-1 | t• X | |
| 2.30-1 | F X | |
| 2.40-1 | 4 ¥ | |
| 2.50-1 | F 8 | |
| 2.60-1 | -1· -14 | |
| 2.70-1 | ·+ * | |
| 2.80-1 | + * | |
| 2.90-1 | + X | |
| 3,00-1 | +* | |
| 3.10-1 | * * | |
| -3. 2V" I | X | |

Listing 2 continued on page 56

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Thinker Toys

Listing 2 continued: AT WHAT VALUE OF A1 DO THE LINES SEEM TO INTERSECT? A1 = ? 1.70

> THE POINT OF INTERSECTION IS: A1 = 1.791 B1 = 1.264

-CALCULATION OF PSI-

DO YOU WANT OUTPUT AS TABLE OF VALUES (1) OR IN GRAPHICAL FORM (2)? ENTER A I OR 2

? 1

TABLE OF VALUES

| A | PS1 | (PSI)^2 |
|--------|-------|---------|
| -1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| -0.938 | 0.112 | 0.012 |
| -0.875 | 0.222 | 0.049 |
| -0.813 | 0.330 | 0.109 |
| -0.750 | 0.433 | 0.188 |
| -0.688 | 0.531 | 0.282 |
| -0.625 | 0.622 | 0.387 |
| -0.563 | 0.706 | 0.498 |
| -0.500 | 0.781 | 0.610 |
| -0.438 | 0.846 | 0.715 |
| -0.375 | 0.900 | 0.310 |
| -0.313 | 0.943 | 0.889 |
| -0.250 | 0.974 | 0.949 |
| -0.188 | 0.993 | 0.987 |
| -0.125 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| -0.063 | 0.994 | 0.988 |
| 0.000 | 0.976 | 0.952 |
| 0.063 | 0.948 | 0.899 |
| 0.125 | 0.915 | 0.837 |
| 0.188 | 0.876 | 0.767 |
| 0.250 | 0.831 | 0.691 |
| 0.313 | 0.782 | 0.611 |
| 0.375 | 0.727 | 0.529 |
| 0.438 | 0.668 | 0.446 |
| 0.500 | 0.605 | 0.366 |
| 0.563 | 0.538 | 0.289 |
| 0.625 | 0.467 | 0.218 |
| 0.688 | 0.394 | 0.155 |
| 0.750 | 0.313 | 0.101 |
| 0.813 | 0.240 | 0.058 |
| 0.875 | 0.161 | 0.026 |
| 0.938 | 0.081 | 0.007 |
| 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |

WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE THE GRAPHICAL FORM? ENTER A YES OR NO ? YES

Listing 2 continued on page 58

Text continued from page 48:

The format (PRINT USING) statements are somewhat rare and may have to be modified according to the particular version of BASIC with which you happen to be working. The program requires no special graphics systems. All graphic features are generated by using terminal keyboard symbols (such as the asterisk).

Uses of the Program

The program can be easily adapted for further study of chemical bonds in diatomic molecules. You can study the electron distribution for different bond lengths at a constant potential difference. Alternately, you could study the electron distribution for varying potential differences at a constant bond length. It is also possible to estimate the ionic character of the bond. If the potential difference between two elements was infinitely large, the electron would be confined indefinitely to the lower side of the potential well. The most probable electron location in a symmetrical well would be at the center of the well, in this case at x = -0.5a. Since one nucleus would



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WOULD YOU LIKE TO STUDY ANOTHER PAIR OF ELEMENTS? ENTER A YES OR NO 2 NO

have exclusive possession of the electron, such a bond would be 100% ionic.

If there was no potential difference between the two elements, the most probable location in the symmetrical well would again be the center of the well, but this time at x = 0. The bond has 0% ionic character.

All real molecular bonds lie between these two extremes. To estimate the ionic character of a bond, search for the fractional value of the bond length at which the probability distribution curve has maximum amplitude. Multiply this number by two, make it positive, and convert it to a percentage form. The result is a model estimate of the ionic character of the bond.

This program represents a mere peek at the quantum mechanical world of atoms and molecules. Much has been discovered and much remains to be discovered. The computer facilitates investigation of this world. Moreover, the computer can be a spur to our imagination beckoning us to new vistas in the microscopic world and beyond.

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Hewlett-Packard's New Personal Computer The HP-85

Christopher P Morgan Editor-in-Chief

Photos by Ed Crabtree

A question often heard in personal computer circles is, "When is Hewlett-Packard going to bring out a personal computer?" The question has been answered, and the new HP-85 computer is quite a system.

Hewlett-Packard (HP) has long been a respected manufacturer of minicomputers, desktop calculators, and handheld calculators; the high quality of their electronic test equipment is well known to the engineering community. Hewlett-Packard also has the reputation for being a careful, conservative company, and the HP-85 is, not surprisingly, a logical outgrowth of their desktop and handheld calculators.

We recently had the opportunity to audition the HP-85. Our preliminary findings are listed below.

System Features

The basic HP-85, shown in photo

1, costs \$3250 and consists of a microcomputer with a custom 8-bit processor and several other custom integrated circuits, data cartridge drive for DC-100 tape cartridges, a highresolution video display with a 5-inch screen (measured diagonally) with resolution of 256 by 192 dots (individually addressable) for graphics, 16 lines by 32 characters of text, keyboard, and thermal printer. The unit comes with 16 K bytes of program-



Photo 1: Hewlett-Packard's new entry into the personal computer market: the HP-85. The \$3250 unit features a 5-inch video display, data cartridge drive, keyboard with user-programmable keys, and thermal printer. The HP-85 also offers interesting graphics capabilities. Every point on the 256 by 192 dot array can be individually addressed by the programmer. The built-in thermal printer can make a copy of any graphic design on the screen or any alphanumeric data. Sophisticated features included in this unit are a hardware and software self-test key; four levels of security protection for files on data cartridges; plug-in memory expansion to the basic package of 16 K bytes of programmable memory and 32 K bytes of read-only memory; ANSI standard Enhanced BASIC with the ability to chain programs together; and line editing.



The Honor Graduate

There's been a lot of talk lately about intelligent terminals with small systems capability. And, it's always the same. The systems which make the grade in performance usually flunk the test in price. At least that was the case until the SuperBrain graduated with the highest PPR (Price/Performance Ratio) in the history of the industry.

For less than \$3,000*, SuperBrain users get exceptional performance for just a fraction of what they'd expect to pay. Standard features include: two dual-density minî-floppies with 320K bytes of disk storage, up to 64K of RAM to handle even the most sophisticated programs, a CP/M Disk Operating System with a high-powered text editor, assembler and debugger. And, with SuperBrain's S-100 bus adapter, you can even add a 10 megabyte disk!

More than an intelligent terminal, the SuperBrain outperforms many other systems costing three to five times as much. Endowed with a hefty amount of available software (BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL), the SuperBrain is ready to take on your toughest assignment. You name it! General Ledger, Accounts Receivable, Payroll, Inventory or Word Processing . . . the SuperBrain handles all of them with ease.

Your operators will praise the SuperBrain's good looks. A full ASCII keyboard with a numeric keypad and function keys. A non-glare, dynamically focused, twelve inch screen. All in an attractive desktop unit weighing less than a standard office typewriter. Sophisticated users will acclaim SuperBrain's twin Z-80 processors which transfer data to the screen at 38 kilobaud! Interfacing a printer or modem is no problem using SuperBrain's RS-232C communications port. But best of all, you won't need a PhD in computer repair to maintain the Super-Brain. Its single board design makes servicing a snap!

So don't be fooled by all the freshman students in the small systems business. Insist on this year's honor graduate . . . the SuperBrain.



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*Quantity one. Dealer inquiries invited. Circle 28 on inquiry card. mable memory (14,500 of which are available to the user) expandable to 32 K bytes, and 32 K bytes of readonly memory. The latter contains the operating system and the Enhanced BASIC package.

Data Cartridges

One of the main differences between the HP-85 and most other small systems on the market is its use of data cartridges for reading and writing programs and data. This is not surprising, since the company expects to sell the unit in large quantities to professionals, and the data cartridge is one of the most reliable forms of mass storage available today. The cartridge-drive slot is located on the front of the machine (see photo 1).

Each cartridge can hold 780 program records consisting of 192 K bytes each, or 850 data records of 210 K bytes. There can be a maximum of forty-two named files per cartridge.

Cartridge rewind time is 29

seconds; search speed is 152 cm (60 inches) per second; data transfer speed is 25.4 cm (10 inches) per second; and tape length is 43 meters (141 feet). With the data cartridge system the user can create data files, input arrays into the computer with a single program statement, store an "autostart" program that is automatically loaded and executed at power-on, and secure programs from unauthorized access.

Keyboard

The keyboard is divided by function: the typewriter keyboard for entering alphanumeric data, the numeric pad for entering numeric information, and eight user-definable keys. (These keys are located directly under the video screen. Labels for the keys can be entered by the user and will appear at the bottom of the screen). Display, editing, and systemcontrol keys permit the user to control the video display. The keyboard is hinged and can be easily swung out of the way after the cover is removed to service the processor board (see photo 3).

Video Display

One of the HP-85's strong points is its graphics and alphanumeric display capability. Sixteen lines of text can be displayed at a time on the screen, but a buffer holds up to sixty-four lines, so the user can back up and see a part of a listing that has scrolled off the screen— a decided convenience in writing or debugging programs. If you come to the end of the sixty-fourline section in the buffer, the display wraps around to the beginning again. Characters are formed in a 5 by 7 dot matrix.

In the graphics mode, the display consists of a 256 (wide) by 192 (high) dot field, giving a total of 49,152 individual dots available for high-resolution plotting. The HP-85 also stores the last alphanumeric display and the last graphics display in separate buffers so the user can switch more freely



Photo 2: Inside the HP-85, showing the 5-inch video display cathode-ray tube, thermal printer, and data cartridge drive. The processor board is located under the keyboard (see photo 4). Note the set of user-definable keys at upper left of the keyboard. Labels for these keys are displayed at the bottom of the video screen.

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In addition, there is the MicroNET National Bulletin Board for community affairs, for sale and wanted notices and the MicroNET Electronic Mail System for personal messages to other MicroNET users. You can even sell software via MicroNET.

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NEW! Executive programs for TRS-80, Apple II and CP/M systems (so your machine and ours can talk to each other error-free). You can switch between terminal and local mode while on line.

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The standard 300 baud modem. MicroNET has local phone service in most major cities (see below) and a reduced phone charge in over a hundred others.

What is the cost?

We've saved the best for last. There is a one-time hook-up charge of only \$9.00! Operating time—billed in minutes to your VISA or MasterCharge card—is only \$5.00 an hour.

Want more information?

Good. Write to us at the address below. We'll send you a full packet of information about MicroNET.

CompuServe

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Access to the MicroNET service is available in 153 other cities for an additional charge of \$4.00 per hour.



"... but the really impressive stuff is in the back room."

from one mode to the other without losing data.

Readers familiar with the company's desktop calculators will be immediately at home with the HP-85's graphics-handling routines. There are sixteen graphics commands for setting up graphs, locating the origin, and scaling and labeling the axes quickly.

Anything that appears on the screen can be printed on the thermal printer by simply pressing the GRAPH and COPY keys in that order. You may also enter commands from the keyboard while in graphics mode, Inverse video is also available, as well as a BPLOT routine for userdefined graphics.

The alphanumeric characters are on the small side compared to the average personal computer display because of the screen size. However, they are quite readable— not unlike the IBM 5100 display. Screen editing is convenient. There are five cursorcontrol keys, plus keys for clearing the screen, a line, or a single character. The ability to edit within a program line is a great time saver.

Security

The HP-85 offers unprecedented versatility when it comes to securing data and programs. The SECURE command is used to prevent specific program files from being listed, edited, or stored; to prevent any file's name from appearing in the directory listing; and to protect the user from writing over a file. The UNSECURE command removes security on secured programs or data files. The file name to be secured must already appear in the directory (ie: it must already exist on tape).

The file name may be any string of characters except the null string. The system takes the first two characters of the string and stores them as the security code. There are four levels of security. At level 0, the program may not be listed or edited. Level 1 further prevents the program from being duplicated. At level 2, the program may also not be overwritten. Level 3 removes the name of the file from the catalog and replaces it with blank.

Printer

The thermal printer operates in both alphanumeric and graphics modes. In the alphanumeric mode, it can print the full 128-character ASCII character set, which includes uppercase and lowercase letters, numerals, and special symbols. The full character set can be underlined. Printer speed is 2 lines per second.

Enhanced BASIC

The HP-85's Enhanced BASIC interpreter meets and exceeds the most recent ANSI standard. Its features include: 12-digit accuracy and exponents up to ± 499 for calculations; extremely versatile



Photo 3: Internal view of the HP-85, showing the processor board under the hinged keyboard. The 8-bit processor is a custom Hewlett-Packard design, as are most of the integrated circuits in the computer.

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No ticket to buy! No parking problems!

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string-handling capability (a string in HP-85 Enhanced BASIC can theoretically be up to 32 K bytes long) compatible with string handling on other HP computers; 42 predefined functions; formatted output; the ability to chain BASIC programs together; multistatement lines; a programmable sound generator that can play single-voice lines of melody through the built-in speaker or make audible beeps at predetermined times during the execution of a program; and calculator capability. For debugging, the user can single-step through BASIC programs, branch ON ERROR, or have the program provide a default value with DEFAULT ON to enable a program to continue executing. In particular, the formatted-output capability is useful for generating headings, columns, and spaces for program output.

Self-Test

A unique feature of the HP-85 is the built-in self-test routine. When the TEST key is pressed, the computer runs through an electronic check of all internal components— a feature common to many Hewlett-Packard electronic instruments. If everything checks out correctly, a particular set of characters is displayed on the screen. (The graphics display will be cleared, but programs and variables in memory will remain intact.) If the system is not operating correctly, the system displays "Error 23 SELF TEST."

Input/Output

Photo 4 shows the back of the HP-85 and the four input/output (I/O) ports. Additional memory can be added via the ports. The company will be introducing a variety of peripherals for the unit, including dual 5-inch floppy-disk drives, external printers, plotters, and so on. An extra 16 K bytes of memory costs \$395.

Software

Software currently available on data cartridges for the HP-85 includes BASIC training, general statistics, mathematics, electrical engineering, finance, linear programming, and regression analysis. Each package costs \$95. More packages are under development. BASIC program developed for Hewlett-Packard's desktop computers can be adapted for use on the HP-85, as can most programs written in ANSI BASIC. The unit also comes with a well-written, 350-page owner's manual and a standard application software package. Hewlett-Packard is quoting immediate delivery on the HP-85.

Evaluation

We were impressed with the performance of the HP-85 computer. The graphics alone make this an attractive, albeit not inexpensive, alternate to existing small systems on the market. And many of its features are unique. Although Hewlett-Packard is pinning its hopes on heavy sales to the professional marketplace, it is our guess that many personal computer experimenters and hackers will want this machine.

In future issues of BYTE we will evaluate the HP-85 in greater depth.

For further information about the HP-85, contact: Inquiries Manager, Hewlett-Packard Co, 1507 Page Mill Rd, Palo Alto CA 94303.



Photo 4: Rear view, showing the four I/O ports and their removable covers.



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John A Lehman, 716 Hutchins, Apt 2, Ann Arbor MI 48103

KERCHUNK! "Hey, what gear is next on this thing?" asked my wife, Lisa. Since my old, reliable three-speed bicycle suffered a close encounter of the worst kind with a car impatient to turn right on a red light, we had both decided to buy used ten-speed bikes. Unfortunately, that meant having to worry about seven more "speeds."

"Why don't you use your computer to figure out what order to do things in?" she asked. This was a good suggestion, especially since one of our neighbors had been wanting me to figure out whether it would be worthwhile for him to change from a five-speed to a ten-speed shift mechanism. The result is this Programming Quickie which describes a program that helps answer these and other questions.

The most popular gear shift mechanism on bicycles these days is the *derailleur*. This mechanism uses one, two, or three front gear sprockets (ie: chain wheels) and either five or six rear gear sprockets. This means that one can have a five-, six-, ten-, twelve-, fifteen-, or eighteenspeed shift mechanism. The derailleur device moves the chain between the different gear sprockets, as shown in figure 1 on page 70. This means that, unlike two- and three-speed bikes, the shift mechanism cannot go directly from low to high gear. Rather, there are as many separate sequences of gear combinations as there are front chain wheels; the rider has to combine these different sequences into one overall shift pattern.

To make things more complicated, there are fairly wide variations in the number of gear teeth on the front and rear sprockets. Differently configured gear-tooth combinations are used for different riding conditions. For example, racers who ride mostly on level ground have a narrower gear-ratio range than bike tourists who have to manage both long, level stretches and steep hills. It would be nice to be able to tell what difference it would make riding up that long hill if you changed to a given front and rear sprocket combination.

The program given in listing 1 addresses both of these problems. It will analyze any combination of between five and eighteen speeds; it will produce a shift chart to indicate the order in which to use different combinations of front and rear gear sprockets and a chart of gear range so that comparisons can be made between different combinations of sprockets with variations in the number of gear teeth.

The unit of measure used here for gear range is the traditional one of wheel size. This is the size of the front wheel that would be necessary to produce the same drive ratio on one of the old high-wheel (ie: penny-farthing) bikes of the nineteenth century. The program is written in TDL 12 K BASIC, but should run unaltered on any computer that uses Microsoft or a similar BASIC system such as the TRS-80, PET, Apple II, or Ohio Scientific. Happy cycling, and wear a helmet!

Listing 1: A program written in TDL 12 K BASIC that calculates the gear ratios available from combinations of front and rear gear sprockets with varying numbers of teeth.

Special language features are as follows. A PRINT USING statement provides formatted output. A simple PRINT will work, but will be slightly less neat. If your BASIC does not have the EXCHANGE statement used in lines 310 thru 314, you can substitute a simple swap routine such as:

T1 = P(J+1,1) : P(J+1,1) = P(J,1) : P(J,1) = T1

to perform the exchange. A question mark is an abbreviation for PRINT.

| 10 | 'PROGRAM TO CALCULATE 10 SPEED OR 15 SPEED |
|------------|---|
| 20 | DIM W(16) P(16.3) |
| 30 | INPLIT "NUMBER OF FRONT GEARS" F1 |
| 40 | INPUT "NUMBER OF GEARS ON REAR EREFWHEEI "B1 |
| 50 | IF $F_1 = 0$ THEN $F_1 = 2$ |
| 60 | IF R1 = 0 THEN R1 = 5 |
| 70 | N=81+F1 |
| 80 | INPUT "REAR WHEEL DIAMETER";W1 |
| 90 | IF F1 = 3 THEN 120 |
| 100 | F\$(1) = "INNER ":F\$(2) = "OUTER " |
| 110 | GO TO 130 |
| 120 130 | F\$(1) = "INNER ":F\$(2) = "MIDDLE ":F\$(3) = "OUTER " FOR I = 1 TO F1 |
| 140 | PRINT "NUMBER OF TEETH ON ":F\$(I): "GEAR": |
| 150 | INPUT T(I) |
| 160 | NEXT I |
| 170 | FOR I = 1 TO R1 |
| 180 | PRINT "NUMBER OF TEETH ON "; I;" REAR GEAR"; |
| 190 | INPUT S(I) |
| 200 | NEXT I |
| 210 | FOR I = 1 TO F1 |
| 220 | FOR $J = 1$ TO R1 |
| 225 | X = (I - 1) R I + J |
| 230 | W(X) = T(I)/S(J) * W1 |
| 235 | P(X,1) = X:P(X,2) = I:P(X,3) = J |
| 240 | NEXT J |
| 250 | NEXT I |
| 260 | FOR $I = 1$ TO N:P(I,1) = I:NEXT I |
| 270 | 'START SORT |
| 280 | FOR I = 1 TO N |
| 290 | |
| 300 | IF $W(P(J,1)) < W(P(J+1,1))$ THEN 320 |
| 310 | EXCHANGE $P(J, I), P(J + 1, I)$ |
| 312 | EXCHANCE $P(J,2), P(J+1,2)$ |
| 314 | EXCHANGE P(J,3),P(J + 1,3) |
| 220 | |
| 240 | 2.2.2 |
| 350 | 2"WHEEL "TAR/10"FRONT" TAR/201 "REAR" |
| 360 | FOR $I = 1$ TO N |
| 370 | PRINT LISING "### ##" W(P(L1)) |
| 375 | PRINT TAB(10):F\$(P(1.2)):TAB(20):P(1.3) |
| 380 | NEXT |
| 390 | END |
| | |
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Notes on Gear Ratios

Contrary to popular belief, on most ten-speed bicycles the first five gear ratios are not all produced using the small front sprocket, with the top five gear ratios correspondingly produced using the large front sprocket. The actual case is more complicated, as can be seen from listing 2.

On many bikes, the setup is as follows. The first and

Listing 2: Sample execution of the program of listing 1. The gear ratios are measured in terms of the equivalent size of the front wheel of a high-wheel (ie: penny-farthing) bicycle needed to produce the same final drive ratio.

RUN NUMBER OF FRONT GEARS? 2 NUMBER OF GEARS ON REAR FREEWHEEL? 5 REAR WHEEL DIAMETER? 27 NUMBER OF TEETH ON INNER GEAR? 44 NUMBER OF TEETH ON OUTER GEAR? 52 NUMBER OF TEETH ON 1 REAR GEAR? 16 NUMBER OF TEETH ON 3 REAR GEAR? 18 NUMBER OF TEETH ON 4 REAR GEAR? 20 NUMBER OF TEETH ON 5 REAR GEAR? 22

| WHEEL | FRONT | REAR |
|--------|-------|------|
| 54.00 | INNER | 5 |
| 59.40 | INNER | 4 |
| 63.82 | OUTER | 5 |
| 66.00 | INNER | 3 |
| 70.20 | OUTER | 4 |
| 74.25 | INNER | 2 |
| 78.00 | OUTER | 3 |
| 84.86 | INNER | 1 |
| 87.75 | OUTER | 2 |
| 100.29 | OUTER | 1 |

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lowest gear ratio is produced using the small front sprocket and the largest rear sprocket. The second gear ratio is produced using the small front sprocket and the next-to-largest rear sprocket.

Now for the anomaly. The third gear ratio is produced using the large front sprocket and the largest rear sprocket. The fourth gear ratio is obtained using the small front sprocket and the third-largest rear sprocket. For the fifth gear ratio, we move the chain back onto the large front sprocket and onto the second-largest rear sprocket.

At this point, we may become perplexed. Is there not one pattern in the sprocket use that we can remember? Well, there is some regularity. Using the small front sprocket and all the rear sprockets in order from largest to smallest, we obtain gear numbers 1, 2, 4, 6, and 8. Using the large front sprocket and all the rear sprockets in order from largest to smallest, we obtain gear numbers 3, 5, 7, 9, and 10. So really, only the very top and bottom gears fall out of the easily remembered even/odd sequence.

Now you may object, "How am I supposed to follow such a complex shifting sequence while I am dodging traffic, pot holes, and vicious dogs?" Well, you don't have to follow the sequence strictly.

Most bike riders, in fact, rarely use gears three and eight. These are the extreme combinations of large front sprocket with largest rear sprocket, and of small front sprocket with smallest rear sprocket. Since the chain has to bend rather sharply when it is set up in these combinations, mechanical stress and wear are increased.

In my own riding around hilly Peterborough, New Hampshire, I typically leave the chain on the large front sprocket and shift up and down through the range made available by moving the chain to the various rear sprockets. I move the chain to the small front sprocket when I need the bottom two gears, such as when I ride up the steep hill that leads to my home. . . . RSS



Figure 1: Diagram of the drive mechanism of a ten-speed, derailleur-equipped bicycle. The pedal cranks (not shown) are attached to the front gear sprockets (ie: chain wheels) through the crank axle. The front derailleur device can shift the chain between the large front sprocket and the small front sprocket.

The rear gear sprockets are attached to the rear axle by means of a freewheel hub that allows the rider to stop pedaling while the bicycle remains in motion. The rear derailleur device can shift the chain between any of the five rear gear sprockets. Different front and rear sprocket combinations produce the ten gear ratios.

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Solving Problems Involving Variable Terrain

Part 2: Special Cases, Including Hexagonal Grids

Scott T Jones 271 NW 28th St Boca Raton FL 33431

In part 1 some general terrain problems were defined. These were problems that could be expressed in terms of movement on a map, with terrain defined as any map feature affecting movement. By superimposing a rectangular grid and coordinate system on these maps, we were then able to represent the terrain with a set of boolean arrays or terrain masks. Movement, distance, and the concept of movement cost for different types of terrain were also defined. A scatter function was then defined to generate scatter maps representing all possible movement within the limits imposed by the terrain.

Finally, we demonstrated the use of these scatter maps to solve such problems as the feasibility of road construction within cost restraints and the determination of an optimal path between two points on a map, across variable terrain.

Part 2 is concerned with the application of these techniques to the problems encountered in conflict simulations.

Conflict Simulations and the Hexagonal Grid

The most common type of conflict simulation is the war game. In a war game, playing pieces that represent military units are moved on a terrain map to simulate a battle. The map has been overlaid with a grid; each unit has an inherent movement factor; and each type of terrain has a movement cost. The ideas presented in this article were developed when I was trying to solve the problems of writing programs to play conflict simulations.

The most common grid used today is the hexagonal grid. Instead of an array of squares, the map is divided into hexagons or "hexes" to form a honeycomb pattern. Each hexagon has six adjacent hexagons. We can easily define the distance between a hexagon and any adjacent hexagon to be equal to 1 without worrying about the ambiguous, diagonally adjacent squares that we encountered with rectangular grids. The problem is in defining a coordinate system and a distance function or *metric*.

Most games use an *offset* coordinate system. The hexagonal grid is treated as a rectangular grid in which every even-numbered column is offset by one-half the size of the squares. (See figure 9.) The trouble with this system is that there is no uniform relationship between these coordinates and a metric. Note the relationships of the coordinates of those hexagons adjacent to (2,2) as opposed to (3,2). Separate metrics must be used for the even and odd values of the first coordinate. Clearly, another system is required.

The solution is the *slant* coordinate system (X, Y) where the second coordinate is constant along a slanting, diagonal line from upper right to lower left, or viceversa. (See figure 10.) The relationships of the coordinates are now consistent throughout the array.

By defining a third, dependent coordinate Z to be X-Y+C, where C is any integer constant, our slant metric (ie: distance function) is simply the maximum of the absolute values of the differences of the three coordinates. That is, for (a,b,c) and (d,e,f), the distance is defined as:

$$\max(|a-d|, |b-e|, |c-f|)$$

The Z coordinate is constant along the other slanting line from upper left to lower right. It will be left for the reader to prove both of these statements by working examples with figure 10.

Using these slant coordinates, we can now assign any hexagon to a square in a standard, rectangular scatter



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Figure 9: When working with a hexagonal grid, a set of coordinates different from those used for a square grid must be developed. One such coordinate system, shown here, is the offset coordinate system. This system produces difficulties when the distance between two coordinates must be determined. (Numbering of figures is continued from Part 1.)

mapping. Each hexagon (X, Y) is assigned to the square or element in row X and column Y of the two-dimensional matrix. The hexagonal scatter function HSC will assign to each element in array B the value:

 $\begin{array}{l} B(I,J) = \\ HSC(A(I,J)) = A(I,J) \text{ OR } A(I-1,J-1) \text{ OR } A(I-1,J) \\ & \text{ OR } A(I,J-1) \text{ OR } A(I,J+1) \\ & \text{ OR } A(I+1,J) \text{ OR } A(I+1,J+1) \end{array}$

Figure 11 demonstrates the scatter mappings that are generated from the same initial position used with the square and city scatter functions in a previous example. (See part 1, figure 4.)

If we are working with a map that already has offset coordinates printed on it, in a case where we would prefer to use slant coordinates, the following relations allow an easy transformation from one system to the other:

$$X(slant) = X(offset)$$

and

$$Y(slant) = Y(offset) + INT(X/2)$$

where INT is the greatest-integer function.



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Figure 10: A coordinate system that solves the distance problems found in the offset coordinate system is the slant coordinate system. In this system, one of the coordinates is constant along a diagonal (ie: slanted) axis.

Specific Game Applications

It should now be obvious how to determine movement in a game environment when fixed terrain is the only constraint. However, in many war games, the concept of a zone of control introduces a new type of terrain. The unit may enter this zone at the normal movement cost but may not leave until the opposing unit that *imposed* the zone of control is removed, usually by combat of some form.

A unit's zone of control is usually defined as all positions (ie: squares or hexagons) that are adjacent to the unit's own position. In other words, a unit's zone of control is simply the first scatter mapping of its position. Thus, when moving with the constraints of zones of control, a new terrain map Z must be defined where Z(I,J) is 0 if (I,J) is 1 in the first scatter mapping of any opposing unit, and Z(I,J) = 1, otherwise.

This terrain map is then used to mask out starting positions that will be used on the next scatter. This gives us the relation:

Mn = Mn - 1 OR (T1 AND XSC(Z AND Mn - 1)) OR (T2 AND XSC(Z AND Mn - 2))

OR (Tk AND XSC(Z AND Mn-k))

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| 00000 | 00000 | 11100 |
|-------|-----------|----------------|
| 00000 | 01100 | 11110 |
| 00100 | 01110 | 1 1 1 1 1 |
| 00000 | 00110 | 01111 |
| 00000 | 00000 | 00111 |
| a. A | b. HSC(A) | c. HSC(HSC(A)) |

Figure 11: An example of the hexagonal scatter-function mappings that develop from a central starting point, assuming that the movement cost of all terrain is equal.

This relation now shows how we can "premask" our scatter mappings to include the effects of zones of control or other types of *no-exit* terrain found on our terrain map



while we postmask to include the effects of movement costs.

This relation is the basis for our movement algorithm in most conflict simulations. With it, we can easily determine not only if a unit can reach a position, but also if the unit is inhibited by opposing units or if it is surrounded. By operating with sets of these scatter mappings, we can even coordinate the moves of a group of units. Scatter mappings can be weighted by the relative combat strengths of the corresponding units so that sums of these weighted mappings represent the total strength that can be applied to any position on the map.

The metrics (ie: distance functions) work well as range functions for game features that are unaffected by ter-

> rain, such as determining the range to a target in the simulation of naval battles. Line-of-sight rules that govern the use of projectile weapons in land-battle simulations pose new problems which we will not attempt to resolve at this time.

Directional Terrain Features

In a game environment, concessions are often made to the scale of the terrain map. This means that prohibited terrain, like rivers, or ideal terrain, such as roads, must be represented in a nonstandard way. In situations where you are not fixed by the terrain map provided with the game, you may either increase the scale so that terrain types can be easily isolated, or reduce the scale so that single locations contain many types of terrain, but the effects are dominated by only one type.

With a fixed scale, however, our algorithm must be modified. For example, when we have roads that lower the movement cost for units following the road, we must first adjust our cost scale so that this cheaper, road-movement cost is our unit cost.

Next we must define a set of directional terrain masks which function like the zone-of-control masks to premask invalid starting positions for the direction being considered. In the mask for a given direction, the locations contain values of 1 if movement is allowed from the current position in that given direction. Otherwise, the locations contain 0.

The number of directional terrain masks required equals the number of possible movement direction

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multiplied by the number of different movement costs of directional terrain. For example, if trails reduce the movement cost to one-half, and roads reduce the movement cost to one-third, on a map using the city metric scatter function, eight directional terrain masks would be required and the unit movement cost would have to be reduced to one-sixth of its original value. This reduced value must be divisible by the least-common multiple of the reduction factors.

Prohibited terrain, such as a river that occupies only the edges of a position and can be crossed only via a bridge, poses yet another problem. A bridge is an example of directional terrain that does not affect the movement cost. To include the effects of bridges, you must define a set of directional terrain premasks to be used in conjunction with all other terrain masks. To represent the effects of directional terrain that adds a constant factor to the movement costs, yet another set of premasks must be defined.

The most effective way to use these directional terrain masks is by modification of the basic scatter function. Consider a game situation where we have clear terrain (one movement factor), rough terrain (two movement factors), roads (one-half movement factor in the direction that the road travels), and bridges over rivers (restricted movement that does not alter movement cost). Let us also use the city metric.

First, we must scale all of our movement costs to reflect the lower cost for the ideal terrain. Thus, we have roads



(1), clear (2) and rough (4). Note that bridges are unaffected. Let T2 and T4 be the terrain masks for clear and rough terrain as described in part 1 of this article. Let Id be the terrain mask for the ideal terrain in the d direction and let Pd be the terrain mask for the prohibitive terrain (eg: rivers without bridges) in the d direction, where d=1, 2, 3, 4. Both Id and Pd will be 1 only if movement is allowed from that location in direction d for each position on the map. Note that Id(I,J)=Id(I,J) AND Pd(I,J) for all I and I.

Let us now define our modified scatter functions CSC' and CSC" as follows:

$$CSC'(A(I,J)) = A(I,J) OR (I1(I,J+1) AND A(I,J+1)) OR (I2(I,J-1) AND A(I,J-1)) OR (I3(I+1,J) AND A(I+1,J)) OR (I4(I-1,J) AND A(I-1,J)) OR (I4(I-1,J)) OR (I4(I-$$

Similarly:

$$CSC''(A(I,J)) = (I,J) OR (P1(I,J+1) AND A(I,J+1)) OR (P2(I,J-1) AND A(I,J-1)) OR (P3(I+1,J) AND A(I+1,J)) OR (P4(I-1,J) AND A(I-1,J)) OR (P4(I-1,J)) OR (P4($$

Finally, by replacing CSC in the mapping relation developed in part 1 with CSC' and CSC" we get:

Mn=Mn-1 OR CSC'(Mn-1)OR (T2 AND CSC''(Mn-2)) OR (T4 AND CSC''(Mn-4))

Summary

We have seen that many problems involving variable terrain may be solved through the use of scatter mappings, scatter sums, premasking, and postmasking. Fixed, prohibited, and ideal terrain, as well as no-exit conditions, have been discussed in reference to our general algorithm of successive scatter mappings. Three different scatter functions and distance-function metrics have been demonstrated for use with two different grids. Two different coordinate systems have also been presented for hexagonal-grid problems.

Since you will most likely want to code it in your favorite language, I have not tried to write this algorithm as a program. I will, however, make a few suggestions. Perform logical functions on groups of elements simultaneously. The rows and columns of the arrays used in the island problem lend themselves nicely to implementation as 8-bit bytes of data. By using a little judicious shifting of these bytes, entire arrays can be scattered with only a few operations.

Do not be afraid to waste a few bits of storage or perform a few unnecessary logical operations to gain a more general representation of your map. It is easier to employ a buffer of unused elements around your arrays than to check for array subscripts that are out of range. Notice how the water terrain provided just such a buffer in the island problem.

In conclusion, this graphical approach to terrain problems provides a viable solution for a wide range of applications, not the least of which is conflict simulation.

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TRS-80 Performance Evaluation by Program Timing

James R Lewis 4051 Mountain Dr San Bernardino CA 92407

I have been asked to evaluate the performance characteristics of numerous hardware and software computer products in my capacity as a systems programmer. In late 1978 I acquired a Radio Shack TRS-80 personal computer system with Level I BASIC and 4 K bytes of memory. I did not consider a performance evaluation; after all, this was my own toy. I did not have to respond to any requests for performance improvements or evaluations. Only my personal satisfaction was important.

As it turned out, I was satisfied, but my friends and colleagues were not. They were continually asking,

Listing 1: Prime-number generator written in Level I BASIC for the TRS-80. No attempt was made here to optimize the speed of execution.

30 PRINT " LIST OF PRIME NUMBERS" 40 PRINT 50 PRINT 1:2:3: 55 C = 070 M = 380 M = M + 290 FOR K = 3 TO M/2 STEP K - 1100 IF $INT(M/K)^*K - M = 0$ THEN 190 110 NEXT K 121 PRINT M; 122 C=C+1190 IF M < 10000 THEN 80 PRINT "C = ";C 195 200 END

Listing 2: Level I BASIC version of the prime-number generator in which abbreviations were used and explanatory material omitted to increase speed. Such practices are termed "optimization."

| 80 | F.M = 5TO10000S.2 |
|-----|---------------------------|
| 90 | F.K = 3TOM/2S.2 |
| 100 | $IFI.(M/K)^{*}K = MT.N.M$ |
| 110 | N.K |

120 P.M;

190 N.M

"How fast does your toy run?" or "What new tricks have you taught it now?" It seemed that a comprehensive performance testing and evaluation plan was called for. I decided to compare my TRS-80 personal computer with one of the IBM computers (a System/370-148) at work. Since I was also in the process of converting from Level I to Level II BASIC and acquiring more hardware, I wanted to see if I could verify the performance improvements claimed by Radio Shack.

Test Problem

The test problem to be solved was one familiar to computer science students: calculation of primenumber integers from 5 to 10,000. This problem was chosen for several reasons. First, it is a problem that many computer programmers can relate to; second, it uses two program loops; and third, it requires calculations more complex than simple addition. The number of microseconds or nanoseconds required to perform a single function like addition does not adequately describe the performance characteristics of an individual computer, nor does comparison of timing determine the difference between two machines. What is needed is a comparison of a group of instructions or the use of a program representative of those which will be used extensively on that computer as the comparison base. The problem used here performs loops, does moderately complex arithmetic calculations, and performs some input/output (I/O) operations.

Test Problem and the TRS-80 Level I

Listing 1 gives the BASIC statements from my first coding of

the test problem. Note that each keyword of the program was completely entered and spelled out in full, without regard to the abbreviations allowed in Level I. This code took 8 hours and 12 minutes to run to completion (see table 1 for a complete comparison of the results). By simply using the keyword abbreviations (ie: F. instead of FOR and N. instead of NEXT, shown in listing 2), the run time was cut to 7 hours and 12 minutes. The extra N.M (NEXT M) statement was used to speed up the loops, but at the completion of the problem run, a FOR-NEXT error results. This is okay because the problem has been completed.

Listing 3: Level II BASIC version of test program. Keywords must be spelled out in Level II, but the use of integer variables makes it faster than the optimized Level I program. Level II BASIC is also an interpretive system.

| 10 | DEFINTM,K |
|-----|---------------------------|
| 80 | FORM = 5TO10000STEP2 |
| 90 | FORK = 3TOM/2STEP2 |
| 100 | IFINT(M/K)*M = MTHENNEXTM |
| 110 | NEXTK |
| 120 | PRINTM; |
| 190 | NEXTM |

The first performance conclusion has been reached; abbreviated syntax cut an 8-hour program by 1 hour. This gave me a 12% improvement in throughput, the magic measure of system performance. Now the problem solution can be accelerated with faster software. For \$99 you can go back to fully spelled out keywords and still gain speed. [Although Level II BASIC requires that keywords be entered in the fully spelled out form, and displays them in that way, the keywords are stored in memory in the



form of single-byte codes. A translation routine is used to spell out the meaning of these codes when the LIST command is given.... RSS

Test Problem and Level II BASIC

Test Listing

I sent back my TRS-80 Level I 4 K computer. A short time later it came back with Level II BASIC and an expanded 16 K bytes user memory. The original test problem now ran in 6 hours and 31 minutes. This improvement was approximately 9%; there was an \$11 investment for each percent of performance gained.

Run Time

Test Problem and Z80 Assembly Language

Several years ago I became proficient in Datapoint 2200 assembly language, which is very similar to Z80 assembly language. I thought that several hours of coding and testing would be required to implement the test problem in Z80 assembly instructions. After several days of relearning the microinstruction format and developing the conversion and division subroutines. I finally ran my assembly test. To my surprise, it now ran in just under 22 minutes, an improvement of over 6

| | | hours | minutes | seconds | |
|---|---|-------|---------|---------|--|
| 1 | 1 | 8 | 12 | 13 | TRS-80 Level I Nonoptimized BASIC |
| 2 | 2 | 7 | 12 | 27 | TRS-80 Level Optimized BASIC |
| 3 | 3 | 6 | 31 | 10 | TRS-80 Level II BASIC |
| 4 | 4 | | 21 | 55 | Z80 Assembler Language |
| 5 | 4 | | 22 | 50 | Z80 Assembler Language under TRSDOS Disk Operating System |
| 6 | 5 | | 1 | 19 | PL/I for IBM 370-148 using Optimizing Compiler |
| 7 | 6 | | | 56 | 370-148 Assembly Language IBM 370-148 Assembly Language |
| | | | | | |

Description

Table 1: Summary of tests in our performance evaluation. In each case the program found integer prime numbers from 5 to 10,000.

hours. Note that in the assemblylanguage program multiplication was not required, because all that is needed for prime number detection is division and determination of the remainder. The quotient proved useful in controlling the inner loop.

My next expansion of the system added a floppy-disk drive and more memory to a 32 K bytes total. There was an apparent five-second reduction in run time when the prime number output conversion was eliminated. However, I observed no noticeable performance change when the program ran in either the first 16 K bytes of memory or in the second 16 K bytes. Now that I had a disk and the TRSDOS disk operating system, I thought of the real-time CLOCK function now activated and wondered about its effect on performance.

Test Problem and the **TRSDOS Disk Operating System**

I relocated my assembly-language program to hexadecimal location

Text continued on page 92

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Listing 4: Prime-number generator coded in Z80 assembler for the TRS-80. The Radio Shack Editor and Assembler package was used. The efficiency of assembler coding is clearly shown in the greatly reduced execution time. No interpretation is required; we are speaking in the "native language" of the machine.

7000H

ORG START **:GET NUMBER** LD HL,(NUM) INC **:BUMP NUMBER** HL INC HL. LD (NUM).HL A,10000<8<-8 LD :LSB OF 10000 SUB T. LD A,10000<-8 :MSB OF 10000 SBC A,H C,DONE IR END OF RUN START VALUE LD DE.1 (NUM2), DE LD ;SAVE IT DLOOP LD DE,(NUM2) :DIVISOR INC BUMP IT DE INC DE LD (NUM2), DE LD BC,(NUM) :TARGET LD HL,0 CALL DIV16 LD A,H OR Z,START JR AND NOT PRIME DEC BC :CHECK FOR ONE 1D A,B OR NZ, DLOOP IR ;NO, LOOP NUMBER IS PRIME HL.(NUM) LD LD IX, WORK WORK AREA DCONV CALL LD HL, WORK CALL TO SCREEN DSPLY LD HL,(COUNT) INC BY ONE HL (COUNT),HL LD R START DONE LD HL.(COUNT) LD IX, WORK CALL DCONV LD HL, TOTAL DISPLAY STRING CALL DSPLY IR :LOOP \$ TOTAL DEFM 'TOTAL =' 1 WORK DEFM DEFB 3 NUM DEFW 1 NUM2 DEFW 0 COUNT DEFW 0 D DCHAR EOU 3 A DSPLY LD CP 3 RET ZD CALL INC H JR. D C DCONV LD C LD B n LD DCONV1 LD E INC Г LD D INC D SUB A

SBC

BY TWO TO INSURE ODD VALUE SAVE FOR NEXT TIME DOUBLE PRECISION COMPARE CHECK HIGH BYTE TWICE TO KEEP ODD SAVE FOR NEXT TIME CLEAR HIGH HALF OF DIVIDEND PERFORM 16 BIT DIVIDE CHECK REMAINDER **:IF ZERO WAS DIVISABLE ;AS THIS MEANS WE** HAVE GONE HALFWAY **:DISPLAY THIS NUMBER** CONVERT TO ASCII ;AREA FOR DISPLAY **:COUNT PRIME NUMBERS** DISPLAY TOTAL COUNT

CONVERT TO ASCII

| 12343 | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 3 | |
| 1 | NUMBER TO BE TESTED |
| 0 | TESTING NUMBER |
| 0 | COUNT OF PRIME NUMBERS |
| DISPLAY STRING | g to screen |
| 33H | LEVEL II CHAR DISPLAY |
| A,(HL) | GET CHARACTER |
| 3 | ;END OF STRING? |
| Z | YES, DONE |
| DCHAR | :LET LEVEL II MANAGE SCREEN |
| HL | BUMP MEMORY POINTER |
| DSPLY | |
| CONVERT HL TO | D 5 DIGIT AREA POINTED TO BY IX |
| C,' ' | TRIGGER AND ASCII CHARACTER |
| B,5 | COUNT OF CONVERSION |
| IY,CTBL | CONVERSION TABLE |
| $E_{,}(IY)$ | ;LSB OF FACTOR |
| IY | |
| D,(IY) | ;MSB OF FACTOR |
| IY | |
| A | CLEAR C FLAG AND DIGIT COUNTER |
| HL,DE | :16 BIT SUBTRACT |

Listing 4 continued on page 92

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| Listing 4 | continued: | | |
|---------------|--|---|--|
| | JR INC JR | C,DCONV3 A DCONV2 | ;UNDERFLOW ;BUMP DIGIT ;CONTINUE BUILDUP |
| DCONV | ADD OR JR LD | HL,DE A Z,DCONV4 C.'0' | ;COMPENSATE FOR UNDERFLOW ;NON-ZERO DIGIT? ;NO, ZERO, DO NOT RESET TRIGGER ;ASCII TRIGGER |
| DCONV4 | A OR LD INC DJNZ LD OR LD RET | C (IX),A IX DCONV1 A,(IX-1) V' (IX-1),A | TURN INTO ASCII (OR BLANK) STORE DIGIT COUNT DOWN MUST SHOW A ZERO DIGIT IF ZERO |
| CTBL | DEFW DEFW DEFW DEFW DEFW | 10000 1000 1000 100 10 | ADLE |
| · 16 BIT | DIVISION | 1 | |
| D | IVIDEND = | HLBC | |
| | DIVISOR = | = DE | |
| ; 01 | JOTIENT = | BC | |
| ; REM | AINDER = | = HL | |
| DIV16 | LD | A,16 | ;16 BIT DIVISION |
| DIV161 | SLA | C | ;MOVE C REG |
| | RL | В | NOW B WITH CARRY |
| | ADC | HL,HL | BUMP REMAINDER |
| | SBC | HL,DE | JINDEPELOW |
| | | HI DE | ADILIST |
| | IR | DIV163 | SKIP SETTING QUOTIENT BIT |
| DIV162 | INC | C | BUMP OUOTIENT |
| DIV163 | DEC | A | DECREMENT LOOP COUNTER |
| | JR RET | NZ,DIV161 | ;LOOP TIL DONE |
| 1 | END | CTADT | |
| | END | DIANI | |
| Listing 5 | Test our | and in the | DI /I January for the IDM Conten (200 149 Au |
| optimizi | ng compile | er was used to run t | his version. Compilation is more efficient than in- |

optimizing compiler was used to run this version. Compilation is more efficient than interpretation in reducing execution time. This program also finds prime numbers. PRIME: PROC OPTIONS(MAIN) REORDER; DECLARE (C, D, M) FIXED BINARY(31) INIT(0); DO M = 3 to 10000 BY 2; DO D = 3 TO M/2 BY 2; IF MOD(M, D) = 0 THEN GOTO NOT_PRIME; END; C = C + 1; PUT LIST(M);

NOT__PRIME: END; PUT SKIP DATA(C); END PRIME;

Text continued:

7000 and constructed a disk operating system command (CMD) file. When run under the disk operating system, the test problem execution time was extended by 55 seconds. I attributed this delay to the 25 ms interrupt from the expansion interface and the processing required to service the interrupt and update the clock. This amounted to about 4 to 5% overhead. Using the disk operating system BASIC, the T command to turn off the interrupt will speed up the execution of programs not requiring clock functions. Listing 4 represents the Z80 assembly-language version of the prime number finding program.

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STRATEGY GAMES SERES

Listing 6: Test program coded in assembler language for the IBM 370. Writing in the native language of this very fast machine, we obtain the shortest time for finding prime numbers from 5 to 10,000.

| | LA | R2,5 | STARTING VALUE FOR TEST |
|-------|------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | SR | R10,R10 | COUNT OF PRIME NUMBERS |
| | LA | R6.2 | LOOP INCREMENT - INNER LOOP |
| | LR | R8,R6 | LOOP INCREMENT - OUTER LOOP |
| | LH | R9, = H'10000' | UPPER LIMIT FOR OUTER LOOP |
| OLOOP | LA | R3,3 | STARTING VALUE FOR TESTING NUMBER |
| | LR | R7,R2 | COMPUTE INNER LOOP LIMIT |
| | SRL | R7,1 | DIVIDE BY TWO |
| ILOOP | SR | R4,R4 | ZERO EVEN DIVIDEND PAIR |
| | LR | R5,R2 | LOAD ODD DIVIDEND VALUE |
| | DR | R4,R3 | R3 IS DIVISOR |
| | LTR | R4,R4 | CHECK REMAINDER |
| | BZ | NEXTO | ZERO IS NOT PRIME |
| | BXLE | R3,R6,ILOOP | INNER LOOP |
| | CVD | R2,WORK | CONVERT PRIME NUMBER TO DECIMAL |
| | UNPK | DATA(7), WORK + 4(4) | MAKE EBCDIC |
| | OI | DATA+6,X'FO' | SET SIGN CORRECT |
| | PUT | SYSPRINT, DATA | OUTPUT PRIME NUMBER |
| | LA | R10,1(,R10) | INCREMENT PRIME NUMBER COUNT |
| NEXTO | BXLE | R2,R8,OLOOP | OUTER LOOP |
| | CVD | R10,WORK | CONVERT COUNT TO DECIMAL |
| | UNPK | DATA(7), WORK + 4(4) | AND TO EBCDIC |
| | OI | DATA +6.X'FO' | SET SIGN CORRECT |
| | PUT | SYSPRINT, DATA | OUPUT COUNT |
| | | | |

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Test Problem and the Large System

At the completion of the TRS-80 testing phase, I coded two versions of the test problem to be run on the IBM 370-148. Listings 5 and 6 show PL/I language and 370 assembler language codings of the prime-number generator. The execution times showed little difference. The PL/I version (compiled, rather than interpreted) ran in 1 minute and 19 seconds of processor time. The test run in assembler language used 56 seconds of processor time.

The best comparison between the two machine's capabilities is arranged by counting the number of instructions needed to perform division; twelve for the TRS-80 (ten of which are looped sixteen times) and one for the 370. Performance difference is also indicated by the average execution time of 1108 µs for the Z80 division subroutine versus $30.7 \,\mu s$ for the DR (divide register into register) instruction of the 370-148. This is a time ratio of 36 to 1. If you compare a less complex function, such as 16-bit storage-to-register load, the TRS-80 performs closer to the 370 capability; the Z80 LD HL,(n) instruction takes 16 cycles or 9.008 µs, and the 370 load halfword takes 1.958 µs. The 16-bit load operation compares as a 4.6 performance ratio. Thus, it is shown that a single instruction comparison does not always represent the required work performance ratio.

Conclusions

The test program I chose can be run with the same results on both the TRS-80 and the IBM 370-148. There is a difference in system throughput and cost. An analysis of the TRS-80 performance indicates that the advertised improvements of Level I keyword abbreviations and Level II BASIC are present. The analysis of the TRS-80 BASIC versus Z80 assembler language shows a significant improvement in assembler language, if you care to code the program that way or if you need the speed. I now have an answer for my friends at work when they ask about the speed differences between my personal computer system and the impersonal IBM 370-148.

complete connector wiring information allows ease of use with Apple II, PET, KIM,

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Editorial Listing 1 continued from page 12: time.thousandths i= time.thousandths + ((1000 # digit) BIV factor) factor i= 10 # factor : INTEGER: ! INTEGER: : (second:third); NYD ad stars END which...rin# END ELSE (before period) time.units != (time.units # factor) + dimit t shanlule.limei a,b,c second_contact_ring : absolute_time; third_contact_ring : absolute_time; tot_time ENDL absolute_time; absolute_time; absolute_time; BEGIN (det_parmeter) iN (det_marmater)
PACE(OUTPUT))
Lime.units 1= 0)
Lime.thousandths 1= 0;
WHILE ((time.units=0)) DD
BEGIN time_totality sprgin_line serin_the current_line haif_time dusrtur_time stack_in_totality 1 absolute_time; : absolute_time; : absolute_time; : absolute_time; : absolute_time; : absolute_time; : absolute_time; factor 1= 10; decimal_count 1= 0; period 1= FALSE; WRITELN(s); Lotal_duration WRITELW(5); READLW(3_string); FOR i t= 1 TO LENGTH(a_string) DO BEGIM CASE a_string[1] OF '0'''1'''2'',3'',4'',5'',6'','7'','8'','9'' escioue totel.eclipse rins_frees t exposures? 1 exposures! 1 exposures! current_shot add_a_disit(1); ten_shot_grouping : PACKED ARRAY[0...9] OF an_exposure_detail; transient_shots : PACKED ARRAY[0...1] OF an_exposure_detail; period 1= TRUE END PROCEDURE new_pase# stuff : STRINGE 2438 clear_screen : CHARS END END (WHILE) END (det_parmeter)) REGIN SIN stuff 1= * clear_screen 1= CHR(24)) WRITELN(clear_screen,stuff); WRITELN(* *); WRITELN(* *); PROCEDURE initialize+ VAR 1 : INTEGER: BEGIN (initialize) st= ''; current_time.units WRITELN(.) END (new_pase 111 1= 01 current_time.thousandths 1= 04 current_time.thossmoths i= 0) current_thot i= 0) ten_shot_grouping[0].duration ten_shot_grouping[1].duration ten_shot_grouping[3].duration ten_shot_grouping[3].duration PROCEDURE set_parameter(VAR time I absolute_time)# I= 1; I= 4; I= 16; I= 128; I= 128; I= 256; I= 512; I= 1024; I= 2049; VAR a_string : STRINGL1283# 1 : INTEGER# period : BOQLEAN# decimal_count : INTEGER# factor, result : INTEGER# ten_shot_srouping[3].duration ten_shot_srouping[5].duration ten_shot_srouping[5].duration ten_shot_srouping[5].duration PROCEDURE add_a_disit(position : INTEGER) ten_shot_sroupinstPl.duration ten_shot_sroupinstPl.duration FOR 1 I= 0 TO 9 DO 1= 20487 VAR disit : INTEGERI BEGIN digit t= (ORD(a_string[position])-ORD('O')); IF period THEN BEGIN ten_shot_groupingCil.uait_after [= overhead_duration] transient_shots[0].duration transient_shots[1].duration FOR i := 0 TO 1 DO 1= 321 decimal_count t= decimal_count + 1# IF decimal_count < 4 THEN BEGIN Listing 1 continued on page 98



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Listing 1 continued: transienL_shots[i].wait_after := overhead_duration; s := 'Preliminary data initialization's IL BARA WRITELN "fotality" is defined as time from second to third contacts"); s t= ' Enter number of exposures'; s t= ' Enter number of exposures: + set_parameter(dummy); maximum t= dumme.units; s t= 'Enter number of exposures during totality'; REPEAT set_parameter(dummy); total_eclipse := dummy.units END UNTIL (total_eclipse > 0) AND AND {lolal_eclipss < maximum}} s := ' Enter time of totality in "seconds.thousandlhs"'} set_parameter(time_totality)} s := ' Enter slack time margin (in seconds)'; det_parameter(slack_in_totality); crash_ahead := TRUE END (initialize); PROCEDURE error_aborLi BEGIN IN as::soum := 250; lotal_eclipse := 200; ring_frames := 25; WRITELM('Unrecoverable error in data'); crash_ahead := FALSE END: PROCEDURE subtract_time(a,b : absolute_time; VAR c : absolute_time;; BEGIN c. thousandths := a, thousandths - b. thousandths; 515ma 1= 01 IF c. Lhousandths < 0 THEN BEGIN c. thousandths := c. thousandths + 1000; sidna := -1 END: C.Units END; t= a.units < - b.units + simma PROCEDURE divide_time(VAR a : absolute_time; b : absolute_time; c : INTEGER); (a <-- b DIV n) VAR P.O : INTEGERCIGJE BEGIN a.thousandths := 0; a.units := 0; a.units := 0; a := a b.units; a := a b.thousandths; a := a DIV n; p := a DIV n; p := a DIV 1000; IF p < 32760 THEN a.units != TRUNC(p); p := a - (1000 \$ p); IF p < 32768 THEN a.thousandths := TRUNC(p); b; END PROCEDURE add_time(a,b : absolute_time; VAR c : absolute_time); SIN sister := a.thousandths + b.thousandths; c.thousandths :≈ sister MDD 1000; c.units := a.units + b.units + (sister DIV 1000) END PROCEDURE print_time(a : absolute_time)# 21000.2100 : STRINGE 13: EGIN EGIN IF a.thousandths < 100 THEM 21000 t= '0' ELSE 21000 t= IF a.thousandths < 10 THEM 2100 t= '0' ELSE 2100 t= ''; WRITELW(ssa.units'', '21000;2100;a.thousandths) END PROCEDURE normalize_timina; VAR 8 : INTEGERS PROCEDURE sum_up_ring(ring: INTEGER; VAR ring_total : absolute_time); UAR index:1 : INTEGER; this_ring : absolute_time; BECIN ring_total.units := 0/ ring_total.thousandths := 0/ FOR i := 1 TD ring_frames D DO BEGIN IN this_rind.units t= 0; this_rind.units t= 0; this_rind.thousandths t= transient_shotstrind].wait_after; add_time(this_rindrefths t= transient_shotstrind].duration; add_time(this_rind).clal; this_rind.total; END END PROCEDURE sum_up_sclipse(VAR sclipse_total 1 absolute_time); this_shot : absolute_time; index.i.j : INTEGER; BEGIN eclipse_total.units := 0; eclipse_total.thousandths := 0; FOR i := 1 TD total_eclipse DD BEGIN Listing 1 continued on page 100

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Listing 1 continued on page 102

1.1

14.2

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Listing 1 continued:

| mardin_dispersal? | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| final_allocation | |
| END Coormalize_timing); | |
| PROCEDURE avail_cuel | |
| BEGIN Cauail_start) | |
| END (await_start)# | |
| PROCEDURE diamond_rins_burst# | |
| BEGIN (diamond_rins_burst) | |
| END (diamond_ring_burst); | |
| PROCEDURE Lotality | |
| BEGIN (totality) | |
| END (totalitu)# | |
| PROCEDURE summarize: | |
| BEGIN (summarize) | |
| WRITELN('Press return to end # | rogram')i |
| READLN(&) | |
| END (summarize)+ | |
| REGIN (aclipse_monitor_simulation) | |
| initializel | |
| normalize_timins? | |
| awail_cupł | |
| diamond_ring_burgl; | |
| totatitus | |
| auail_cue: | |
| dismond_rins_burst; | |
| 510687128 | |
| END, (eclipse_monifor_simulation) | |
| | |

Listing 2: Preliminary allocation steps. The first stage of the execution of the program is this listing of an interactive sequence to determine the independent variables of the simulation.



Editorial text continued from page 12:

time is calculated as the difference between all the time commitments and the total time available during totality. (Half the time required for the diamond ring effects is assumed to take place during actual totality, so that the transient effects will be bracketed in time.) The margin time must be equally divided among the individual shots during totality. The procedure "margin-dispersal" is used to divide the margin by the number of totality exposures, then add this amount to the "wait-after" field of each of the ten unique totality exposure specifications in the array "ten-shot-grouping."

Finally, the procedure "final-allocation" reports on the actual allocation achieved by recalculating the margin time. This second margin time calculation reflects the allocation's effect. In photo 3, the value of 0.17 seconds is well within the limits of human hand/eye coordination by yours truly. (Hand/eye coordination will be used to

Listing 3: Final computation. Using a brute force technique of adding up various time intervals, the program arrives at this calculated model of the parameters. It first sums up the required time budget for all the events that must happen. The difference between this value and the time of totality is a margin value. This value is then evenly allocated to the timing of exposures during the main part of the eclipse. In the example, I have assumed 250 exposures total, 200 of which occur in the main portion of a 240.0 second eclipse event with a 6.0 second margin for manual timing at the end of the main sequence of totality.

| ime required for second contact transient ime required for third contact transient otal time devoted to diamond ring sequences Anticipation time for first diamond ring | 5.100 5.880 10.900 2.550 |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Time devoted to totality Slack time margin at end of totality Extra slack due to diamond ring overlaps Total time committed before margin alloc. | 282.989 6.898 5.458 214.438 |
| Difference is time margin for allocation Margin per totality frame = 6.127 Adjusted time devoted to total phase Adjusted total time committed | 25.570 228.388 239.839 |
| Adjusted time devoted to total phase Adjusted total time committed Nargin time after allocation to totality Press return to end program | 239.830 0.170 |

observe the digital wristwatch set to Universal Coordinated Time and pick the precise time to start the realtime sequence of the program by hitting any key on the Apple keyboard. Later in the eclipse, the second diamond ring event (third contact) will be initiated by a similar procedure while watching the eclipsed sun.)

As it stands in listing 1, the program still must be filled out with the actual details of procedures "await-cue," "diamond-ring-burst," "totality," and "summarize." These are all relatively straightforward procedures, which will execute the real-time process of the eclipse observation. Other details to be verified include the actual model of the bulb-release exposure event (ie: what fixed overhead time is associated with the mirror flip/shutter opening action of the mechanism), calibration of a Pascal "do nothing" timing loop running with the Apple II's crystal clock so that the entire program executes all exposures within the time set by the model, and so forth. I will have more details on this in a forthcoming editorial, as I complete the model and finish verifying the system concept.

The most important concept here is the very real machine-independent viability of a high-level language, such as Pascal, in designing and then communicating the idea of a program. The functional simulation stage of my eclipse control program is now complete in concept and awaits some final details to be added over the next week or so. When it is done, going from the functional simulation to the actual eclipse control program I bring with me to Africa will be achieved by the simple act of reconfiguring the textual displays for a more limited 40-column output display and making multiple, redundant copies of the software on floppy disks for my travels. **Oregon Software Introduces**

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Australia: Sydney; Network Computer Services 390-3677 Canada: Vancouver; Valley Software (604) 524-9741 England: Stafford; Hourds Computing Ltd. 0785-44221 Japan: Tokyo; Rikei Corporation 03-345-1411 **Listing 4:** A camera interface test program. This Pascal test program exercises the camera shutter control interface of figure 1 by alternating the state of Apple II Game I/O annunciator output ANO.

PRULRAM Lest_interfacel ULKAN LesLinterface! (This program, whilten December 25, 1979 is designed to test out the interface to the Nikon HD-2 motor drive by alternately setting the state of output transistor D2 in response to corrise return characters. A delay count set by a null FOR statement is used to allow repeated actuation with a binimum time between output state changes. A variant record technique is used in the Pascal software of the procedure "refineeory" in order to set and reset the output bit at absolute addresses COSB and COS9 hexadecimal. 3 LONST dren_shuller_address = -16295 (sets ANO output to "1"); close_shutter_address = -16296 (resets ANO output to "0"); VAR INTEGERS reiterations JAKAL & INTEGER? 4 ; CHARF PRDCEDURE ref_memory(address : INTEGER); t This procedure uses the variant record technique to reference an address passed to it as a 16 bit signed INTEDER. The Apple-II hardware will set or reset the annunciator outputs of the Game I/O connector if the operopriate addresses are simply referenced by a program. 1 EVER memory_access = (pointer.number)
Ithus is a dummy statement required by the suntax of
Pascal variant records such as "memory" below. The
variant record "trick" is not the most elemant way
ts reference an absolute hardware address. since it
requires an implementation-dependent assumption about
variant records. is! that a 16 bit signed two's complement
INTEGER type marks bit for bit into the 16 bit restitive
integer value of an address stored in a Pascal pointer
data type.
23 Ptr = TCHAR: 29 APROFY P RECORD CASE memory_access OF Pointer : (a_Pointer : ptr); number : (a_number : INTEGER) VAR anybyle : memoryf anychar : CHARf BEGIN anybyte.a_number := address; anychar := anybyte.a_pointer; END (ref_memory); PROCEDURE und_exposure; BLUIN WRITELM('Molor drive now fires... and shuller cocks'); ref_memaru(close_shuller_address) END (end.exprosure3) PROCEDURE start_exposure! BEGIN WRITELN('Shutter opens with a "click"); ref_memory(open_shutter_address) EHD (start_exposure); PROCEDURE chanse_reiterations: BEGIN BEGIN WRITELH('Enter integer time delaw count'); WRITELN(' (old count was = 'rreiterations;')'); READLW(reiterations); IF reiterations < 1 THEN reiterations := 1; IF reiterations > 2500 THEM reiterations := 2500 ENU (change_reiterations); BEGIN Hiterations := 10000 NR 1 := 1 TO 1000 DO FIR R i = 1 TO 1000 DO BEGIN FOR J := 1 TO reiterations DO; WRITELM(*#* Shutter is now closed ###'); READLW(*J); IF s = ' ' THEN ELSE IF s = 'N' THEN chande_reiterations ELSE IF s = 'E' THEN i := 1000; start_exposure; FOR J := 1 TO reiterations DO; WRITELM(*#**** Shutter is now open #*****'); READLW(s); READLINE SH THEN s = ' ' THEN
ELSE IF s = 'N' THEN chanse_reiterations
ELSE IF s = 'E' THEN i := 1000; ELSE I END.

Bar Codes and Home Brewing . . . Progress Reports

As of early December 1979, we received some exciting word about the state of manufacturing of barcode-reader wands. This word comes from John Sien of Hewlett-Packard's Optoelectronics Division in Palo Alto, California. Hewlett-Packard has just completed the formal announcement of a truly inexpensive optical bar-code reader, which will be available from stocking distributors of their component lines, possibly by the time you are reading this issue of BYTE.

The bar-code reader interfaces to transistor-transistor logic (TTL) or complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) logic with three wires: signal, ground and power. It enables an individual with a personal computer to read Universal Product Codes (as on grocery items) or PAPERBYTES bar codes, or a host of other possible machine-readable printed formats. This reader costs a mere \$99.50 in single quantities from a distributor and much lower in manufacturing quantities.

John reports that there is a great deal of interest from one or more microwave-oven manufacturers in using bar codes and this reader to transfer individual cooking programs from food-packets or recipe books into the oven's control circuitry.

This product is the same bar-code reader used with the Hewlett-Packard HP-41C calculator for the distribution of miscellaneous user-submitted programs. In short, now that the single enabling piece of hardware is widely available in an inexpensive form, bar codes have arrived.

Returning to the subject of my homebrew 6809 project, I have put off further work until return from the eclipse trip early this month. In a personal analogy to concepts held dear by many of our readers, I have pushed the homebrew 6809 down on my internal procedure stack, in order to execute a higher priority procedure that has a definite, celestial time deadline. The stack will be popped up upon return from my trip, so the next installment of the 6809 homebrew project can occur no sooner than the issues of BYTE published early next summer.

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BYTE News...

FRANCE TO INTRODUCE HOME TERMINALS: The French Postal and Telecommunications agency is undertaking a project to put a computer terminal in every home. According to a report that appeared in *Business Week* magazine, the government agency intends to give all telephone customers a free two-way video display terminal, in lieu of printed directories. A similar machine that can send and receive a full page of text in two minutes will also be offered for under \$500. Over 1000 terminals will be installed early next year. Each terminal is expected to cost the agency less than \$100.

IBM MOVES TO ASCII: Until now you either did it the ASCII way or the IBM way. In other words, all IBM communication was done in Extended Binary-Coded-Decimal Interchange Code (EBCDIC), while all other computer manufacturers used the American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII). Anyone who has tried to interface an IBM terminal to a non-IBM system has encountered the problem.

Now IBM has introduced their first product that uses ASCII, the model 3101 video terminal. Depending on options, prices range from \$1300 to \$1520. These units can be ordered over the telephone, and IBM installation is not required, as is the case with all other IBM products. The unit, largely made in Japan, qualifies for discounts up to 20%—a new departure for IBM.

IBM has apparently been forced to compete with other computer component makers on their level. This may be the forerunner of a new IBM marketing philosophy for small-computer systems.

Rumor has it that IBM will become more aggressive in the small-computer market with enhancements to its 5110 tabletop computers. Look for IBM to increase the number of "retail stores" for small-business computer systems to 200 by the end of 1980. Most of these stores will be in branch offices of the General Systems Division.

TANDY, APPLE AND ATARI ASK FCC FOR DELAY: Atari asked the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to delay the effective date of the waiver of rules for Texas Instruments (as previously reported in the January 1980 BYTE News) until a rulemaking proceeding on television-interface devices is completed. Atari cited allegedly illegal action by the FCC in granting the waiver and noted the potential increased radio and television interference. After two weeks consideration, the FCC rejected Atari's request.

Tandy Corporation and Apple Computer Company asked the FCC to delay the deadline for compliance with the FCC's new radio frequency interference (RFI) standard, which is due to go into effect on July 1, 1980. Both firms have claimed that this is too short a time to change manufacturing processes and order the necessary components.

LATEST RUMORS: Designers of Radio Shack's successor to the TRS-80 Model I have changed their minds and will employ Microsoft for writing the BASIC interpreter and operating system. Motorola also made a bid to do this software development; however, Microsoft ended up with the contract. Radio Shack had been planning to call the unit the "TRS-90," but the firm is now leaning toward "TRS-80/COLOR."... It is rumored that Sony and Texas Instruments have reached an agreement whereby Sony will sell Texas Instruments' personal-computer systems in the United States under the Sony name, with a Sony Trinitron color video monitor, instead of the Zenith monitor Texas Instruments is currently using....Microtype Corporation will soon introduce a \$250 electronic typewriter with RS-232 input/output (I/O). It will use a daisy-wheel-like printing method, and it will print 15 characters per second. Look for it by the end of 1980....

RANDOM NEWS BITS: Burroughs has introduced a 6 megabyte floppy-disk drive. It holds two disks on a common spindle and uses four data-transfer heads on a common assembly. Cost is only \$1950 in original equipment manufacturers quantities. . . .GR Electronics Ltd of Santa Monica, California, has introduced a pocket ASCII terminal in a case the size of a standard pocket calculator. It has forty keys and transmits the 128 ASCII character codes. It has an light-emitting diode display and stores thirty received characters. It has an RS-232C interface (110 or 300 bits per second), requires 5 V at 400 mÅ for power, and sells for \$395....Hewlett-Packard (HP) has introduced its personalcomputer system. The system costs \$3250 and is being manufactured at HP's Corvallis, Oregon, calculator division. See page 60 in this issue for a report....Godbout Electronics, Oakland Airport, California, plans to introduce an S-100 processor circuit card that contains both 8088 and 8085 microprocessors on the same card. The 8088 is a 16-bit processor with 8-bit I/O (it executes 8086 ob-

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NEW muLISP-79 LISP—the lingua franca of the artificial intelligence world—is now available in this efficient, lowcost version for microcomputers. Features include dynamic allocation of storage resources; program control structures such as an extended COND and a multiple exit LOOP; user functions defined as CALL by Value or CALL by Name; and 83 LISP functions. muLISP-79, CP/M version: \$200.

NEW XMACRO-86 For the development of 8086 programs, our new XMACRO-86 cross assembler has just been released. It supports the same features as our MACRO-80 assembler. Develop 8086 programs now on your current CP/M, ISIS-II, or TEKDOS system. \$300.

NEW Micro-SEED DBMS If you are developing applications software inhouse or bundling hardware and software for resale, a database manager could be the software tool you've been looking for. Micro-SEED is the first CODASYL compatible database management system to run with CP/M; and Microsoft's FORTRAN-80 has been implemented as the host language. When an application becomes limited by traditional floppy disk file handling, but remains overpowered by the cost and maintenance of a minicomputer, the solution is Micro-SEED. \$900.

FORTRAN-80 Compiler Microsoft FORTRAN-80 is the most complete microcomputer FORTRAN available. It has all of ANSI-66 FORTRAN (except COMPLEX data), plus unique enhancements for use in the microcomputer environment. An extensive library of single and double precision scientific functions, too. Comes with macro assembler and loader. Versions for CP/M, ISIS-II, TEKDOS. \$500.

MACRO-80 Assembler The most powerful microcomputer assembler on the market today is Microsoft's MACRO-80. It is fast, and it supports Intel-standard macros, relocation pseudo-ops, conditionals and listing controls. MACRO-80 comes with a relocatable linking loader and runs with CP/M, ISIS-II, and TEKDOS. \$200.

EDIT-80 Text Editor Random access to floppy disk files makes EDIT-80 the fastest microcomputer text editor. It's the essential tool for creating and maintaining all files. EDIT-80 includes FILCOM, a file compare utility. EDIT-80, CP/M version: \$120. Prices quoted are USA domestic only. OEMs should contact Microsoft for prices.

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|-------------------------|------|---------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| MICROSOFT | CP/M | II-SISI | TRSDOS | THSDOS Md II | TEKDOS |
| BASIC-80 INTERPRETER | ٠ | • | | | ٠ |
| BASIC COMPILER | ٠ | | | ٠ | |
| FORTRAN-80 COMPILER | • | ۲ | | | ٠ |
| COBOL-80 COMPILER | • | ٠ | | • | |
| muMATH/muSIMP muLISP | • | | ٠ | | |
| MICROSEED DBMS | • | | | | |
| EDIT-80 TEXT EDITOR | • | | | | |
| MACRO-80 ASSEMBLER | ۲ | • | | | • |



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ject code). A user can run the standard CP/M operating system on the 8085 to handle all I/O devices, and use the 8088 to run software such as a multi-user BASIC system. The processor card will drive 24 address lines (16 megabytes of memory space), and has a direct-memory-access (DMA) peripheral controller. . . Heath Company has decided to resume production of the H8 8080-based microcomputer system. Surprisingly, the sales of the H8 have increased, despite the introduction of the Heath/Zenith H89 integrated Z80-based system. Apparently, with its plug-in bus construction, the H8 is more to the liking of hobbyists who prefer to configure their own systems. Also, Zenith is now producing the assembled Heath H19 video terminals on one of its television set production lines. . . .Mattel Electronics and General Instrument are about to start testing a television attachment that can receive a variety of video games sent over cable television. . . .McGraw-Hill, *The New York Times, Times-Mirror*, and *Time Magazine* are considering setting up systems which would allow personal-computer users to access their data bases.

HIGH-DENSITY 5-INCH DISK DRIVES: Micropolis Corporation and several other floppy-disk drive makers have announced 5-inch floppy-disk drives with a density of 96 tracks per inch (tpi). Forty-eight tracks per inch has been standard, while some firms have sold 77 tpi drives.

The Micropolis disk system will read older 48 tpi disks by skipping every other track under software control. The new drives will range in capacity from 436 K to 1064 K unformatted bytes and will cost between \$450 to \$570 each.

PERSONAL COMPUTER SYSTEM DELIVERIES DELAYED: Texas Instruments (TI), Mattel Electronics, and Atari have all experienced delayed deliveries of their personal computer systems in the past few months. Delays were due to a shortage of parts, which restricted production of these new systems. Atari did not start shipping units until October 1979, and TI did not start until November. Quantities were severely limited during the Christmas season. Mattel did not even start shipping until after Christmas. In all cases, the companies claimed that "silicon shortages" caused the delays. TI and Atari had promised to start deliveries in August. This problem is common throughout the computer industry, due to an unexpectedly high demand for integrated circuits.

DATA-STORAGE ADVANCES PREDICTED: A San Jose, California, market research firm has released an interesting report on the future of microcomputer storage systems. Creative Strategies International predicts that during the next two years we will see the introduction of new, low-cost 5-inch and 8-inch Winchester-technology disks, new sizes (4-inch and 6-inch) of Winchester drives, "backend" processors (disk controller and data base manager), and on-line archives in both video-disk and cartridge-tape form.

Low-cost, 5-inch floppy-disk drives and digital cassettes are expected from Japan. They will be mass-produced for intelligent-typewriter and home-computer applications. Prices of floppy-disk and Winchester disk drives are expected to drop to less than one-third of current prices.

The new small Winchester disk drives, or micro-Winchesters, will have storage capacities starting at 1 megabytes and removable disk modules about the size of an 8-track audio tape cartridge. The back-end processors will be available by the mid-1980s. They will combine Winchester-diskcontroller and data-base-management functions in large-scale integrated circuits, with fast parallel architecture, content-addressed memory, charge-coupled memory systems or bubble memory. On the other hand, 8-inch floppy disks should reach the 5 megabyte capacity by the mid-1980s.

BUBBLE MEMORY STATUS REPORT: Bubble memory has developed considerably during the past year. Device size has jumped from 64 K bit, serial shift-register architectures to 1 megabit major/minor-loop, block-replicate architecture. Four megabit devices, organized as 4- and 8-bit words, are expected next year. Access times have dropped from hundreds of milliseconds; under 10 milliseconds is expected by the end of 1980. Five companies, Fujitsu, Intel, Plessey, Rockwell and Texas Instruments, are now competing for a share of the developing bubble memory business. Three more companies, Hitachi, Motorola, and Siemens, are expected to enter the market this year.

SPEECH-SYNTHESIS TECHNOLOGY IMPROVING: A year and a half ago when Texas Instruments introduced its Speak & Spell toy with voice output, the experts were amazed at is voice quality and low cost. Now single-board synthesizers, which can be easily interfaced to computers, are available from Texas Instruments, the Votrax Division of Federal Screw Works in Troy, Michigan, and Telesensory Systems Inc (TSI) of Palo Alto, California (TSI specializes in products for aiding the blind). Even IBM has added voice output to a typewriter. Further, Texas Instruments has now made available a low-cost voice synthesizer chip set for use by game and appliance manufacturers.

The Texas Instrument synthesizer stores words in its memory and thus is limited to 180 standard words, plus up to 180 words stored in external read-only memory. On the other hand, the Votrax unit is programmed with 62 phonemes (sound units) and can form an unlimited number of words.

M($\overline{\mathbf{A}}$



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The voice quality of present units is acceptable but still leaves much to be desired. Most listeners agree that the Texas Instruments' unit produces better quality voices. There is no doubt that next year we will see a larger number of devices and appliances with voice output on the market, some possibly with voice input.

ANALOG MEMORY DEVELOPED: Sanyo Electric Company of Tokyo, Japan, recently reported at a Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers conference that it has developed a nonvolatile analog memory. The memory permits the direct storage of analog signals, eliminating the current technique of digitizing the analog signal and storing it in binary form. Analog memory could greatly simplify the circuitry used in voice and music synthesizer equipment, as well as in such applications as television tuning.

TANDY TO ENTER DISK DRIVE BUSINESS: Tandy Corporation has agreed to form a joint floppydisk manufacturing venture with Datapoint Corporation. Final approval is still pending from the boards of directors of both companies. Tandy currently buys floppy-disk drives for its Radio Shack computers from Shugart Associates, Control Data, and Tandon Magnetics. Datapoint makes their own units under a license from Shugart. Last year, Tandy attempted to purchase Perkins Elmer's Orbis floppy-disk operation for \$2.2 million, but was outbid (\$2.5 million) by Siemens.

DUAL-SIDED FLOPPY-DISK AVAILABILITY IMPROVES: In 1977, floppy-disk manufacturers started showing prototypes of their dual-sided floppy-disk drives. Shipments started in early 1979, but the firms soon ran into production problems. The double-sided drives caused excessive wear on disks and had other reliability problems. Manufacturers now have apparently learned how to manufacture these drives reliably and are finally getting into quantity production.

Last year a total of nearly 250,000 8-inch drives and 500,000 5-inch drives were made. It is expected that well over 1 million 5-inch drives will be made this year, and that nearly 30% will be double-sided.

RADIO SHACK TAKES ACTION TO PROTECT TRS-80 TRADEMARK: At the opening of a recent microcomputer show in Boston, federal court injunctions were served to three exhibitors, ordering them to immediately stop selling or distributing anything with the characters "TRS-80" written on it, and to hand over all such items and literature to Tandy-Radio Shack for disposal. Further, Radio Shack demanded \$10,000 for damage done to Radio Shack by each of the three companies.

Radio Shack claimed the companies were using the TRS-80 trademark illegally and in such a manner that people would think they were buying Radio Shack products. Further, Radio Shack claimed that business was being stolen from them, and that should the products prove defective, Radio Shack's reputation would be damaged.

The exhibitors had no prior warning of the injunction. Two of the exhibitors immediately appealed the injunction, pointing out that Radio Shack was clearly credited as the trademark owner in all advertising; the injunction was rescinded. The third exhibitor, who failed to take immediate legal action, was prevented from selling his regular merchandise at the show; instead he substituted a line of goods contained in packages not bearing the legend "TRS-80."

16-BIT MICROPROCESSOR STATUS REPORT: Intel has been producing its 8086 16-bit processor in volume since the spring of 1979. The 8086 has been successful but it is generally considered to be a less powerful device than either the Zilog Z8000 or Motorola 68000. While Zilog has been providing samples of the Z8000 for over six months, the firm is only now begining volume production. Reportedly the samples did not execute all instructions correctly. Motorola has been sampling the 68000 for several months, and production quantities are expected soon. Recipients of sample devices from Motorola have reported that some instructions do not execute correctly and that the device will not operate at maximum rated speed. The companies are aware of these problems, and actual production units are expected to operate properly.

Other problems slowing the adoption of the Zilog and Motorola processors are lack of availability of peripheral devices (such as the Zilog memory-management integrated circuit), lack of software, and the fact that second-source suppliers are still far from production.

MAIL NOTE: I receive a lot of mail each month, as a result of this column. If you write to me and wish a response, enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

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SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN



We are accustomed to seeing divers and gymnasts begin to twist and somersault long after they have left the springboard or the floor. Indeed, in order to win gold medals divers need to perform such complex feats in midair as the forward two-and-a-half somersault with two twists. But, you may ask, doesn't this violate the law of conservation of angular momentum? It postulates: In the absence of torques, or rotational forces, the angular momentum of a body is conserved. In the March SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN you will see how this paradox is resolved. You may be relieved to learn that divers and gymnasts (and free-falling cats, too) perform their midair rotations without violating any laws of physics. Moreover, the underlying

Do divers and gymnasts violate the law?

physics is the same for the astronauts in space who need to control their body orientation in a weightless environment.

In the same issue you will find that impaired communication among cells can be a cause of a variety of diseases, as widely different from

each other as cholera, diabetes and manic-depressive psychosis. In each there occurs a form of failure of fit between signal-bearing molecules from one cell and the receptor molecules in the outer or internal membranes of the target cell.

You will learn how British archaeologists have plumbed the past that lies under the city of York, down through the medieval city into the 9th century Viking city of Jorvik and on below to Eburacum, the great fortress city that held the northernmost boundary of the Roman Empire.

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Electronic Planimetry

Peter A Santi John Fryhofer Gregory Hansen Medical Research East University of Minnesota 2630 University Ave SE Minneapolis MN 55414

A planimeter is an instrument (formerly mechanical) for measuring the area of a two-dimensional figure by tracing its perimeter. Area measurements obtained from planimeters are useful for a variety of applications, such as cartography, geology, metallurgy and biology. Our biomedical application requires area and length measurements of irregularly shaped two-dimensional figures. To this end an electronic planimeter has been designed consisting of a Summagraphes Bit Pad and a Terak microcomputer programmed in UCSD Pascal (Version I.5),

In practice, a user specifies a scale factor and then traces the boundary line of a figure using either a stylus or a single-button cursor. To improve the accuracy of the area measurement, the program detects closure (ie: when the end of the tracing meets the beginning) and displays the calculations. You can trace additional figures with the same scale by using only the stylus or cursor switch. Using this electronic planimeter, area and perimeter length measurements are more accurate and can be obtained faster than with a mechanical planimeter.

The Terak Microcomputer

The Terak 8510 (see photo 1) is a

completely self-contained, 16-bit microcomputer using a Digital Equipment Corporaiton (DEC) LSI-11 with the hardware floating-point option. The Terak contains 56 K bytes of memory, a single 8-inch floppy disk drive, 128-character ASCII keyboard, 12-inch video monitor with a 320-by-240 graphics dot matrix, a 24-line-by-80-character display, and an RS-232C and 20 mA serial interface. The cabinet also houses an additional serial or 16-bit parallel interface card. The Terak is supported by the DEC RT-11 operating system and UCSD Pascal.

The Terak is well suited for UCSD Pascal, which can be purchased for a reasonable price. The Terak is a conservative, but well-designed system which performs with a high degree of reliability. It serves as a generalpurpose laboratory computer and in this application as a host computer for the Summagraphics Bit Pad digitizer.

The Summagraphics Bit Pad

The Bit Pad includes a digitizing surface or data tablet, control unit, power supply, and writing stylus or a single-button cursor. The control unit consists of an 8-bit microcomputer (Intel 8035), a control program in erasable, programmable read-only memory, and binary counters. The control unit generates X and Y coordinate points of the location of the stylus or cursor as it travels across the tablet surface. These coordinate points are generated as serial or parallel data and can be used by a host computer for a variety of applications.

Theory of Operation

The Bit Pad operates on a magnetic principle. Current is pulsed along a *send* wire that lies perpendicular to a mesh of magnetostrictive wires lying beneath the writing surface of the tablet. The current pulse changes the dimensions of the magnetrostrictive material and a strain wave simultaneously propagates down all the wires in one direction. This propagated strain wave is sensed by a *receive* coil in the stylus or cursor. The control unit times the delay

Terak is a registered trademark of Terak Corporation.

RT-11 and LSI-11 are registered trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation.

Bit Pad is a registered trademark of Summagraphics Corporation.



*Superbrain is a registered trademark of Intertec Data Systems.

System Specifications СРИ Місторгосевзога Twin ZBOA's with 4MHZ Clock Frequency One ZBOA (the host processor) performs all processor and screen related functions. The second ZBOA is "down-loaded" by the host to execute disk I/O When not processing disk data the second ZBO may be programmed by the host for other processor related functions. B bits 1.0 microseconds register to register 158 All interrupts are vectored. Word Size Execution Time Machine Instructions Interrupt Mode Floppy Disk Storage Cepacity 289% total bytes formatted on two double density drives. Optional external 10-300 megabyte hard disk storage is available using optional 5-100 bus adaptor 250% bits/second 250 millineconds, 35 milliseconds track-to-track Data Transfer Rate Average Access Time Media Media Disk Rotation Internal Memory Dynamic RAM Static RAM 5 /4 unch mina-disk 300 RPM 64% bytes dynamic RAM 256 bytes of static RAM is provided in addition to the main processor RAM. This memory is used for program and/or data storage for the auxiliary processor 1% bytes standard. Allows ROM "bootstrapping" of system at power-on. ROM storage is 2708 compatible and may be reprogrammed by the user for custom applications. ROM Storage CRT 12-inch dynamically focused P4 phosphor 25 lines x 80 characters per line 8 x 8 character matrix on a 8 x 12 character field Elevan special graphics symbols used for form generation Light characters on a dark background Reversible through keyboard program selection 20 MWZ T Display Size Display Format Character Font Line Drawing Characters Display Presentation Bandwidth Cuisor municipations Light characters on a dark back 20 MHZ Reversed image (block cursor) munications Screen Data Transfer Auxiliary Interlace Parallel Interlace S-100 Bus Transparent Mode Memory mapped at 38 kilobaud Serial transmission of data at rates up to 9600 bps Universal RS-232 asynchronous Synchronous interface optional Radio Shack TRS-80 compatible Radio Shack TRS-80 compatible Printed curcuit edge connector provided for connection of optional S-100 bus adaptor Enables display of all incoming and outgoing control codes Choice of even, odd. marking or spacing Half or Full Duplex. One or two step bits Direct positioning by either discrete or absolute addressing Parity Transmission Mode Addressable Cursor Addressable Cursor nem Utilities Disk Operating System DOS Software fontRAN COBOL BASIC Su CP/M An 8080 disk assembler, debugger, text editor and file handling utilities O: ANSI standard Relocatable, random and sequential disk access ANSI standard Relocatable, sequential, relative and indexed disk access Sequential and random disk access Pull string manipulation, interpreter Extonsive software development tools are available including software for the following applications: Payroll, Accounts Receivable, Accounts Payable, Inventory Control, General Ledger and Word Processing Application Packages Kayboard Alphanumeric Character Special Features Numeric Pad Special Functions Keys Cursor Control Internal Construction Cabinetry Generates all 128 upper and lower case ASCII characters. N-Key Rollover. Automatic repeat (at 15 CPS), Keyboard lock/unlock O-9, docimal point, comma, minus and four user-programmable function keys Up to 64 user-defined two-key function sequences Up, down, forward, backward, and home Cabinetry Component Layout Structural foam Structural loam Two board modular design. All processor related functions and hardware are on a single printed circuit board. All index and power related circuits on a separate single board. These two boards are interconnected via a single 22-pin ribbon cable CRT and two circuit boards mounted to base. CRT in a rigid steel frame. Disk Drive assem-Mounting bly mounted into upper cover for ease of servicing Environment Approximately 45 pounds 14 %" (H) x 21 % (W) x 23 % (D) Operating 0' 10 50° CStorage 0° to 85° C. 10 to 95% rel humidity - non condensing 115 VAC, 60 HZ, 1 AMP (optional 230VAC/50HZ model available) Weight Physical Dimensions Environment onment or Requirements

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Photo 1: The Terak microcomputer with dual floppy-disk drive, video display, and keyboard. The Summagraphics Bit Pad consists of the digitizing tablet and the microcomputer control unit.

required for the strain wave to reach the receive coil, and this delay is used to calculate X and Y coordinate data.

Digitizing Tablet

The data tablet is a low-profile, plastic pad that has an active surface area of approximately 784 square centimeters. The X, Y origin is located in the lower left corner of the tablet and is not relocatable. The active surface area can be visualized as a square matrix of 2795 by 2795 points with a resolution of 0.1 mm. The Bit Pad can also be configured for English unit measurements.

Microcomputer Control Unit

The control unit contains six frontpanel, push-button switches (see photo 1). One is a reset switch, three switches control the digitizing rate, and two switches control the operating mode. These switches may be overridden by software from the host processor, thus allowing complete host control.

The three rate switches select 64, 32, 16, 8, 4, 2, or 1 coordinate pairs to be generated per second. The two mode switches select point, switchstream, or stream operating mode.

A coordinate pair is generated for each depression of the Z-axis switch in the stylus or cursor in the *point* mode. In the *switch-stream* mode, coordinate pairs are generated continuously as long as the Z-axis switch remains depressed. Coordinate points are generated continuously in the *stream* mode. It should be noted that no points are generated unless the stylus or cursor is within 4 mm of the active surface area of the tablet.

The control unit also contains an 8-bit input and output (I/O) port, an interrupt line, a single-bit reset line, and optionally a TTL or RS-232C serial line. The input port (also referred to as the command byte, figure 1) allows for control of both the operating mode and transmission rate of the Bit Pad by a host processor. Three bits are allocated for the transmission rate, two bits for the operating mode and three bits serve as hand-shaking signals between the host processor and the Bit Pad.

The three handshaking bits are: status valid, which is used by the host computer to signal a change in mode or rate; byte received, which indicates that a byte of data has been read by the host; and next byte, which is used by the host to request the next byte of data from the Bit Pad. An additional single-bit line (in strobe) enables the host to reset the Bit Pad's control unit.

A host processor can receive data from the Bit Pad by polling or handshaking, or the Bit Pad interface can be driven by interrupts. The output port of the Bit Pad provides coordinate points to the host processor in a sequence of five data bytes (see figure 2). A 1 in the most significant bit of the first byte signals the host



Figure 1: The bit format of the input or command byte for the Bit Pad. In addition, a single line is used by the host computer to reset or clear the Bit Pad's electronic circuitry.



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| BYTE 3 | FIRST Byte | BYTE Available | X11 | X10 | X9 | XB | X7 | X6 |
| BYTE 4 | FIRST Byte | BYTE Available | ¥5 | ¥4 | Y3 | ¥2 | Yl | YO |
| BYTE 5 | FIRST BYTE | BYTE AVAILABLE | ¥11 | Y10 | Y9 | ¥8 | ¥7 | Y6 |

Figure 2: Five bytes of data are transmitted from the Bit Pad's output port for each coordinate pair of points generated. The first byte contains information concerning depression of the Z-axis switch. The next four bytes contain a 12-bit representation of the X and Y coordinates. Each byte also contains two control bits, which are used for handshaking purposes.

that the current byte is the first of the five-byte sequence. The next bit (byte available) when set to 1 indicates that a byte of data is available, and the bit labeled F0 corresponds to the status of the Z-axis switch.

An optional four-button cursor may also be used. The four buttons correspond to bits F0 thru F3 in byte 1. The next four bytes in the sequence contain a 12-bit representation of the X and Y coordinates. This data can also be transmitted in serial format with parity and stop bits, at data transmission rates from 37.5 bps to 28,000 bps.

The control unit does not contain a pilot light; however, it does contain two diagnostic routines that can be used to check its circuits and interface connections to the host processor. The control unit requires power supplies of +5 V and +12 V, and -12 V or, with optional regulators, +8 V, +16 V, and -16 V.

Pascal Program: PLANIMETER

This program, which appears in listing 1, receives coordinates points five bytes at a time from the Bit Pad. The line length and area of a closed two-dimensional figure are calculated by integrating the figure with trapezoids. By using Pascal and the Terak, it is possible to receive and process approximately thirty coordinate points per second.

User-defined data types are used to interface the Bit Pad to the Terak minicomputer. LOWBYTE is the image of the output from the Bit Pad. It contains three fields: the data (D), READY (byte available) and the FIRST-byte bits. DEVICE is a datatype that represents the I/O buffers on the Terak's port which are connected to the Bit Pad.

At the beginning of the main program, the pointer BITPAD is set to the integer value -160 (which is the address of the port) using a variant record type. The pointer BITPAD.P points to the port, and BITPAD.P1 contains the Terak I/O buffers for the parallel port.

Each input byte is read as LOOKB := BITPAD.P1.INBUF in the procedure NEXTBYTE using handshaking. The sequence begins by waiting for the next byte to be ready (LOOKB.READY is true). The Terak signals the Bit Pad that it has read the data by sending the command byte OUTRECEIVED. The program increments the counter (BYT), waits for the Bit Pad to clear and then signals

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City State/Country Postal Code 1 Rates shown are for surface delivery. Air mell delivery evailable at extra cost. Please femiti in US funds.drawn on a US bank. PROGRAM PLANINETER # (# Written by: John Fryhofer and modified by Gres Hansen. This program reads parallel data from a disitizing tablet and calculates the area and perimeter of a closed figure traced on it \$ 2 CONST PORTADOR = -160;OUTRECEIVED = 95 (* 01011111 *); OUTNEXT = 159(* 10011111 *); OUTNEXT = 1 TYPE (* Output from BIT PAD *) LOWBYTE = PACKED RECORD D : 0..63 ; READY : BODLEAN; FIRST : BOOLEAN END: (* this is what the device looks like *) DEVICE = PACKED RECORD CSR : PACKED ARRAY [0.,15] OF BOOLEAN; OUTBUF 2 INTEGER; INBUF : LOWBYTE? END: VAR BITPAD : RECORD (* Loads the device address as an integer and points to it #) CASE BODLEAN OF FALSE : (P : +DEVICE); TRUE : (I : INTEGER) END CALCDELTA, CLOSEDELTA, BYT, P : INTEGER; LOOKB: LOWBYTE; RESPONS: CHAR; START, (* Start new figure *) DIDPRINT: (* Already printed for button up *) BOOLEAN FIRSTX, FIRSTY, LASTX, LASTY, X, Y, AREA, LEN, CUMAREA, CUMLEN, MAGR: REAL; K: PACKED ARRAY [0..1] OF CHAR; (* Dummy array; K[0] holds command *) PTR : INTERACTIVE; PROCEDURE NEXTRYTE: VAR W: LOUBYTE: BEGTN (* Reads next byte from BIT PAD *) REPEAT IF NOT UNITBUSY(2) THEN UNITREAD (2,KC03,1,,1); (* Look for command *) LOOKE := BITPAD.Pt.INBUF UNTIL LOOKE.READY OR (K[0] = 'Q'); (* Good data *) PITPAD.Pt.OUTBUF := OUTRECEIVED; JF LOOKB.FIRST THEN BYT := 0; BYT := BYT + 1; REPEAT W := BITPAD.Pt.INBUF UNTIL NOT W.READY; (* BIT PAD reset *) BITPAD.Pt.OUTBUF := OUTNEXT; (* BIT PAD sends next byte *) END (* NEXTBYTE *); PROCEDURE DEBUGO; (* used for debussins only *) REGIN WRITE(LOOKB.D); IF LOOKB, READY THEN WRITE(' READY'); IF LOOKB, FIRST THEN WRITE(' FIRST'); WRITELNE END: PROCEDURE PRINT: REGIN (# Frint results #) 50 MM / Length :', HAGR*CUHLEN:9:6, " mm", CHR(10)); END; (* PRINT *) PROCEDURE NEWFIGURE; (* initialize *) BEGIN START := FALSE: FIRSTX:= X; FIRSTY := Y; LASTX := X; LASTY != Y; P := 0; CUMAREA := 0; CUMLEN := 0; WRITE ('*DOWN', CHR(7)); Listing 1 continued on page 122

from the Summagraphics Bit Pad and determines the area perimeter of a traced figure.

Listing 1: Pascal program that uses input

the Bit Pad with OUTNEXT that the next byte is ready to be received.

The first loop in the main program waits for the depression of the cursor Z-axis switch ("button down" in the listing). The loop also synchronizes the program with the five data bytes from the Bit Pad. Only the first byte of the five-byte sequence contains a 1 in bit 7 (FIRST is TRUE), and a 1 in bit 2 (D = 4) when the switch is depressed. Bit 6 is set to 1 (READY is TRUE) by the Bit Pad when the byte is available. When the switch is released the results are displayed using the procedure PRINT.

The second loop is executed for each point when the switch is depressed and coordinates are being received. Bits 0 thru 5 (D) of input bytes 2 and 3 contain the 12-bit X coordinate and D in bytes 4 and 5 contain the Y coordinate. After each byte is fetched, the CASE-statement code transfers the data into the integers X and Y by adding up the values. When the final byte is taken, it may then start a new figure if the switch was just pushed, calculate the next point, and/or detect closure and print the results.

The procedure CALC is called after each X,Y coordinate input that is located at a distance at least CALCDELTA away from the last point. X and Y are the integer coordinates in units of the Bit Pad's increments, which are 0.1 mm from the tablet's origin (lower left corner). The maximum value possible for X and Y is 2795. The length is calculated with the formula for the distance (d) between two points:

$$(d) = \sqrt{(X1 - X0)^2 + (Y1 - Y0)^2}$$

where X1 and Y1 are the current coordinates and X0 and Y0 are the last coordinates. Since many points are processed, the length of an irregular line is calculated from a number of short straight lines that yield a good approximation of the true line length.

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Listing 1 continued: END (*NEWFIGURE*) PROCEDURE CALC: BEGIN (* Caculate incremental area and lensth *) P:= P + 1; AREA:= (X - LASTX) * (Y + LASTY) / 2 / 100; LEN:= SQRT(SQR(LASTX-X) + SQR(LASTY-Y)) / 10; CUMAREA:= CUMAREA + AREA; CUMLEN:= CUMLEN + LEN; IF KEO] = 'A' THEN (* Print each point *) PRINTE LASTX:= X; (* Save this point *) LASTY:= Y END: (* CALC *) PROCEDURE CLOSURE! IN (* back at first point: finish *) CUMAREA:= CUMAREA + (FIRSTX - LASTX)*(FIRSTY + LASTY) / 2 / J00; CUMLEN:= CUMLEN + SQRT(SQR(LASTX-FIRSTX) + SQR(LASTY-FIRSTY)) / J0; BEGIN WRITELN ('*CLOSURE', CHR(7)); PRINTI DIDPRINT := TRUE ; START := TRUE; END: BEGIN (* MAIN *) REWRITE(PTR, 'REMOTE: '); BITPAD.I := PORTADDR; BITPAD.PT.OUTBUF 1= DUTNEXT: WRITELN(' LENGTH AND AREA M LENGTH AND AREA MEASUREMENTS'); WRITELNS WRITELN('Please leave all the switches out. The program sets the BIT PAD to'); stream mode and full speed."); WRITELN(" WRITELN; WRITELN('Type a ''Q'' at any time to change magnification or quit,'); WRITELN(''A'' to see all the points displayed (with speed degradation),'); (''''''' to turn on the printer;'); MRITELNC 1 WRITELN(' and press a space to turn off the modes.'); REPEAT KE0] := " 1.5 WRITELNI WRITE('CALCOELTA: '); READLN(CALCDELTA); WRITE('CLOSEDELTA: '); READLN(CLOSEDELTA); WRITE ('MAGNIFICATION FACTOR? '); READLN (MAGR); WRITELN ('READY. FACTOR = ', MAGR 19:7); START := TRUE; DIDPRINT := TRUE; WHILE KEOJ <> 'Q' DD BEGIN (* Loop for each point *) REPEAT (* Wait for button down *) NEXTBYTE; IF (BYT = 1) AND (LOOKB.D <> 4) AND NOT DIDPRINT THEN BEGIN (* If first point and button up *) WRITELN(**UP' + CHR(7)); PRINT DIDPRINT:= TRUE; START := TRUE END (* If first point and button up *) UNTIL (BYT = 1) AND (LOOKB.D = 4) OR (KE0] = 'Q'); (* Bulton is down *) WHILE (BYT < 5) AND (KC0] <> 'Q') DO BEGIN (* Get whole point *) NEXTBYTE: DIDPRINT:= FALSE: CASE BYT OF 2: X := LOOKB.D; 3: X := X + 64*LOOKB.D; 4: Y := LOOKB.D; S: BEGIN Y 1= Y + 64*LOOKB.D; IF START THEN NEWFIGURE ELSE IF (ABS(X - LASTX) > CALCDELTA) OR (ABS(Y - LASTY) > CALCDELTA) THEN CALC; (* Only take points far enough away *) IF (ABS(X-FIRSTX) < CLOSEDELTA) AND (ARS(Y-FIRSTY) < CLOSEDELTA) AND (P > HINPTS) THEN CLOSURE; (* Back at first point +/- DELTA *) END(* 5: *) END; (* CASE *) ENDI (* Get whole point *) END; (* Next Foint *) WRITE (ANOTHER MEASUREMENT? '); READ(RESPONS); UNTIL RESPONS = 'N'; END.

Area Calculation

Area is calculated by integration, by dividing the figure being traced into trapezoids. The trapezoids are calculated with the X axis as the base and up to the present and last points as the top. This formula is calculated for each new point:

Area = $[(X1 - X0) \times (Y1 + Y0)]/2$.

When the current point is within a distance equal to CLOSEDELTA of the *first* point, closure is detected. This is done in order to achieve the lowest possible error by ending the figure where it started (ie: within 0.3 mm of the beginning of the trace). When closure is detected, final calculations are made to close the figure. The results are printed, and START is set so it will clear the variables the next time around for a new figure.

CALCDELTA is used to correct for oscillation of the coordinates due to the analog-to-digital (A/D) conversion, which results in inaccurately measured line lengths. If CALC-DELTA is too small, then oscillation between points causes many coordinates to be inappropriately summed resulting in an overestimation of the true length of the traced figure. If CALCDELTA is too large, not enough points will be fitted, resulting in a less accurate approximation. Good results have been obtained with CALCDELTA = 3 (that is, 0.3 mm).

Conclusion

This electronic planimeter has been used for thousands of measurements in a laboratory environment. It is faster to use and more accurate than a mechanical planimeter. The relative error between twenty repeated areatracings of several different figures was consistently less than 0.5%. This electronic planimeter is less expensive and more flexible than commercially available dedicated-microprocessor systems that are specifically designed for planimetry, such as the Leitz Image Analysis System and the Zeiss MOP-3. A microcomputer or minicomputer user whose application involves length and area calculations of irregularly shaped figures will find this system useful and relatively inexpensive to construct.



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A Power-Line Protection Circuit

Neil A Schneider Bror E Erickson 9434 Ironwood Des Plaines IL 60016

Several years ago while he was working with color organ circuits, a friend of mine connected a color organ to an All American Five radio receiver. For those of you who are too young to remember, the All American Five was a popular fivetube radio design containing no power transformer. To my friend's surprise, and fortunately not to his harm, the connection of his color organ to this radio resulted in foothigh flames as the audio output transformer burned.

The radio receiver had a "hot" internal chassis which was isolated from the outside world by its plastic case. The power cord was not polarized to connect the chassis to the low side of the AC power line. As my friend made his connection, he placed the 117 VAC power line current across the 8 ohm impedance audiooutput secondary winding of the transformer, and across the speaker. This resulted in flames and a destroyed radio receiver.

Home computer enthusiasts of



Figure 1: A simple circuit that offers some protection by using a relay to reverse connections to the power line. However, no protection is provided if the earth-ground line is defeated.



Figure 2: A better circuit that uses a double-pole, double-throw switch to present reversible power to the relay. If an attempt is made to defeat the earth ground, the power is cut off.

today face the same problem. While my friend's error only resulted in the loss of a radio (about \$15), the connection of computer circuits to transformerless hot-chassis television sets can result in the loss of hundreds of dollars in digital circuits.

The obvious solution is to use three-wire power cords on all equipment to insure that the television chassis is at *earth ground*. This solution works fine as long as no wiring errors have been made in the AC power socket. If you transport your computer to a friend's house, you are again betting the hundreds of dollars, and maybe your life, on the accuracy of *his* electrical system.

The circuit shown in figure 1 is a better solution. This circuit is less expensive than an isolation transformer, and it can even incorporate a power-line fault indicator. The circuit simply detects ground-fault conditions. The 117 VAC relay connects between the cold-side power and earth-ground lines.

If a wiring error has been made, and the cold terminal is hot with respect to earth ground, the relay closes to reverse the power connection to the television. A neon lamp wired across the relay will provide a line-fault indication. CAUTION! No protection is provided with this circuit if the earth-ground line is defeated.

All that is required to provide full power-line protection is the addition of a double-pole, double-throw on/off switch as shown in figure 2. This switch is used to present reversible power to the relay. When the AC line is switched to the proper connection, the relay activates, and applies power to the load. If any attempt is made to defeat the earth ground, the circuit will not function, and the load will not receive power.

The result is a circuit that is, for most applications, less expensive and physically smaller than an isolation transformer. This relay circuit should fit inside almost any television set that you wish to modify for your video terminal. It may protect you and your equipment from a fatal mistake.■

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Landing Module Simulation with Random Surface

S J Houng E 36 Salmon St Spokane WA 99218

This article describes a program that simulates the landing of a jet-propelled craft on a random surface. The surface is generated by a random-number generator. As seen in photo 1, the craft can be steered vertically or horizontally by the firing of the main jet, the side jets, or



Photo 1: Landing module hovering over the five-segment random surface as it cautiously approaches its landing site.

both of them. During the dynamic simulation, the craft will move vertically along the central vertical line of the oscilloscope. The horizontal movement of the random surface causes the craft to appear to move in the opposite direction.

The sequence of the simulation is as follows:

- The dynamic equations of the craft are solved by Euler's method. The solutions are velocity and displacement.
- The craft is displayed according to the vertical

displacement, and the jets are made visible when they are fired.

- The random surface is displayed relative to the horizontal displacement of the craft. There are 256 segments of random surface which form a continuous terrain. Only five surface segments are shown on the oscilloscope at one time.
- When the craft has touched down on the surface, the vertical and horizontal velocity are compared with the crash velocity. If the craft exceeds the crash velocity, it will disappear from the screen. If it lands safely, it will remain on the surface waiting for liftoff.

The needed hardware is: a Motorola MEK6800 D2 Kit, two 8-bit digital-to-analog (D/A) converters, and an oscilloscope with DC inputs, as shown in figure 1. The capacitors at the output of the digital-to-analog converter are used to obtain a straight line display between two points. The keyboard will be used to enter the following commands:

- G Go to start the simulation
- M Main jet firing
- R Right jet firing
- P Left jet firing

After the program has been entered, the microprocessor will be directed to execute the program beginning at hexadecimal address 00F1 (listing 1). The oscilloscope will display a stationary craft and a random surface. Closure of the G key will start the dynamic simulation. Now you may control the firing of jet engines by pressing the M, R, or P keys. The objective of the control is to land safely. If the craft crashes, it will disappear from the screen. By pressing the G key, a new craft for you to command will appear on the screen. A star will be

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Figure 1: A block diagram illustrating the interface connections used to monitor the landing simulation on an oscilloscope.

seen above the craft whenever you make a safe landing. The craft will stay on the surface until you lift it from the surface by pressing the G and M keys simultaneously. The degree of control skill required depends on the speed of the simulation. You may change the speed by increasing or decreasing the time delay at hexadecimal address 01BB.

The graphic resolution is 256 by 256 points on the screen for an 8-bit microprocessor. The contour of the craft and jets is defined by coordinate points, and lines between points. Each point needs 2 bytes of storage. The first byte defines the horizontal coordinate, and the second byte defines the vertical coordinate. If the value of the first byte is 0, this will signal the end of display. The coordinate points for the top section of the craft begin at hexadecimal address 01F1. This is followed by the left jet, left side, main jet, right side, right jet, and a 5-point star.

The movement of the craft on the screen is obtained by the translation of points. This is accomplished by adding to or subtracting from the first byte with the amount of horizontal displacement, and the second byte with the amount of vertical displacement. The motion is such that the shape, size, and orientation are not changed. The display program DSPLY begins at hexadecimal address 01A3. You can see here that only the second byte is translated to simulate the vertical motion of the craft. The random surface is displayed by the subroutine SURF (hexadecimal address 01C0), that simulates the horizontal motion for the craft.

The subroutine RAND (hexadecimal address 0056) can generate a string of 256 random numbers before repeating the numbers. A number is picked as the seed for producing a string of random numbers. Beginning with the seed, the random-surface generator SRFGEN (hexadecimal address 0062) always produces the same string of numbers. The length of the string is determined by the total horizontal displacement of the craft. Only the last five numbers are used to represent the height of five surface segments. The third surface segment is located directly below the craft.

The length of the horizontal display is hexadecimal FF, and each surface segment has a width of hexadecimal 40. The subroutine BXING (hexadecimal address 0085) will add or subtract a random number from the string whenever the horizontal displacement of the craft is increased or decreased by an amount of hexadecimal 40. This will create a continuous horizontal movement for the craft which appears to be flying over an unknown terrain. The last random number of the string is saved as the seed for the next simulation. Therefore, none of the landing simulations will be the same.

An 8-bit microprocessor represents a numerical range of decimal 0 to 255, or hexadecimal 0 to FF. It seems that *Text continued on page 139*

Listing 1: M6800 assembler listing of the program that controls all movement of the landing module. The speed adjustment can be made by modifying the contents of hexadecimal location 01BB. The subroutine SURF, starting at hexadecimal location 01C0, displays the random surface which simulates the horizontal motion of the craft. The coordinate points for the top section of the craft are stored at hexadecimal location 01F1.

| 00001 | | | | | NAM | | LM | STMULATION |
|-------|------|-----|------|--------|------|---|------------|------------|
| 00002 | | 800 | 04 | PIA | EQU | | \$8004 | 2. |
| 00003 | | 800 | 06 | PIB | FOL | | \$8006 | 3. |
| 00004 | | BO | 05 | CRA | FOIL | | \$8005 | 4. |
| 00005 | | 800 | 07 | CRB | FOIL | | \$8007 | 5. |
| 00004 | | 80 | 22 | SCNREG | FOU | | \$8022 | 6. |
| 00007 | | 001 | 20 | DISPEC | FOU | | \$9020 | 7 |
| 00008 | 0000 | DV. | | MIGNEO | 000 | | 00020 | 9 |
| 00000 | 0000 | 80 | | ¥1 | ECB | | 4.90 | 0 |
| 00010 | 0000 | 00 | | 22 | FCD | | *00 | 10 |
| 00011 | 0001 | 00 | | ¥1 | FCD | | à | 11 |
| 00012 | 0002 | 00 | | Y2 | FCD | | č | 17 |
| 00012 | 0003 | 00 | | DND | FCP | | 0 | 17 |
| 00014 | 0004 | 00 | | ENTO | FCP | | Ň | 10. |
| 00015 | 0005 | E4 | | GA | FCP | | 454 | 15 |
| 00015 | 0000 | 00 | | GI | FCP | | *FQ #A | 44 |
| 00013 | 0007 | OH | | UL I | FCP | | PF1 #55 | 10. |
| 00017 | 0000 | 50 | | JE | FUR | | 10 | 17+ |
| 00018 | 0009 | F B | | JK | FUR | | 9F E | 18. |
| 00019 | OUUA | 00 | | FLAG1 | FUN | | 0 | 19. |
| 00020 | OUOB | 00 | | FLAG2 | FLB | | 0 | 20. |
| 00021 | 0000 | 00 | | FLAGS | FCB | | 0 | 21. |
| 00022 | 0000 | 00 | | TEMP | FCB | | 0 | 22. |
| 00023 | 000E | 00 | | ODOM | FCB | | 0 | 23. |
| 00024 | 000F | 00 | | FLAG4 | FCB | | \$00 | 24. |
| 00025 | 0010 | 000 | 00 | GETSRF | FDB | | \$0 | 25. |
| 00026 | 0012 | 00 | | SUR | FCB | | 0 | 26. |
| 00027 | 0013 | 000 | 00 | | FDB | | 0 | 27. |
| 00028 | 0015 | 00 | | 85 | FCB | | 0 | 28. |
| 00029 | 0016 | 96 | 02 | SYS | LDA | A | A1 | 29, |
| 00030 | 0018 | 06 | 03 | | LDA | B | Y2 | 30. |
| 00031 | 001A | BD | 31 | | BSR | | EULER | 31, |
| 00032 | 001C | 97 | 02 | | STA | A | Y1 | 32. |
| 00033 | 001E | 96 | 03 | | LDA | A | Y2 | 33. |
| 00034 | 0020 | D6 | OA | | LDA | B | FLAG1 | 34. |
| 00035 | 0022 | 27 | 06 | | BEQ | | NEXT | 35. |
| 00036 | 0024 | D6 | 07 | | LDA | B | G1 | 36. |
| 00037 | 0026 | 80 | 25 | | BSR | | EULER | 37. |
| 0003B | 0028 | 20 | 04 | | BRA | | STORE | 38. |
| 00039 | 002A | D6 | 06 | NEXT | LDA | B | GO | 39. |
| 00040 | 002C | 80 | 1F | | BSR | | EULER | 40. |
| 00041 | 002E | 97 | 03 | STORE | STA | A | Y2 | 41. |
| 00042 | 0030 | 96 | 00 | | LDA | A | X1 | 42. |
| 00043 | 0032 | 16 | 01 | | LDA | B | X2 | 43. |
| 00044 | 0034 | 80 | 17 | | BSR | | EULER | 44. |
| 00045 | 0036 | 97 | 00 | | STA | A | X1 | 45. |
| 00046 | 0038 | 96 | 01 | | LDA | A | X2 | 46. |
| 00047 | 003A | D6 | OB | | LDA | B | FLAG2 | 47. |
| 00048 | 0030 | 26 | 01 | | BNE | | FIRE | 48. |
| 00049 | 003E | 39 | | | RTS | | | 45. |
| 00050 | 003F | D6 | 80 | FIRE | LDA | B | JL | 50. |
| 00051 | 0041 | 70 | 0008 | | TST | | FLAG2 | 51. |
| | | | | | | | | |

Listing 1 continued on page 134



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| 00052 | 0044 | 2E | 02 | | BGT | | LFIRE | 52. |
|---------|-------------|------------|-------|--------|-------|------|---------|------|
| 00057 | 0044 | TI-A | 00 | | I THA | P. | IP | 53. |
| 00033 | 0040 | 00 | 67 | LEXDE | DCD | ÷. | CHED | 54 |
| 00034 | 0046 | 90 | 03 | LFIRE | DON. | | EULER | 54. |
| 00055 | 004A | 97 | 01 | | STA | Α | X2 | 22 * |
| 00056 | 004C | 39 | | | RTS | | | 56. |
| 00057 | 0040 | CE. | 0002 | FIN FR | I DX | | #\$2 | 57. |
| 00058 | 0050 | 57 | | FO | ACE | D | | 58. |
| 000000 | 0030 | 37 | | 20 | Han | P | | 50. |
| 00059 | 0051 | 09 | | | DEX | | | 37. |
| 00060 | 0052 | 26 | FC | | BNE | | EO | 60. |
| 00061 | 0054 | 18 | | | ABA | | | 61. |
| 00062 | 0055 | 39 | | | RTS | | | 62. |
| 00047 | ADE4 | DZ. | 0.4 | DAND | 1 DA | Er. | DAID | 47. |
| 00003 | 0030 | tho. | 04 | NHND | L DH | P. | PCP41 | 03. |
| 00064 | 0058 | 17 | | | I BU | | | 04. |
| 00065 | 0059 | 58 | | | ASL | B | | 65. |
| 66000 | 005A | 58 | | | ASL | R | | 66. |
| 00047 | 0058 | 12 | | | ANA | | | 67. |
| 00007 | 00JB | 10 | | | A OL | | | |
| 00098 | 0050 | 28 | | | ASL | R | | 68, |
| 00069 | 0051 | 1B | | | ABA | | | 67. |
| 00070 | 005E | 4C | | | INC | A | | 70. |
| 00071 | 0056 | 07 | 04 | | CTA | | DND | 71. |
| 00072 | 0041 | 20 | ~~ | | DTC | • | KIND | 22 |
| 00072 | 0001 | 37 | | | KIS | - | | 12. |
| 00073 | 0062 | 06 | OE | SRFGEN | LDA | B | ODON | 13. |
| 00074 | 0064 | D7 | OP | | STA | B | TEMP | 74. |
| 00075 | 0066 | D6 | 05 | | LDA | B | RNDO | 75. |
| 00074 | 0040 | 07 | 0.4 | | CTA | 10 | E-MED | 74. |
| 00070 | 0000 | 0.0 | E.A. | LAN T | 510 | | TAPAL D | 701 |
| 00077 | 0064 | RD | LA | RXF | BSK | | KANU | 11. |
| 00078 | 006C | 7A | 0000 | | DEC | | TEMP | 78. |
| 00079 | 006F | 26 | F9 | | BNE | | NXT | 79. |
| 00080 | 0071 | CE | 0010 | | INY | | AGETODE | BO. |
| 00000 | 0074 | C. | OF. | | | - | TAP | 01 |
| 00081 | 0074 | La | 03 | | LDA | R | 440 | 01. |
| 00082 | 0076 | 07 | OI | | STA | B | TEMP | 65. |
| 00083 | 0078 | BD | DC | NXTS | BSR | | RAND | 83. |
| 00084 | 0074 | 44 | | | LSR | 4 | | 84. |
| DOODE | 0070 | | | | LOD | | | OF. |
| 00083 | 0075 | | | | Lan | HE . | | 00. |
| 00089 | 007C | A7 | 00 | | STA | A. | 0+X | 86. |
| 00067 | 007E | 08 | | | INX | | | 87. |
| 000BB | 007F | ZA. | 0000 | | DEC | | TEMP | 88. |
| 00089 | 0082 | 24 | E.A. | | DNE | | NYTE | 89. |
| 00000 | 0002 | 70 | 1 -14 | | DTO | | MAIO | 90 |
| 00070 | 0004 | 37 | | | RIS | | | 70. |
| 00091 | 0085 | 7F | 000F | BXING | CLR | | FLAG4 | 91. |
| 00092 | 0088 | 96 | 00 | | LDA | A | X1 | 92. |
| 00093 | A800 | 84 | 3F | | AND | A I | ##3E | 93. |
| 00094 | 1000 | Q 1 | 70 | | CME | | 4470 | 94. |
| AAAAE | 0000 | 24 | 00 | | DOL | PT . | ¥#30 | 05 |
| 00095 | OARE | 28 | 09 | | BPL | | XING | 73. |
| 00096 | 0090 | 81 | 10 | | CMP | A. | **10 | 96. |
| 00097 | 0092 | 2 B | 05 | | BMI | | XING | 97. |
| 00098 | 0094 | 84 | 20 | | AND | 4 | ##20 | 98. |
| 000000 | 0004 | 07 | 15 | | CTA | | DE | 00 |
| 00077 | 0070 | 77 | 10 | | STH | н | 50 | 77. |
| 00100 | 0048 | 34 | | | RIS | | | 100. |
| 00101 | 0099 | 84 | 20 | XING | AND | A | \$\$20 | 101. |
| 00102 | 009B | 16 | | | TAB | | | 102. |
| 00103 | 1900 | 90 | 15 | | CITA | 6 | 05 | 107 |
| 00100 | 0000 | | AF | | 500 | - | 0.0 | 100. |
| 00104 | UUTE. | 41 | UF | | REU | | 007 | 104. |
| 00105 | 0000 | 2B | 05 | | BMI | | FLUS | 105. |
| 00106 | 00A2 | 7A | 000E | | DEC | | MODO | 106. |
| 00107 | 00A5 | 20 | 03 | | BRA | | SAUE | 107. |
| 00108 | 0047 | 70 | OOOF | D4 HC | TNC | | ODOM | 100 |
| 00100 | 0044 | 70 | 000L | CAUE | THU | | 5LADA | 100. |
| 00104 | UOHH | 16 | UUUF | SAVE | TMP | | FLAG4 | 104' |
| 00110 | OOAD | 07 | 15 | | STA | Ð | B5 | 110. |
| 00111 | 00AF | 39 | | OUT | RTS | | | 111. |
| 00112 | 0080 | 018 | 13 | TERR | BSR | | BXING | 112. |
| 00117 | 0082 | n4 | OF | | I DA | R | EL AGA | 117 |
| 00110 | 0002 | 00 | A D | | E DPM | Б | CDOD V | 113. |
| 00114 | 0084 | 27 | 02 | | BEG | | SUSPLY | 114. |
| 00115 | 0086 | 9D | AA | | BSR | | SRFGEN | 115. |
| 00116 | OOBB | BD | 01C0 | SDSPLY | JSR | | SURF | 116. |
| 00117 | OORR | 39 | | | RTS | | | 117 |
| 00110 | 00% | AF | | KEY | CLP | 4 | | 110 |
| DA110 | AART | -11 | | NET | OLK | - | - | 110. |
| 00119 | OOBI | 47 | VA | | SIA | A | FLAG1 | 119. |
| 00120 | OOBF | 97 | OB | | STA | A | FLAG2 | 120. |
| 00121 | 00C1 | 86 | 20 | | LDA | A | #\$20 | 121. |
| 00122 | 0007 | 8D | 25 | | BSP | | TKEY | 122 |
| 00127 | AACE | 20 | 07 | | DHY | | I NE I | 197 |
| COTTO . | 0000 | 2.8 | 0.3 | | PU1 | | | 123. |
| 00124 | 0007 | 7C | 000A | | INC | | FLAGI | 124. |
| 00125 | 00CA | 86 | 10 | L | LDA | A | \$\$10 | 125. |
| 00126 | 0000 | 80 | 10 | | BSR | | TKEY | 126. |
| 00177 | OOCE | 2P | 07 | | DMY | | P | 107 |
| AA1 66 | AODE | 20 | 0007 | | DPT 1 | | | 12/1 |
| 00128 | 00100 | 7C | HOOO | | INC | | FLAG2 | 128. |
| 00129 | 0003 | 88 | AO | R | LDA | A | #\$A0 | 129. |
| 00130 | 0005 | 8D | 13 | | BSR | | TKEY | 130. |
| 00131 | 0007 | 2B | 03 | | RMT | | FXT | 131 |
| 00172 | 0000 | 74 | 0000 | | DEC | | FLAGO | 170 |
| -VAUE | 4407 | | 2005 | | 100 | | LHOZ | 195. |
| | | | | | M | | - | |

Listing 1 continued:

Listing 1 continued on page 136

IDS Announces S-100 Energy Management Module

The 100-EMM Energy Management Module provides temperature measurement at four separate locations indoors or out; monitors eight (8) doors, windows, or fire sensors; controls six external devices via relay or optoislator; and provides an intrusion alarm with battery backup (alarm operates even during primary power outages). Put the 100-EMM to use in your home or business and claim a 30% tax credit for the cost of your S-100 computer system including the 100-EMM. (Purchasing the 100-EMM can actually save you several times its cost in tax credits. Full instructions for filing are included in the 100-EMM manual.)



BUY THIS S-100 BOARD AND GET UP TO A 30% TAX CREDIT BASED ON THE COST OF YOUR COMPUTER SYSTEM!

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88-MODEM S-100 ORIGINATE/ANSWER MODEM WITH AUTO-DIALER. Software selectable baudrate provides any baudrate from 66-600 baud. Provides 1.5 stop bits when operated in 5-bit code mode. Auto-answer programs available for CROMEMCO CDOS, CP/M, North Star Horizon and MDS, and Alpha Micro.

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| | 00133 | OODC | 39 | | EXT | RTS | | | 133. |
|---|--|--|---|--|-------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| | 00174 | 0000 | 20 | 0000 | 00 | 01.0 | | EL ADZ | 174 |
| | 00134 | 00pp | 25 | 0000 | ou | LLN | | "LHOS | 1.3.4.5 |
| | 00135 | 00E0 | 99 | 50 | | LIA | A | **£0 | 135. |
| | 00136 | 00E2 | 80 | 06 | | BSR | | TKEY | 136. |
| | 00137 | OOFA | 2R | 03 | | RMT | | n | 137 |
| | 00130 | AOC/ | 30 | 0000 | | 20112 | | E1 407 | 137 1 |
| | 00138 | OOFP | 10 | 0000 | | INC | | FLAUS | 138. |
| | 00139 | 00E9 | 39 | | 0 | RTS | | | 139. |
| | 00140 | OOFA | R7 | 8022 | TKEY | STA | 6 | SCNREG | 140. |
| | 001 44 | AAET | 70 | 00000 | 1110-1 | TOT | ., | DICOCC | 4.4.1 |
| | 00141 | OOFD | 11 | 8070 | | 151 | | DISKED | 141+ |
| | 00142 | 00F0 | 39 | | | RTS | | | 142. |
| | 00143 | 00F1 | 7E | 8005 | REGIN | CL R: | | CRA | 143. |
| | 001 44 | 0054 | | 0000 | the ter de l'it | OL C | | CONT. | 4.4.4 |
| | 00144 | 00F4 | 75 | 8007 | | LLR | | LND | T-4-4 + |
| | 00145 | 00F7 | 86 | FF | | LDA | A | #\$FF | 145. |
| | 00146 | 00F9 | R7 | 8004 | | STA | A | PIA | 146. |
| | 00147 | AAFC | 87 | 9004 | | CTA | | DID | 1.47 |
| | 00147 | OVEL | E/ | 0000 | | MIG | 194 | L T D | 147+ |
| | 00148 | OOFF | 89 | 25 | | LŪA | 19 | # \$25 | 148. |
| | 00149 | 0101 | B7 | 8005 | | STA | A | CRA | 149. |
| | 00150 | 0104 | R7 | 8007 | | STA | 0 | CRR | 150. |
| | 00151 | 0107 | AF | 00007 | TALLY | PLD | | GIVE | 1501 |
| | 00131 | 0107 | 46 | | TNTI | LLK | 1-1 | | 101. |
| | 00152 | 0108 | 97 | 03 | | STA | A | Y2 | 152. |
| | 00153 | 0104 | 86 | 0A | | 1 114 | 4 | #\$0 | 153. |
| | 00154 | 0100 | 07 | 0.4 | | OTA. | | NO. | |
| | 00134 | VIUL | 71 | UI I | | 916 | P | A4 | 1044 |
| | 00155 | OIOE | 89 | 60 | | LDA | A | *\$60 | 155. |
| | 00156 | 0110 | 97 | 02 | | STA | A | Y1 | 156. |
| Ľ | 00157 | 0112 | RA | 20 | | 1 TA | 4 | 4420 | 157. |
| | ONTER | 0114 | 07 | AF | | CT. | | (3DION | 150 |
| | 00108 | V114 | 11 | VE | | AIC | 54 | OLUM | 1322 |
| | 00159 | 0116 | 96 | 04 | | LDA | A | RND | 159. |
| | 00160 | 0118 | 97 | 05 | | STA | A | RNEO | 160. |
| | 00141 | 0110 | OT. | 50 | CTADT | DCC | | LANDED | 1/1 |
| | VVIBI | VIIM | 91 | 36 | JIHR J | DOR | | LANDER | 101+ |
| | 00162 | 011C | BD | 0080 | | JSR | | TERR | 162. |
| | 00163 | 011F | 80 | BC | | RSR | | GO | 163. |
| | 00164 | 0121 | TIA. | 00 | | I DA | R | EL AGT | 144 |
| | 0010T | A1 17 | 07 | CE | | No. APPT | *. | OTADT | 104. |
| | 00165 | 0123 | 21 | FO | | REA | | START | 165. |
| | 00166 | 0125 | 80 | 95 | MUTION | BSR | | KEY | 166. |
| | 00167 | 0127 | ED | 0016 | | JSR. | | SYS | 167. |
| | 00149 | 0120 | en. | 40 | | DCC | | LANDER | 140 |
| | 00100 | 0100 | 00 | 16 | | Dan | | LANDEN | 100+ |
| | 00189 | 0120 | 80 | 4A | | BSR | | LANDER | 169. |
| | 00170 | 012E | BD | 48 | | BSR | | LANDER | 170. |
| | 00171 | 0130 | BD | OOBO | | ISR | | TERR | 171. |
| | 00172 | 0177 | 04 | 07 | | LDA | ~ | VI | 1 7 7 |
| | 00172 | 0133 | 70 | 02 | | LINE | PI | 11 | 1/2, |
| | 001/3 | 0135 | 8B | 80 | | ADD | A | \$\$80 | 173. |
| | 00174 | 0137 | 90 | 12 | | SUB | A | SUR | 174. |
| Ł | 00175 | 0139 | 32 | FA | | DUT | | MOTTON | 175 |
| | 00174 | 0170 | 01 | CD | | CMD | | AACD | |
| | 00178 | 0132 | 91 | r 15 | | CUL. | F1 | 4.01 R | 1/0. |
| | 00177 | 0130 | 2P | 10 | | BMI | | CRASH | 177. |
| | 0017B | 013F | 96 | 01 | LAND | I DA | A | X2 | 178. |
| | 00179 | 0141 | 01 | 0P | | CMD | ~ | 840 | 170 |
| | 00177 | 01.47 | 01 | 00 | | G3115 | н | # PO | 1/7+ |
| | 00180 | 0143 | 26 | 0A | | BPL | | CRASH | 180. |
| | 00181 | 0145 | 81 | FB | | CMP | A | #\$F8 | 181. |
| | 00182 | | 20 | 06 | | RMT | | CRASH | 192. |
| | | 0147 | - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C | | | | | ALCONT OF L | |
| | 00107 | 0147 | 20 | AT | | I DA | | VO | 1021 |
| | 00183 | 0147 | 96 | 03 | | LDA | A | Y2 | 183. |
| | 00183 00184 | 0147 0149 014B | 28 96 81 | 03 F0 | | LDA | A | Y2 #\$F0 | 183. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 | 96 81 2A | 03 F0 0B | | LDA CMP BFL | A | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE | 183. 184. 185. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00185 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0148 | 96 81 2A | 03 F0 0B 00B0 | CRASH | LDA CMP BFL | A | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE TERR | 183. 184. 185. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0148 | 96 81 2A BD | 03 F0 0B 00B0 | CRASH | LDA CMP BFL JSR | Â | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE TERR | 183. 184. 185. 186. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00185 00186 00187 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0148 0145 0152 | 96 81 2A 8D 8D | 03 F0 0B 00P0 89 | CRASH | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR | A | Y2 #\$FO SAFE TERR GO | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00185 00186 00187 00188 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 | 96 81 20 80 80 06 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C | CRASH | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR LDA | A A B | Y2 #\$FO SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0148 0148 0152 0152 0154 0156 | 96 81 2A 8D 8D 06 2E | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF | CRASH | LDA CMP BFL JSR BSR LDA BGT | A A B | Y2 #\$FO SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00189 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0148 0148 0152 0154 0156 0158 | 28 96 81 2A 8D 8D 26 20 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF E5 | CRASH | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR LDA BGT BPA | A A B | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CEAS4 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 186. 187. 188. 189. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0156 0158 | 96 81 2A 8D 8D 2E 20 5 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 | CRASH | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA | A A B | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00187 00188 00189 00190 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0154 0156 0158 | 96 81 2A 8D 8D 2E 20 C6 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 | CRASH | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA | A A B B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 | 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00191 00192 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0156 0158 0156 0156 | 96 81 2A 8D 8D 2E 20 C6 D7 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 | CRASH SAFE | LDA CMP BFL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA STA | A A B B B B | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH #\$4 Y2 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00189 00190 00191 00192 00193 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0156 0158 0156 0156 | 96 81 20 80 80 20 20 20 20 57 57 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 | CRASH SAFE | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA STA CLR | A A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B | Y2 #\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH #\$4 Y2 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 190. 192. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00191 00192 00193 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0156 0156 0155 0155 | 96 81 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 | CRASH SAFE | LDA CMP BPL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA STA CLR | AA B BBBB | Y2 #\$FO SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH #\$4 Y2 Y2 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 194. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00187 00188 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0156 0156 0156 0155 0155 | 96 81 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 01 | CRASH SAFE | LDA CMP BFL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA STA CLR STA | AA B BBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 X2 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 00195 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0146 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 96 81 20 80 20 20 20 20 20 50 75 77 07 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 01 0A | CRASH SAFE | LDA CMP BFL JSR BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA STA STA | AA B BBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR GD FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00191 00192 00194 00195 00194 | 0147 0149 0146 0146 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 96 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C F5 04 03 01 0A 05 | CRASH SAFE | LDA CMP BFL BSR LDA BGT BRA LDA STA STA STA | AA B BBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 00195 00195 | 0147 0149 014F 014F 0152 0154 0155 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 961ADD6E067F777E | 03 F0 0B 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 01 0A 0B 0A 0B 0A | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA DFL JSR BFL BSR BRA BRA STA STA STA STA STA | AA B BBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 187. 188. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00197 00196 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0145 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 961ABB6E067F777En | 03 F0 00B0 89 04 F5 04 03 01 0A 04 04 04 03 77 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA CMP BFL JSR BSR LDA BBRA STA STA STA STA STA STA | AA B BBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DEPLY | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 189. 190. 191. 192. 194. 195. 194. 195. 194. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00187 00188 00189 00190 00190 00190 00192 00194 00195 00195 00198 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0152 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0163 0163 0165 | 28 96 20 80 20 20 20 20 50 77 20 50 77 20 50 77 20 80 50 77 20 80 50 77 20 80 50 77 50 77 70 70 50 70 50 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 | 03 F0 00B0 89 04 F5 03 01 04 03 01 04 03 01 04 05 95 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA BFL BSR BSR BGT BRA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA | AA B BBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDES | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 195. 197. 198. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00188 00189 00190 00190 00191 00193 00194 00195 00195 00197 00198 00199 | 0147 0149 0148 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0158 0158 0158 0158 0158 0158 0158 | 286 961280 8022067 57772 800 805 805 805 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 01 0A 05 A04D 39 0C | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA BFL BSRA BBRAA STLA STAA STAA SSE BSS BSS BSS | AA B BBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 195. 195. 196. 197. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00190 00191 00192 00194 00195 00194 00195 00196 00197 00198 00199 00200 | 0147 0149 0148 0146 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 28 96 20 80 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 | 03 F0 00F0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 01 0A 04 04 03 01 0A 05 89 00 80 00F0 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA BFL BSR BSR BBRAA STAA STAA STAA STAX SSR JSR | AA B BBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR | 183. 184. 185. 185. 186. 187. 189. 190. 191. 192. 194. 195. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 197. 200. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00188 00189 00190 00192 00192 00193 00194 00195 00195 00195 00195 00197 00198 00197 00198 | 0147 0149 0140 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0163 0163 0164 0166 | 28 96 20 80 80 80 20 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 00F0 89 0C AF F5 04 03 01 0A 05 04 03 01 0A 05 04 03 00 89 00 80 8 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA BELSKAT BELSKATA | AA B BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$ S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. 198. 197. 198. 199. 201. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00189 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00196 00195 00196 00198 00199 00200 00201 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0161 0163 0165 0165 0164 0166 0166 0167 0167 | 28 96 28 80 28 80 20 20 20 50 77 20 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF 50 03 01 0A 60 40 40 39 00B0 00B0 00D0 00C | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA BARAAA BBDAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA | AA B BBBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CKASH \$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 194. 195. 194. 195. 194. 195. 196. 200. 201. 202. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00187 00188 00189 00190 00190 00190 00193 00194 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 | 0147 0149 0149 0147 0152 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 28 96 20 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 0080 89 0C AF5 04 03 01 0A 05 0080 0080 0080 0080 0080 0080 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA PERRA BEDA BEDA ELSE SEL BEDA ELSE SEL BEDA ELSE SER SER SEL SER SEL SER SEL SER SEL SER SEL SER SER SER SER SER SER SER SER SER SER | AA B BBBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$44 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR GO FLAG3 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. 198. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00190 00190 00191 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00196 00197 00198 00199 00200 00202 00203 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 28 9612002007F7772E000000000000000000000000000 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF5 03 01 0A F54 03 01 0A 80 40 80 0 80 00 80 00 80 8 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA PERRA BEDATAA SEDATAA | AA B BBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$\$ DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. 196. 197. 200. 201. 203. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00197 00198 00197 00198 00197 00200 00201 00202 00203 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 28 961200220075770200800220 07577770200800220 2022022007577772000000000000000000 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C F5 04 03 0C F5 04 03 0C F5 04 03 0C F5 04 00 B0 00B0 00C F5 04 00 F5 F5 00 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 F5 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA PLRRAAAARAAAXRRRRAA BBDDTAAAAXRRRRRAA LBBBDTLTTTDSSSRRRAATA LBBR | AA B BBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$FO SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$44 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR GO FLAG3 MOTION SF | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 194. 195. 194. 197. 200. 201. 202. 204. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00190 00190 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00195 00194 00195 00197 00198 00197 00198 00197 00202 00201 00202 | 0147 0149 0149 0146 0152 0152 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 28 961 20 80 20 20 10 50 77 77 78 80 80 20 20 50 77 77 78 80 80 20 20 50 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF 504 03 01 0A 50 00B0 00B0 00C AF 00B0 00C AF 00B0 00C AF 504 01F1 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA CMP BFL BSR BSR BSR BSR LDA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA LDX BSR LDA BSR LDA LDA LDA LDA | AA B BBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 Y2 Y2 FLAG1 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 WOTION SF \$TOP | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 197. 197. 197. 197. 201. 202. 203. 205. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00188 00189 00190 00191 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00197 00198 00197 00198 00197 00202 00201 00202 00203 00204 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0163 0164 0164 0164 0164 0164 0167 0174 0174 0178 | 284 961 A B B A 6 E 0 6 7 F 7 7 7 7 E B B B B A 6 E 0 6 7 F 7 7 7 7 E B B B B B A 6 E 0 E 0 E 0 6 8 8 B B B A 6 E 0 E 0 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0CF F5 04 03 0CF 64 03 0C 00B0 00C 00B0 00CB0 00CD 04F1 24 | CRASH SAFE SF | LDA CMP BFLR BSRA BGT BRAA STAA STAA STAA STAA STAA STAA STAA S | AA B BBBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 SFL4G3 MOTION SF \$TUP DEPD | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 194. 195. 196. 201. 203. 204. 205. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00187 00188 00189 00190 00190 00190 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00200 00201 00202 00204 00203 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 284 981A BD 22067F777E BDD 420ED 100000000000000000000000000000000000 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF5 04 03 01 0A 05 00B0 00C AF5 04 03 00 00B0 00C AF5 04 03 00 89 00 80 8 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA CMPL BRL JSR RGA LDA STA STA STA STA STA STA LDA BSR LDA BSR LDA BSR LDA LDA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA ST | AA B BBBBBBB B | Y2 \$\$FO SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$44 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR GO FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TUP DSPLY | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. 198. 197. 200. 201. 202. 205. 205. 205. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00188 00189 00190 00190 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00198 00197 00198 00197 00202 00201 00202 00203 00204 00205 | 0147 0149 01440 0147 0152 0152 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 284 96128022007577776800088002206030 000000000000000000000000000000 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF 504 03 01 0A F04 03 01 00B0 00B0 00C AF 00B0 00C AF 00B0 00C AF 26 00B0 00C 00B0 00B0 89 00 80 00 80 8 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA RFL JSR BSR LDA BGTA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA S | AA B BBBBBB B B B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$ DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TOP DSPLY FLAD2 | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 197. 197. 197. 198. 197. 2001. 202. 203. 204. 205. 205. 207. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00190 00190 00191 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00196 00195 00196 00198 00199 00200 00201 00202 00203 00204 00205 00206 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 284 961280 8022000 77772 8000 800200 8000 20000 80000 2000000 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C F5 03 0A 50 00 89 0C F5 04 00 89 00 80 000 80 00 80 00 80 00 0 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA CMPL BRL JSR RA BGA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA ST | AA B BBBBBBB B B | Y2 \$\$FF0 SAFE GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR GO FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TUP DSPLY FLAG2 \$ TUP SF \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 194. 195. 194. 195. 197. 200. 201. 203. 204. 205. 204. 205. 208. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00187 00188 00189 00190 00190 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00195 00201 00202 00201 00202 00204 00205 00204 00207 00208 | 0147 0149 0149 0147 0152 0152 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 284 961280622007F7772E80880220E8042F | 03 F0 0080 89 0C AF5 04 03 01 0A 50 40 40 39 0080 0080 0080 0080 0080 0080 0080 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA CMPL BFL JSR RGA RGA LDA RGA LDA CLR STA STA LDA CLR STA LDA BSR LDA BSR LDA BCL RA BSR LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA | AA B BBBBBB B B B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG1 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TOP DSPLY FLAG2 RJET \$L | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 187. 188. 197. 197. 197. 197. 197. 197. 197. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 205. 208. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00187 00188 00190 00190 00191 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00197 00198 00197 00198 00199 00200 00202 00203 00204 00202 00204 00205 00204 00207 00208 00207 | 0147 0149 0148 0147 0152 0154 0152 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 284 96148022007F7772E0004220E046FE0 02008004200000000000000000000000000000 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0CF F5 04 03 0CF F5 04 03 0CB 00B0 00CB0 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA DAP BFL BSR LDA BGTA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA S | AA B BBBBBBB B B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TUP DSPLY FLA62 \$ \$ DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF \$ TUP DSPLY FLA62 \$ \$ DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF \$ TUP DSPLY FLA62 \$ \$ DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF TUP DSPLY SFLY SFLY DSPLY | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 194. 195. 197. 197. 201. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00187 00188 00189 00197 00190 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00195 00195 00195 00200 00201 00202 00202 00204 00205 00205 00204 00205 00200000000 | 0147 0149 01480 0147 0152 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 9814002007F777E00004E020E04FE05 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF5 04 03 01 0A 05 00B0 00C AF5 04 03 00 00B0 00C AF5 00B0 00C AF5 00B0 00C AF5 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 04 00 C AF5 00 C C AF5 00 C C AF5 00 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA CMPL BRC LDA BGRA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA STA ST | AA B BBBBBBB B B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR G0 FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$44 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR G0 FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TUP DSPLY FLAB2 RJET \$LJ DSPLY SFLY LANDER TERR SF | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 197. 195. 197. 198. 197. 200. 201. 202. 204. 205. 206. 207. 206. 207. 206. 207. 206. 207. 206. 207. 206. 207. 206. 207. 207. 206. 207. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00188 00189 00190 00190 00192 00192 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00197 00198 00197 00202 00201 00202 00203 00204 00204 00205 00204 00202 00204 00202 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00204 00205 00000000 | 0147 0149 01440 0145 0152 0156 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 284 981 80 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0C AF 504 03 01 0A 50 4040 39 00C AF 00B0 00D0 00C AF 26 00B0 00D0 00C AF 10 10 10 80 00 80 8 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA RFL JSR RSR LDA RGTA RGTA STA STA LDA STA STA LDA BSR LDA BSR LDA BLDA ELDA ELDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA LDA | AA B BBBBBBB B B B | Y2 \$\$F0 SAFE TERR GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR GO FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TOP DSPLY FLAG2 RJET \$LJ DSFLY \$LJ DSFLY \$LJ DSFLY \$LJ DSFLY \$LS | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. 197. 201. 202. 204. 205. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 207. 208. 207. 211. |
| | 00183 00184 00185 00186 00188 00189 00190 00191 00193 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00194 00195 00196 00202 00203 00204 00202 00203 00204 00202 00203 00204 00205 00204 00202 00203 00202 00203 00202 00202 00203 00202 00202 00203 00202 00202 00203 00202 00202 00203 00202 00203 00202 00203 00202 00203 00202 00203 00202 00203 00202 00203 00204 00202 00203 00204 00202 00203 00204 00202 00203 00204 00202 00202 00203 00204 00202 00202 00203 00204 00202 | 0147 0149 01440 0147 0152 0154 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 0155 | 286 981 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | 03 F0 00B0 89 0CF F5 04 03 0CF 504 03 0CF 504 03 0CB0 00B0 00CB0 00CB0 00CB0 00CB0 00CB0 00CB0 00CF 50 80 00CB0 80 00CF 50 80 000 000 80 000 000 80 000 0000 000 000 000 000 000 000000 | CRASH SAFE SF LANDER | LDA DAP BFLR BSRA BGTA BGTA BGTA STA STA STA STA STA BGT BSR JSR BCA BCA BCA BCA BCA BCA BCA BCA BCA BCA | AA B BBBBBBB B B | Y2 \$\$FF0 SAFE GO FLAG3 INIT CRASH \$\$4 Y2 X2 FLAG1 FLAG2 \$S DSFLY LANDER TERR GO FLAG3 MOTION SF \$TOP DSPLY FLA52 FLA52 TOP DSPLY \$L3 DSPLY DSPLY \$L3 DSPLY | 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 197. 197. 197. 197. 197. 197. 200. 201. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 207. 212. |

Listing 1 continued:

Listing 1 continued on page 138

ter IIME

.Provides year, month, nute and Ð DRTED ENDAR CLOCKS

PDP-11*

NEW!

CU-68 MOTOROLA

TCU-100 • \$495

- Provides month, day, hour, minute and second.
- Can interrupt on date/time, or periodic intervals.

MICROMODULE BUS COMPatible

TCU-150 • \$460

- Provides year, month, day, hour, minute and second.
- Automatic leap year.
- Patches for RSX-11M, RT-11 FB/SJ VO2, VO3 and UNIX.

LSI-11/2*

TCU-50D • \$325

- Provides month, day, hour, minute and second.
- Dual size board.
- Patches for RT-11 SJ/FB VO2, VO3B.

Lockheed SUE

TCU-200 • \$550

- Provides year, month, day, hour, minute, second and milli-second.
- Interval interrupts between 1/1024 seconds and 64 seconds.

Computer Automation (Naked Mini)

DIGITAL

TCU-310 • \$385

- Provides year, month, day, hour, minute and second.
- *Trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation

Multi-Bus**

- TCU-410 \$325
- Provides year, month, day, hour, minute and second.
- SBC/BLC compatible.

HP 2100

TCU-2100 • \$395

- Correct time restored after power failure.
- Compatible with the HP TBG card.

Serial Clock (RS 232 or 20 mA)

SLC-1 • \$640

2.1

- Connects between any terminal and host computer.
- Provides date, time and more!

All Digital Pathways TCUs have on board NICAD batteries to maintain time and date during power down. Timing is provided by a crystal controlled oscillator. Prices are U.S. domestic single piece. Quantity discounts available.

For more information on these products, contact: Digital Pathways Inc. 4151 Middlefield Road Palo Alto, CA 94306 Phone: (415) 493-5544

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> > .



JAWS solves the problems of dynamic HAM with a state-of-the-art chip from Intel that does it *all*. Intel's single chip 64K dynamic RAM controller eliminates high-current logic parts ... delay lines ... massive heat sinks ... unreliable trick circuits.

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Look what JAWS offers you: Hidden refresh ... fast performance ... low power consumption ... fatched data outputs ... 200 NS 4116 RAMs ... on-board crystal ... 8K bank selectable ... fully socketed ... solder mask on both sides of board ... designed for 8080, 8085, and 280 bus signals ... works in Explorer, Sol, Horizon, as well as all other well-designed S100 computers.

GIVE YOUR COMPUTER A BIG BYTE OF MEMORY POWER WITH JAWS --- SAVE UP TO \$80 ON INTRODUCTORY LIMITED-OFFER SPECIAL PRICES! UNDECIDED? TRY A WIRED TAK JAWS IN YOUR COMPUTER ON OUR 10-DAY MONEY- BACK OFFER (SPECIFY YOUR COMPUTER) CALL TOLL FREE 800-243-7428 From Connectical Or Far Assistance, (203) 354-9376 De (203) 354-9375 Dept RONICS RESEARCH & B 333 Litchfield Road, New Milford, CT 06776 Please send the items checked below: JAWS 16K RAM kit, No. 6416, S199.95.* JAWS 16K RAM fully assembled, tested, burned in, No. 6416W, S229.95.* D JAWS 32K RAM kit, No. 6432. (reg. price \$329.95), SPECIAL PRICE #289.95.* JAWS 32K RAM fully assembled, tested, burned in, No. 6432W, (reg. price \$369.95), SPECIAL PRICE \$339.95.*

JAWS 48K RAM bit, No. 6448, (reg. price \$459.95).
 SPECIAL PRICE ¢399.85.*
 JAWS 48K fully assembled, tested, burned in, No. 648W, (reg. price \$509.95).
 SPECIAL PRICE \$449.85.*
 JAWS 84K RAM kit, No. 6464, (reg. price \$589.95).
 SPECIAL PRICE \$499.85.*

JAWS 64K RAM tulky assambled, tested, turned in, No. 6464W, (reg. price \$649.95), SPECIAL PRICE \$559.95.*

 Expansion kit, JAWS 16K RAM module, to expand any of the above in 16K blocks up to 64K, No. 16EXP, \$129.95.*
 *All prices plus \$2 postage and handling. Connecticut residents add sales tax.
 Total enclosed: \$______

I oral encrosed: S______ Personal Check _____ Money order or Cashiers Check VISA ______ MASTER CHARGE (Benk No.) Acct. No. ______ Exp. Date _____ Signature ______ Print Name ______ Address ______ City _____ State _____ Zip.____

00279

| Listing | 1 conti | inue | d: | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|------------------|------------|--------|------------|-----|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----|
| 00214 | 0180 | 27 | 05 | | REQ | | NOJET | 214. | | |
| 00217 | ALOF | CE. | 4074 | | INV | | #MI | 915 | | |
| 00214 | 0192 | en | 0F | | BSP | | TIGPL Y | 214. | | |
| 00210 | 0104 | DE | 4030 | | I DY | | #RS | 217. | | |
| 00217 | A107 | DT | 00 | ROOL | DCD | | DCCI V | 210. | | |
| 00210 | 01 PD | D4 | 00 | | I DA | | ELAG2 | 2101 | | |
| 00217 | 0100 | 20 | 05 | | DOF | P | NODE | 530 | | |
| 00220 | 0175 | 20 | 40.40 | | LEV | | ADI | 2201 | | |
| 00221 | 0140 | OD | A046 | | DCD | | PROLV | 2211 | | |
| 00222 | OTHO | 20 | 01 | NOD | DTC | | DALCI | 222. | | |
| 00223 | 0142 | 37 | | NUKJ | KIS. | | A 14 | 223+ | | |
| 00224 | 0143 | 86 | 00 | DSPLT | LUA DEA | м | C I A | 224 . | | |
| 00225 | CHIU | 27 | 12 | | BEU | | END | 1210 · | | |
| 00226 | 01A/ | B/ | 8004 | | STA | A | PIA | 220. | | |
| 00227 | UIAA | A6 | 01 | | LUA | A | 2 # X | 227+ | | |
| 00228 | DIAL | AB | 02 | | ADD | A | 11 | 228. | | |
| 00229 | DIAL | 98 | 70 | | AUU | A | #\$70 | 229 + | | |
| 00230 | 0180 | 87 | 8009 | | STA | A | P.IB | 230. | | |
| 00231 | 0183 | 08 | | | INX | | | 231. | | |
| 00232 | 0184 | 08 | - | | INX | | | 232. | | |
| 00233 | 0185 | 80 | 03 | | BSR | | TDELAY | 233. | | |
| 00234 | 0187 | 20 | EA | | BRA | | DSPLY | 234. | | |
| 00235 | 0189 | 39 | | END | RTS | | | 235+ | | |
| 00236 | 01BA | C6 | 80 | TDELAY | LDA | в | #\$80 | 236. | | |
| 00237 | 01BC | 5A | | DELAY | DEC | B | | 237. | | |
| 00238 | 01BD | 26 | FD | | BNE | | DELAY | 238. | | |
| 00239 | 01BF | 39 | | | RTS | | | 239. | | |
| 00240 | 01C0 | CE | 0010 | SURF | LDX | | #GETSRF | 240 | | |
| 00241 | 01C3 | 4F | | | CLR | A | | 241. | | |
| 00242 | 01C4 | E6 | 00 | | LDA | B | 0 . X | 242. | | |
| 00243 | 01C6 | B7 | 8004 | | STA | A | FIA | 243. | | |
| 00244 | 0109 | F7 | 8004 | | STA | B | FIR | 244. | | |
| 00245 | 01CC | 8D | EC | | BSR | - | TRELAY | 245. | | |
| 00246 | 01CE | 96 | 00 | | LIA | A | XI | 246. | | |
| 00247 | 0100 | 43 | | | COM | A | | 247. | | |
| 0024B | 0111 | 84 | 3E | | AND | 4 | 443F | 248. | | |
| 00249 | 0103 | R7 | 8004 | NEXTS | STA | 4 | PTA | 249. | | |
| 00250 | 0104 | RD | F2 | | BSP | * * | THE AY | 250. | | |
| 00251 | 0100 | 00 | 64 | | TNY | | INCLAI | 2001 | | |
| 00252 | AINO | E4 | 00 | | L DA | T. | 0.7 | 2011 | | |
| 00257 | ALDD. | 57 | 9004 | | CTA | 10 | DID | AGE I | | |
| 00233 | OIDE | 00 | 0000 | | DED | P | FID TOTAL | 2000 | | |
| 00234 | 0102 | 80 | UH AA1A | | SON | | I PELAT | 2541 | | |
| 00233 | OTEO | 80 | 0014 | | UPX | | FUE ISKF #4 | 23 | 35. | |
| 00256 | 01E3 | 27 | 04 | | BEO | | LAST | 256. | | |
| 00257 | 01E5 | 88 | 40 | | ADD | A | #\$40 | 257. | | |
| 00258 | 01E7 | 20 | EA | | BRA | | NEXTS | 258. | | |
| 00259 | 0159 | 86 | FF | LAST | LUA | 0 | #\$FF | 259. | | |
| 00260 | 01EB | B 7 | 8004 | | STA | A | FIA | 260. | | |
| 00261 | 01EE | 80 | CA | | BSR | | TDELAY | 261. | | |
| 00262 | 01F0 | 39 | | | RTS | | | 262. | | |
| 00263 | 01F1 | 883 | 20 | FOF | FDB | | \$8820+\$8424+\$7024+\$7820 263. | | | |
| | 01F3 | 3 8424 5 7C24 | | | | | | | | |
| | 01F5 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 01F7 | 782 | 20 | | | | | | | |
| 00264 | 01F9 | 00 | | | FCB | | \$00 | 264. | | |
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END

279.

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Text continued from page 132:

we do not have much room to move around, but the landing simulation is very realistic. In numerical calculation the 2's complement arithmetic is used. The 2's complement number has a range of decimal -128 to +127, or hexadecimal 80 to 7F. Since the number can be positive or negative, the summation will only be sufficient to perform addition and subtraction. The shift instructions ASL and ASR can be used to perform multiplication or division by 2 respectively. By repeating the use of shift operation, it is possible to multiply or divide a number by 2, 4, 8, and so on.

The dynamic equations for the landing craft are given by the following four first-order ordinary differential equations:

$$\frac{dX_1}{dt} = X_2$$

$$\frac{dX_2}{dt} = \pm SJET$$

$$\frac{dY_1}{dt} = Y_2$$

$$\frac{dY_2}{dt} = -g + JET$$

where:

- X1 = horizontal displacement
 X2 = horizontal velocity
 SJET = side jet thrust; negative for the right-hand side jet, positive for the left-hand side jet, and 0 when neither are firing
 Y1 = vertical displacement
 Y2 = vertical velocity
 g = gravity
 JET = main jet thrust; 0 when it is not firing
- t = time

According to the Euler's method (see reference on "Applied Numerical Methods"), an equation of the form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}Z}{\mathrm{d}t} = \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{t},\mathrm{Z})$$

can be replaced by the following equivalent numerical routine:

$$Z_{n+1} = Z_n + hf(t_n, Z_n) t_{n+1} = t_n + h n = 0,1,2,....$$

where the quantity Z_{n+1} , at the time t_{n+1} , can be calculated by adding the previously calculated value Z_n , and the product of the time increment h and the function $f(t_n, Z_n)$. Starting from the given initial value Z_0 at t_0 , the solution for Z_n at t_n can be obtained by repeating the calculation from the Euler's routine. This concept has been carried out in the program SYS (address 0016). An assumption is made that the time increment h is equal to $\frac{1}{4}$ second.

A total of 553 bytes of memory is needed for the program. If you have more memory space available, you may want to add more constraints to your simulation. The limited fuel capacity can be added to the program. The fuel gauge, velocity, altitude, displacement, and elapsed time can also be displayed on the screen. The trace between craft and surface can be blanked by the beam-intensity modulation. The control line on the peripheral interface adapter (PIA), such as CA2 or CB2, can be used for the blanking control.

The microprocessor can be a useful tool in the classroom for the dynamic simulation. An automobile traveling on a random surface can be an interesting subject for studying the suspension system. Even a simple mass, spring, and dashpot system would prove to be an interesting simulation to observe on the osccillosope.

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The Dirt-Cheap Bootstrap More Notes on Bringing Up a Microcomputer

Albert S Woodhull RFD 2, Enfield Rd Amherst MA 01002

How do you take the very first steps into learning about microprocessors? An article by Sol Libes ('Notes on Bringing up a Microcomputer," January 1978 BYTE, page 162) described a procedure for the initial testing of a homebrew microcomputer which uses simple procedures to determine whether or not address and control signals are functioning properly. The procedures described are effective, but in order to use them you need a way to load some programs into тетогу.

If you are building a kit or following a complete microcomputer design, then the details of input and output interfacing will be provided for - a bootstrap program will either be available in read-only memory or can be easily entered from a front panel. But suppose you are just feeling your way along, as I did. I had obtained an 8080A chip set through Intel's University Program, but I had no intention of building a real computer. I had full access to an Altair and an IMSAI at the college where I teach; I wanted only to learn a little about how the hardware worked. I certainly did not want to spend either

the money or the time to imitate the Altair's front panel. The following is a description of how I solved this problem in an economical way.

To set the stage: I had the 8080A microprocessor interfaced with the 8224 clock generator/driver device and 1 K bytes of programmable memory. I had thirty-two lightemitting diodes (LEDs), driven by simple emitter-follower transistor buffers, which indicated the state of the bidirectional data bus, the address bus, and the decoded status signals. Three problems seemed important:

- I needed to be able to single-step the processor so that the lightemitting diodes would show more than a meaningless blur.
- I needed a way to transfer data from the outside world to memory.
- I needed some kind of keyboard or switch panel for entering data.

Single-Stepping

The 8080A is a dynamic device. This means that you can't slow it down to human speed by slowing its clock signal. The 8080A can, however, be made to enter a *wait* state in which it essentially does nothing at high speed. While in the wait state, the processor uses the clock signal to keep its internal registers refreshed, but does not change its state.

To single-step through a program to make the computer perform each operation only at my command, I needed to be able to hold the processor in a wait state. The processor would stay in this wait state until I asked it to take a step; it would then immediately return to the wait state. As shown in the schematic diagram of figure 1, it was very easy to do this with only a single flip-flop.

The output of the flip-flop (half of a 7474 dual D edge-triggered type) was connected to the RDYIN line on the 8224 clock generator and driver. This line initiates a wait state when it is pulled low. Three inputs of the 7474 were used. The D (data) line was connected to ground. The clock input on the 7474 was driven by the SYNC output of the 8080A. Finally, a simple pulse generator drove the SET input to the flip-flop.

The operation of this circuit resembles that of a person whose reflexive response to the sound of an

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Figure 1a: A single-step mode can be implemented on an 8080A processor by using a flip-flop and the 8080A SYNC signal to clock a low-logic level through to the READY line. This puts the 8080A into a wait state. A very brief pulse to the SET input of the flip-flop ends the wait state until the next SYNC signal.



Figure 1b: The very narrow STEP pulse can be generated by a half-monostable circuit, a resistor-capacitor network at the input to a 7400 inverter. The manual switch contact must be debounced by a monostable circuit with a 0.1 to 1 second pulse width, for which a 555 timer is well-suited.

alarm clock is to roll over and turn it off. Normally the processor is in the wait state. A pulse to the SET input of the flip-flop ends the WAIT state, allowing the computer to complete execution of the process that is in suspension. At the very beginning of the processor's next cycle, it will send out a SYNC signal which will again clock the flip-flop output low, and reinitiate the processor wait state.

Getting the Data In

There are two ways an 8080A can access the outside world. IN or OUT instructions generate status signals which can be decoded, along with an 8-bit address, to activate input buffers or output latches. Alternatively, a memory address that is not actually used by memory devices can be decoded, along with read-frommemory or write-to-memory status signals. This can be used to activate a *memory-mapped* buffer or latch. If a limited amount of memory and a small number of I/O (input/output) ports are to be addressed, the decoding can be ambiguous—some of the address lines may be ignored.

For bootstrapping purposes I took this to the limit: I arranged a switch to allow all memory-read signals to activate an input buffer, regardless of the state of the address lines. The principle is illustrated in the schematic diagram of figure 2. In the LOAD position of the switch, the real memory is never read, but memorywrite signals are still capable of performing their normal function. When the processor begins an instruction cycle, it reads a byte from "memory" which is interpreted as an instruction. It makes no difference to the processor if the byte actually originates on the front panel.

This arrangement makes it possible

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Figure 2: The LOAD/NORMAL switch routes the MEMR signal to an input buffer instead of to the memory, thus enabling the operator to control the processor by entering instruction codes from the outside. Also shown is another switch which can protect memory from inadvertent writing during debugging.

to move a byte of data from the front panel to the real memory by first setting up the code for a *move immediate data to memory* instruction (MVI M) on the panel, allowing the processor to execute a single step, and then setting up the value to be loaded on the panel. A second single step will read the data from the panel input, and a third step will then write that data into a memory location.

The particular memory location must be specified somehow, so several additional bytes of instructions must have been *previously* entered. A few simple additions to the hardware already described make it necessary to do this only once, even if



many bytes are to be loaded into memory. A look at the computer to human interface should come first, however.

Cheap Keyboard Substitute

Figure 3 illustrates the ultimate in low-budget input devices. I took a scrap of copper-clad circuit board, scored it with a hacksaw into two rows of ten copper-bearing squares each, and soldered a length of wire to each square. Eight pairs of wires went to the inputs of simple latch circuits made by cross-connecting 7400 NAND gates; the other four pads on the circuit board were available for other controls. Light-emitting diodes (LEDs) indicated the state of each of the eight bits. A probe made from a defunct ball-point pen could be used to momentarily ground any of the pads.

In this way I could set up any desired combination on the latches; their outputs were in turn connected to the input port of the computer. One of the extra pads was connected to the single-step pulse generator mentioned earlier, via a debouncing circuit, and another was connected to the processor RESET line.

A Few Extras

Some additions to the elementary circuits described above were incorporated into the final version. The first of these is a trick I call "double addressing." An input port is physically just a buffer; there is no reason why a single physical port cannot have multiple logical identities.

I set up some logic gates to decode the input status signal and an address, along with an additional gate, to allow either the result of this decoding or a memory-read signal from the LOAD switch to activate the input buffer. The LOAD mode is used to load a simple bootstrap program. The bootstrap routine specifies a starting address for the program to be loaded, gets the data from the input port, moves it to memory, increments the pointer to memory, and then loops back to get another byte from the input. Once this bootstrap program has been loaded, the MEMR signal is switched back to the real programmable memory, but an IN instruction can still read the input port.

Text continued on page 148



Figure 3: A small scrap of printed circuit board, an old ball-point pen, and some latch flip-flop circuits make a very inexpensive input device. With a little practice, an 8-bit number can be set up as easily and quickly as on a row of toggle switches. The surface of the printed circuit board has been scored to create isolated areas of copper for sensing purposes.



Figure 4: The complete control hardware package described in this article. $\overline{100}$ is a control signal produced by getting the IN status signal from the 8080A and the address bus. Its orthodox function is to enable the input buffer; in this circuit the input buffer may also be enabled by a \overline{MEMR} signal when the LOAD/NORMAL switch is in the LOAD position. $\overline{100}$ also causes the 7474 single-step flip-flop to be cleared, thus forcing the processor into a wait state so that a human operator can set up the desired data on the input latch. Note the additional section of the LOAD/NORMAL switch which forces single-step operation in the LOAD mode, when full machine speed would be useless.

Text continued:

In the apparatus described so far, it would be necessary to single-step through the bootstrap program loop because at full machine speed the very first byte of data entered would be rapidly written into every possible memory location. Most monitor programs for handling such inputs have some provision for ensuring that they read each keystroke on a terminal only once. This is usually done by using a second input port as a control port which signals when new data is available. The hardware and software required for this would have been inconveniently complicated for my early breadboard system.

A second unconventional trick avoided the problem. I made wait states programmable by adding a second pulse generator which was driven by the same decoder that activated the input buffer. The output of this pulse generator was fed to the RESET input on the single-step flipflop. Instead of directly grounding the D input on the flip-flop, I put in a RUN/STEP switch which selects either a logic 1 or a logic 0 level for this input.

When the 0 level is selected, opera-

tion in the single-step mode proceeds as previously described. When the 1 level is selected, the processor runs at full speed *until* the program calls for data to be input. As the input port is selected, a wait state is initiated. At human speed, the required data can be set up on the input latches. A touch on the STEP pad then causes execution to resume. Figure 4 shows the circuit that incorporates all of these features, and example 1 in the text box describes in detail the procedure for loading the bootstrap program.

Text continued on page 152

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Example 1 Cold Start Bootstrap

The following sequence of operations is used with the hardware system described in the text to load a program when power is supplied to the computer:

- Set LOAD/NORMAL switch to LOAD.
- 2. Momentarily ground the RESIN line. This clears the program counter and ensures that the processor will interpret the first byte it reads as an instruction.
- 3. Set up the input latch with the binary data 00100001. This is hexadecimal 21, the op code for a load-immediate data into the HL register pair (LXI H) instruction. When ready, ground the STEP line.
- 4. The processor will now expect a second and third byte for the LXI H instruction. These bytes will be loaded into the L and H registers and will act as a pointer to a particular memory address. To start at address 0000, set up all zeros on the input and STEP twice.
- 5. Set up the op code for the load immediate data into a memory location pointed to by the HL pair (MVI M) instruction, hexadecimal 36, then STEP by grounding the line.
- 6. The processor will now expect a byte of data. Set up hexadecimal DB on the latches. This is the code for the IN (receive input) instruction. Then STEP twice, once for the processor to read the data, and once for it to write the data into the memory.
- 7. Now set up hexadecimal 23 and STEP. This is the op code for the INX H instruction. This operation increments the address stored in the L and H registers and prepares the processor to write a byte to the next address in memory.

Only the last three operations of this sequence must be repeated to load additional bytes of data into the memory. Furthermore, only six more repetitions of steps 5, 6, and 7 are needed to complete the loading of the program given as listing 1.

After you enter this program, reset the program counter by grounding the RESIN line. Switch the LOAD/NORMAL control to NORMAL. The single-step mode can be used to verify that the program has been loaded properly, and then the full-speed run mode can be entered. Loading additional data into memory requires only that you set up the data on the input device and ground the STEP line. With an almost imperceptible flicker of the light-emitting diodes (LEDs), the data is read from the input and written into the memory. The processor again waits for another byte.

Example 2 Examination of a Memory Location

To examine a particular location follow this procedure:

- 1. Set the LOAD/NORMAL switch to LOAD.
- Momentarily ground the RESIN line.
- 3. Enter hexadecimal C3, the code for a JMP, then STEP.
- 4. Enter the low byte of the desired address, then STEP.
- 5. Enter the high byte of the desired address, then STEP.
- 6. Setting the LOAD/NORMAL switch back to NORMAL will put the data at the desired location on the data bus, thus displaying it on the data LEDs.

After examining a location, a STEP will start execution from that location. You can then conduct another examine operation to show a new location, or the examine-next procedure of example 3 can show the next location.

Example 3 The Examine-Next Function

To look at a program or data in memory without executing it, first examine the first byte in the desired memory segment, then do the following:

- 1. Set the LOAD/NORMAL switch to LOAD. Do not ground RESIN.
- 2. Set up all zeros on the input latch. This is the code for a no operation (NOP) instruction.
- 3. STEP, then switch to NOR-MAL. The next byte in memory will be displayed on the data LEDs.

This procedure can be repeated as desired. Note, however, that strange things can happen if you start execution while examining a byte which is the second or third byte of a multibyte instruction. This error of starting in the wrong place is also possible with most conventional front panels.

Example 4 Temporary Patches

When a program contains loops that are repeated many times, single-step debugging can be simplified by substituting instructions. For example, a subroutine that generates eight cycles of 2400 Hz audio to record a logic 1 bit on magnetic tape is shown in listing 2.

To verify that this program worked properly, you would not want to single-step through the inner loop 416 times! You might step through it once, but the next time you came to the INZ instruction. you could use the LOAD function to make the processor see three successive NOPs. Alternately, you might change the cycle counting and timing bytes at locations 0102 and 0104 to the value 01. Since the LOAD substitution does not actually alter memory contents, this procedure can also be used for a program stored in read-only memory. There is no need to go back and undo patches after tracing the program. In these respects the LOAD function of this simple control system is more versatile than most conventional front panels. If a permanent patch is needed, you can use the LXI H and MVI M instructions.



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| Hexadecimal | | |
|-------------|----------------------|--|
| Data Loaded | Instruction Mnemonic | Explanation |
| DB | IN | Input |
| 00 | | Input port address (hardware dependent) |
| 77 | MOV M,Å INX H | Copy data from accumulator to memory |
| 23 | | Increment HL, the memory pointer |
| C3 | JMP | Jump |
| 00 | | Jump address, low byte |
| 00 | | Jump address, high byte |

Listing 2: A routine for the 8080 which can record a logic 1 bit on a cassette tape by generating eight cycles of a 2400 Hz audio signal.

| Address | Label | Mnemonic | Explanation |
|---------|----------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 0100 | MARK | XRA A | Set accumulator to zero |
| 0101 | | MVI B | Set up a counter |
| 0102 | | 10 | to count 16 half cycles |
| 0103 | HALFCY | MVIC | And another counter |
| 0104 | | 1A | to time 26 loops |
| 0105 | | OUT | Then output to |
| 0106 | | 00 | port 0 |
| 0107 | TIMELOOP | DCR C | Countdown the timer |
| 0108 | | JNZ TIMELOOP | And stay in the loop |
| 0109 | | 07 | until counter is zero |
| 010A | | 01 | |
| 010B | | CMA | Complement the accumulator |
| 010C | | DCR B | Countdown half cycles |
| 010D | | JNZ HALFCY | And send more until |
| 010E | | 0 | cycle counter is zero |
| OIOF | | 01 | - |
| 0110 | | RET | Then return to main program |

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Text continued:

Additional Applications

The LOAD mode permits direct control of the computer at any time. Most of the functions of the front panel on an IMSAI or Altair can be simulated by causing the processor to execute instructions loaded directly from the crude printed-circuit-pad "front panel." For example, executing a JMP instruction is equivalent to the examine function of the usual front panel. Examine next is implemented by single-stepping a no-operation (NOP) instruction. A program can also be temporarily patched during single-step debugging to break out of a loop, or to try an alternative instruction. Examples 2, 3, and 4 in the text box explain these functions in more detail.

Evolution of the System

While developing the circuits I have described, I became hooked on microprocessors. What started out as a breadboard project is now a computer, but I have spent less money along the way than is ordinarily paid for a system of less capability.

To encourage others who might wish to follow a route similar to mine, I want to emphasize that all of the effort and material that went into my first experiments were useful in the larger system that grew from it. The single input port that served my printed circuit board input device was later shared by an ASCII keyboard and a cassette recorder.

The addition of a single *output* port made possible the use of software timing in a routine to generate audio tones for recording programs on tape. Another bit of the same output port can drive a printer in serial mode; again, software timing can be used.

The first 256-byte block of readonly memory that I added was adequate to hold all of the programs that I needed to read cassette tapes. During the few weeks it took me to develop those programs, not wishing to lose the programs by removing power from the programmable memory, I connected an old car battery to the memory to keep it alive.

I have now reached the point of connecting commercial S-100 cards to my system. Because I have built it and know the function of every wire, it is easy to make minor modifications when a control signal is needed for interfacing a new device.

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To an organic chemist learning to program a newly acquired microcomputer (in my case, the 16 K byte Apple II), the challenge of "teaching" chemical principles to the computer naturally arises. For example: can the Apple II learn the rudiments of structural organic chemistry, and use that knowledge to assemble and draw simple molecules? This subject is usually covered early in the first semester of sophomore organic chemistry. I decided to write a BASIC program that would accept a hydrocarbon molecular formula as input, and then randomly construct a molecule fitting that formula and draw its structure using high-resolution graphics as output.

Initialization

First, the program must be initialized and the input accepted and analyzed. The user will enter a molecular formula in the form C,H (where C is the number of carbon atoms and H is the number of hydrogen atoms in the molecule).

Clearly, the program must accept only values of C and H that are positive, and less than the maximum numbers allowed by the dimension statement (line 100). However, the dictates of organic chemistry force further restrictions.

In a neutral, ground-state, hydrocarbon molecule, every carbon atom must have exactly four bonds (ie: connections to other atoms), and every hydrogen atom must



Figure 1: In the hydrocarbon 3-methyl-1-butene, each carbon atom has four connections. This is true of any hydrocarbon molecule.

have exactly one bond. In 3-methyl-1-butene, as shown in figure 1, notice that each carbon has four connections.

Carbon atom number 2 (C-2) has one bond to C-3, one bond to a hydrogen (H), and two bonds to C-1. Similarly, each H has only one bond. This valence restriction means that, for a given number of carbons C, the maximum number of hydrogens is $2 \times C+2$. A little thought will verify that conclusion.

Consider the propane structure, as shown in figure 2, with a formula C_3H_8 (8=2×3+2). No more hydrogens can be added, since each carbon already has its maximum number of connected atoms. Note that if we make a double bond (C-1 to C-2) to form 1-propene, two hydrogens must be removed. This observation leads to a second restriction: the total number of hydrogens in a hydrocarbon must always be even. A good exercise is to try to draw a counter-example, remembering the valence restrictions.

Connection Table

Having accepted and screened the input, our program must now put together carbon and hydrogen atoms to form a molecular structure that fits the formula input. This process involves the construction of a *connection table*. To illustrate this concept, consider again the molecule in figure 1. How can the information in that structure be numerically represented? One convenient



Figure 2: Examples of propane and propene. For any given hydrocarbon with C carbon atoms, the maximum number of possible hydrogen atoms, H, is $2 \times C + 2$.

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Figure 3: A possible method of representing a connection table. This connection table represents every bond for every carbon atom. The information is stored by the computer in the form shown in figure 4.



Figure 4: The connection table is stored in array C.



Figure 5: Using the random method of generating connection tables may result in some difficulties. Two connection tables for $C_{e}H_{a}$ are shown. One possible and acceptable connection table is figure 5a. Figure 5b is an unacceptable connection table since it results in two separate molecules.

method is shown in figure 3.

This connection table indicates every bond for every carbon atom. For example, in column 2 of row C3 is a 5, indicating that the second bond of C-3 connects to carbon atom number 5 (C-5). An entry of 0 in the table means connection to a hydrogen. Thus, the number of 0s in the table necessarily equals the number of hydrogens in the molecule. Reading across row C2, we find that carbon C-2 is connected twice to C-1, constituting a *double bond*, once to C-3, and once to a hydrogen.

In the computer, the information contained in the connection table is stored in array C, as indicated in figure 4. The information for C-1 is stored in array elements C(0) thru C(6); the information for C-2 is stored in elements C(7) thru C(13); etc. In every such block of seven elements, the first four elements contain the four numbers from the connection table for that carbon atom. Thus, using the connection table in figure 3 as an example, we have: C(0)=2, C(1)=2, C(2)=0, C(3)=0, C(7)=1, C(8)=1, C(9)=0, C(10)=3, etc. The use of the other elements in the array is explained later.

My first programming impulse was to construct the connection table entirely at random. Unfortunately, this method proved inadequate for several reasons. First, it was very slow. After each attempt at constructing the table, the program would check if the generated numbers were consistent with the input molecular formula. If they were not, as was often the case, the program recycled to try again. This process was very inefficient.

The second problem was that the connection tables generated often *did* satisfy the formula, but led to disconnected structures. For example, suppose the formula C_4H_8 (4,8) is input. Figure 5 shows two connection tables, along with their corresponding structures, that fit this formula. Clearly, the output in figure 5b is unacceptable because it is two separate structures, even though its connection table still conforms to the input.

How may these problems be solved? The answer lies in the new algorithm illustrated in figure 6, which again uses the hypothetical input C_4H_8 . This method begins by connecting C-1 to C-2. A random integer between 0 and 3 is then selected, and C-3 is bound to the carbon atom with



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Figure 6: A more efficient method for connecting the carbon atoms is to first connect C-1 to C-2. A random number between 0 and 3 is then selected and C-3 is bound to that carbon atom (6a,6b). C-4 is then randomly connected to one carbon atom in the range C-1 thru C-3. After all carbon atoms have been connected thus, the table is cleaned up by another routine. Two different carbon atoms are chosen randomly and a bond is formed between them if their valence restrictions allow. (Remember there may be only four bonds to a carbon atom.) In the example the final connection is between C-4 and C-3. All of the available bonds will be filled with hydrogen atoms in the final molecule.

that number as shown in figures 6a and 6b. An integer between 0 and 4 is randomly chosen, and C-4 is connected to that atom as shown in figures 6b and 6c.

After all of the carbons have been thusly connected, another routine is used to finish the table, wherein more connections are randomly made as follows. Two different carbons in the existing structure are randomly chosen, and, if the valence restriction allows, a bond is made between them.

In our example, the final connection is made between C-4 and C-3. (See figures 6c and 6d.) After connecting all the carbons, the number of such additional bonds that must be made can be calculated beforehand from the molecular formula according to the equation:

$$EU = ((2 \times C + 2) - H)/2$$

where EU represents the number of additional bonds to be formed, and C and H are the formula input numbers. The origin of this equation is not within the scope of this article, but the enterprising reader might be able to derive it. EU stands for elements of unsaturation. In the example above, EU=1 (for C₄H₈), so only one additional bond had to be made to complete the connection table. (See figures 6c and 6d.)

Assigning Coordinates

Having assembled the molecule, coordinates for each carbon must now be assigned before drawing the structure. For the final drawing to be as clear as possible, the assignments need to satisfy at least two requirements. First, no two carbons should have the same coordinates; and second, carbons that are bound to each other should be plotted next to each other whenever possible.

The following algorithm was devised to assign coordinates according to the two criteria. Carbon C-1 is given the coordinates 120,75 in the Apple's 270 by 160 highresolution graphics display. Next, all of the carbons connected to C-1 that do not already have coordinates are assigned coordinates next to C-1. These coordinates are stored in the sixth and seventh elements of the requisite block in array C as shown in figure 4. After its neighbors have been given coordinates, the flag element in C-1's block of array C is set to 1. (Again, see figure 4.) If it has already received its coordinates, the same procedure is then followed for C-2 and continued until all of the carbons have been used. This method does not always give the best or even an adequate representation, but it does offer the advantages of simplicity and speed. Also, the confusing drawings that sometimes result are in most cases easily improved.

Drawing the Structure

With all the necessary information now contained in array C, the final structure may be drawn. This straightforward process uses Apple's machine-language, high-resolution graphics subroutines (stored in hexadecimal locations C00 thru FFF prior to running the program), as well as the several vector tables given in the text box, allowing the atomic symbols to be easily drawn by the shape subroutine. These vector tables must be stored in hexadecimal locations 1000 thru 1129, and are protected by a LOMEM setting that is automatically performed by the BASIC program (line 5).

Text continued on page 166

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graphic routines. The high-resolution routines use the graphics tables in listing 2. 5 POKE 204,4400 MOD 256; POKE 205,4400/256; POKE 74,4400 MOD 256; POKE 75,4400/256 10 GOTO 100 30 POKE 802, Y: POKE 800, X MOD 256 35 POKE 801, X/256; RETURN 40 POKE 804, X MOD 256: POKE 805, X/256: RETURN 100 DIM C(110) 110 TEXT : CALL -936: VTAB 5: TAB 8: PRINT "APPLE-CHEM II" 120 YTAB 10: PRINT "THIS PROGRAM WILL DRAW A MOLECULE": PRINT "FOR A GIVEN M OLECULAR FORMULA. " 130 VTAB 15: PRINT "ENTER A MOLECULAR FORMULA": PRINT "IN THE FORM 10,H1 , W HERE" 140 PRINT "101 = THE NUMBER OR CARBON ATOMS": PRINT "IN THE MOLECULE, ETC." 150 INPUT NC, NH 152 NF=0 155 IF NC#-100 THEN 160;NC= RND (7)+2:NH=((2*NC)/2)*2 157 NF=1: CALL -936: VTAB 22: PRINT "C-") NC) ", H-", NH: GOTO 180 160 IF NC>1 AND NC<16 AND NH>-1 AND NH<=2*NC+2 AND (NH/2=NH-NH/2) THEN 180 170 PRINT : PRINT "IMPROPER DATA!": PRINT "C MUST BE >= 2 AND < 16": PRINT "H MUST BE EVEN, >= 0 AND <= 2*C+2": GOTO 150 180 EU=((2*NC+2)-NH)/2 190 FOR I=0 TO NC*7:C(I)=0: NEXT I 200 C(0)=2:C(7)=1: IF NC=2 THEN 300 210 FOR I=3 TO NC 220 X= RND (I-1)+1 230 IF C((X-1)*7+1)#0 THEN 250 240 C((I-1)*7)=X:C((X-1)*7+1)=I: GOTO 290 250 IF C((X-1)*7+2)#0 THEN 270 260 C((I-1)*7)=X:C((X-1)*7+2)=I: GOTO 290 270 IF C((X-1)*7+3)#0 THEN 290 280 C((I-1)*7)=X:C((X-1)*7+3)=I290 NEXT I 300 IF EU=0 THEN 410 310 FOR K=1 TO EU 320 X= RND (NC)+1:Y= RND (NC)+1: IF X=Y THEN 320 330 FOR I=1 TO 3: IF C((X-1)*7+I)#0 THEN 350 340 X1=I: GOTO 360 350 NEXT I: GOTO 320 360 FOR I=1 TO 3: IF C((Y-1)*7+I)#0 THEN 380 370 Y1=I: GOTO 390 380 NEXT I: GOTO 320 390 C((X-1)*7+X1)=Y:C((Y-1)*7+Y1)=X 400 NEXT K 410 FOR I=4 TO (NC-1)*7+4 STEP 7: FOR J=0 TO 2 420 C(I+J)=0: NEXT J: NEXT I 430 GOSUB 1000: GOSUB 2000 435 CALL -936: VTAB 22 437 IF NF#1 THEN 440:NC=-100: GOTO 155 440 PRINT "HIT 'D' TO DRAW THIS DIFFERENTLY" 450 PRINT "HIT 'I' FOR A NEW ISOMER (SAME FORMULA)" 460 PRINT "HIT 'F' FOR A NEW MOLECULAR FORMULA" 470 KEY= PEEK (-16384): IF KEY<128 THEN 470 480 POKE -16368,0 490 IF KEY=196 THEN 410: IF KEY=201 THEN 190: IF KEY=198 THEN 110 500 END

Listing 1: An Apple II integer-BASIC program for generating hydrocarbon representations using the available high-resolution

1000 C(5)=120;C(6)=75 1010 FOR K=1 TO NC: IF C((K-1)*7+4)=0 AND C((K-1)*7+5)#0 THEN 1030 1020 NEXT K: GOTO 1090 1030 FOR I=0 TO 3:J=(K-1)*7+I: IF C(J)=0 THEN 1080 1040 IF C((C(J)-1)*7+5)#0 THEN 1080 1050 GOSUB 1500 1060 FLAG=0: GOSUB 1600: IF FLAG=1 THEN 1050 1070 C((C(J)-1)*7+5)=TX:C((C(J)-1)*7+6)=TY 1080 NEXT I:C((K-1)*7+4)=1: GOTO 1010 **1090 RETURN** 1500 TX=C((K-1)*7+5):TY=C((K-1)*7+6) 1510 A1=(RND (3)*30)-30;A2=(RND (3)*30)-30 1520 TX=TX+A1:TY=TY+A2 1530 IF TX<4 OR TX>264 OR TY<4 OR TY>152 THEN 1500 1540 RETURN 1600 FOR II=1 TO NC 1610 IF C((II-1)*7+5)=TX AND C((II-1)*7+6)=TY THEN 1630 1620 NEXT II: GOTO 1640 1630 FLAG=1 1640 RETURN 2000 CALL 3072: POKE 812,255: POKE 806,1: POKE 807,0 2010 S=3805:L=3786:P=3780: POKE 28,255 2020 FOR I=1 TO NC: FOR J=0 TO 3: IF C((I-1)*7+J)=0 THEN 2160 2030 FLAG=0: IF C((I-1)*7+J)(I THEN 2160 2040 FOR K=0 TO 3: IF K=J THEN 2060 2050 IF C((I-1)*7+K)=C((I-1)*7+J) THEN FLAG=FLAG+1 2060 NEXT K:T=C((I-1)*7+J) 2070 X1=C((I-1)*7+5):Y1=C((I-1)*7+6):X=X1:Y=Y1 2080 GOSUB 30: CALL P 2090 X2=C((T-1)*7+5):Y2=C((T-1)*7+6):X=X2:Y=Y2 2100 GOSUB 30: CALL L: IF FLAGK1 THEN 2160 2110 X=X1+6:Y=Y1+3: GOSUB 30: CALL P 2120 X=X2+6:Y=Y2+3: GOSUB 30: CALL L 2130 IF FLAG#2 THEN 2160 2140 X=X1-3:Y=Y1-6: GOSUB 30: CALL P 2150 X=X2-3:Y=Y2-6: GOSUB 30: CALL L 2160 NEXT J: NEXT I 2170 FOR I=1 TO NC:X1=C((I-1)*7+5):Y1=C((I-1)*7+6) 2180 POKE 812,0:X=X1:Y=Y1+2: GOSUB 30: CALL P 2190 POKE 804,4199 MOD 256: POKE 805,4199/256: CALL S: POKE 812,255 2220 X=X1:Y=Y1: GOSUB 30: CALL P:FLAG=0 2230 FOR J=0 TO 3 2240 IF C((I-1)*7+J)=0 THEN FLAG=FLAG+1 2250 NEXT J 2260 IF FLAG#0 THEN 2280 2270 X=4096: GOSUB 40: GOTO 2330 2280 IF FLAG#1 THEN 2300 2290 X=4107: GOSUB 40: GOTO 2330 2300 IF FLAG#2 THEN 2320 2310 X=4130: GOSUB 40: GOTO 2330 2320 X=4166: GOSUB 40 2330 CALL S: NEXT I: RETURN

Listing 2: The program in listing 1 uses a high-resolution shape (or vector) table which is shown here. It stores shapes for the chemical symbols. The operation of the shape table is defined in the Apple II Programmer's Manual and in the documentation for the high-resolution routines. These vector tables are used to draw the different parts of molecules on the video screen.

| 1000- | 22 | 64 | 2D | 15 | 96 | F2 | 3F | 07 | 1028- | 17 | 17 | 36 | 28 | 2D | D5 | DB | C3 |
|-------|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1008- | 20 | 04 | 00 | 24 | 2D | 2D | 24 | 34 | 1030- | 18 | 08 | 18 | 24 | 24 | 24 | DF | 33 |
| 1010- | 36 | 36 | FE | 1 B | 24 | 24 | 24 | D7 | 1038- | 36 | 36 | 3E | D8 | 1E | 3F | 07 | 20 |
| 1018- | E3 | 3F | 17 | 36 | 36 | OE | 2D | 05 | 1040- | 24 | 64 | 2D | 15 | 06 | 00 | 2E | 2D |
| 1020- | 20 | 00 | 2D | 2D | 4D | 62 | AD | F6 | 1048- | AD | 09 | 0C | AD | 36 | 3F | 2D | 36 |

Listing 2 continued on page 164

Listing 2 continued:

| 1050- | 1E | ЗF | ÊO | D8 | 24 | 24 | 24 | DF |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1058- | 33 | 36 | 36 | 3E | D8 | 1E | ЗF | 07 |
| 1060- | 20 | 24 | 64 | 2D | 15 | 06 | 00 | 24 |
| 1068- | 24 | 24 | 24 | 3C | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F |
| 1070- | 3F | 2D |
| 1078- | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 3E | ЗF | 3F | 3F |
| 1080- | ЗF | ЗF | 3F | 3F | 3F | ЗF | ЗF | 37 |
| 1088- | 2D |
| 1090- | 2D | 2D | 2D | 3E | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F |
| 1098- | ЗF | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F | 37 | 2D |
| 10A0- | 2D |
| 10A8- | 2D | 2D | 3E | ЗF | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F |
| 10B0- | ЗF | ЗF | 3F | ЗF | 3F | 37 | 2D | 2D |
| 10B8- | 2D |
| | | | | | | | | |

Table 1.

| Program Lines | Function |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| 5 | Set LOMEM:4400 |
| 30-40 | Subroutines used for drawings. |
| 100-170 | Accept and analyze input. |
| 180-400 | Construct connection table. |
| 435-500 | Special features. |
| 1000-1640 | Subroutine to assign coordinates. |
| 2000-2330 | Subroutines to draw molecule. |

| 1000 | 20 | OF | OF | OF | 35 | 25 | 30 | 20 |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1000- | 20 | SE | 30 | 35 | SF | 35 | SF | 10 |
| 10C8- | ЗF | 3F | ЗF | ЗF | 37 | 2D | 2D | 2D |
| 10D0- | 2D |
| 10D8- | 3F | ЗF | ЗF | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F |
| 10E0- | 3F | 3F | 3F | 37 | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D |
| 10E8- | 2D | 3E |
| 10F0- | 3F | ЗF | ЗF | ЗF | ЗF | ЗF | 3F | ЗF |
| 10F8- | ЗF | 3F | 37 | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D |
| 1100- | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 3E | 3F |
| 1108- | 3F | ЗF | 3F | ЗF | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F |
| 1110- | 3F | 37 | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D |
| 1118- | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 2D | 3E | 3F | ЗF |
| 1120- | 3F | ЗF | ЗF | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F | 3F |
| 1128- | 07 | 00 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Program Notes

Frogram Notes Since remark statements were deleted from the final program to increase execution speed, the explanations provided in table 1, should prove useful when reading the program. Table 2 provides a list of all machine language accesses in the Apple II used in this pro-gram. These explanations should help implement the chemistry pro-gram on a different computer.

| PPP 1 | | 100 |
|---------|-----|-----|
| Lar | 110 | 1. |
| 4 19 14 | | |

| Command | Occurrence | Effect |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| POKEs to 204, 205, 74, 75 | line 5 | Set LOMEM:4400. This protects the vector table in the Apple's memory from being |
| POKEs to 802, 801, 800 | lines 30, 35 | written over. These locations hold the coordinates for the next point to be related |
| POKEs to 804, 805 | line 40 | These locations hold the address of the part of the vector table containing the shape |
| CALL 3072 | line 2000 | Initializes high-resolution |
| POKE 812, 255 POKE 806, 1 | lines 2000, 2190 line 2000 | Set scaling factor to 1. |
| POKE 807, 0 | line 2000 | Set rotation factor to 0. |
| CALL P | lines 2080, 2110, 2140, 2180–2220 | Causes point to be plotted at |
| CALL L | lines 2100, 2120, 2150 | Causes line to be drawn from last point plotted to coordinates set in SUB 30 |
| POKE 812, 0 CALL 5 | line 2180 lines 2190, 2330 | Set color to black. Cause shape to be drawn starting at last point plotted (line 2180). Shape is determined by which section of vector table is poked into locations 804 and 805 as shown below: |
| | table location | figure drawn |
| | 4199 4096 4107 4130 4166 | blank space C CH CH, CH, |

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Text continued from page 160:

Program Description and Instructions

To run the program, load the high-resolution graphics subroutines, the vector tables, and the BASIC program (remembering to set HIMEM;8192) and type RUN. You will be asked to input a molecular formula. To test the program, type 4,8. In a few seconds, an isomer of butene should appear. At the bottom of the screen, you will note several special features. Pressing the D key will draw a new picture of the same compound: in other words, the same connection table is used, but different coordinates are assigned. This command is very useful, particularly for complicated structures, when the initial drawing is too confusing to understand. You may continue to press the D key until a satisfactory drawing results. Pressing the I key isomerizes the structure (ie: a different compound with the same molecular formula is drawn). Thus, you could investigate some of the many isomers of tetrahedrane (C_4H_4) . Pressing the F key simply recycles the program to allow new input. Pressing any other key ends the run.

One other very interesting special feature is demonstrated by entering the "formula" -100,0. This input is a signal for the program to begin drawing structures from randomly chosen molecular formulae. It will continue to draw new compounds until interrupted by control-C. This feature makes a fascinating demonstration display for the Apple II.

Concluding Comments

Finally in possession of a running program, you may well inquire: what good is it? Certainly, for a practicing organic chemist, the program has little practical value. However, by exposing several of my chemist friends to the program, I have found that they do enjoy playing with it, especially the isomerization feature. It is fun!

For those who are interested in practical applications of microcomputing, I stress that this program has valuable use in chemical education. For beginning organic students, it provides an enjoyable introduction to numerous seminal concepts of structural chemistry (eg: to the ideas of structural isomerism and valence requirements). Moreover, it could be used to test comprehension of nomenclature, particularly for more advanced students. For instance, I have enjoyed entering formulae and challenging others to assign International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) names to the resulting structures.

In closing, I must point out that the program described here is only a beginning. Several potential improvements immediately spring to mind. One is the possibility of the Apple drawing three-dimensional representations. Also, anyone with much chemical background will quickly realize that many structures generated by the program are rather unlikely, if not practically impossible. For instance, the Apple does not hesitate to draw cyclopropadiene, an impossibly strained ring. It might be possible to teach the Apple such concepts as ring strain and Bredt's rule; however, I am not sure if that would be desirable. Much of the program's charm derives from its naive approach to molecular assemblage, yielding delightfully unexpected structures. And who knows? Recent experience in organic synthesis has demonstrated that improbable structures are not always impossible.



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Book Reviews

What Computers Can't Do

Hubert L Dreyfus Harper and Row New York 1972 hardcover, 259 pages \$10.95

Brain, Mind and Computers

Stanley L Jaki Gateway Editions 1969 softcover, 267 pages \$4.95 What Computers Can't Do and Brain, Mind and Computers are two widely available critiques of artificial intelligence. Their authors bring somewhat different credentials to the task. Hubert Dreyfus is a philosopher who has worked in artificial intelligence research for well over a decade, and Dr Jaki is a theologian concerned with the philosophy of science.



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Patent Pending

What Computers Can't Do is a follow-up on a **RAND** Corporation paper which Dreyfus did in the mid-1960s. The question he raises is why, after the rapid advances in artificial intelligence research during the 1950s, was there such a slowdown in results during the 1960s and early 1970s? Many of the results which were forecast for the period 1969 thru 1979 never occurred (such as general-purpose language translation, innovative work in mathematics by computers, etc). Dreyfus believes that there are a number of mistaken assumptions underlying the hopes in artificial intelligence research; assumptions about how we think and about the nature of the world. His conclusion is that more attention must be paid to the ways in which humans think about things and how these differ from the ways in which computers work. He argues that the result of this is a classification of tasks into different groups, some of which are definitely fair game for machines, some of which pose serious problems, and some of which are not likely to yield human-type performance to computers as they are presently designed.

Overall, this book is very interesting reading, and contains well-thought-out discussions of many of the issues in artificial intelligence research.

Brain, Mind and Computers was originally published ten years ago and has since been reissued. It is ostensibly a discussion of artificial intelligence research; it is in fact a refutation of physicalism, which the author maintains is synonymous with determinism. While discussing artificial intelligence at length, Dr Jaki never defines what he means by it; he seems to mean a machine which will be fully equivalent to the human mind in all respects. Given this implicit definition, the task of arguing against the possibility is simplified.

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Brain, Mind and Computers is an excellent guide to the history of physicalism in scientific thought. The computer is taken as a metaphor for "machine," and artificial intelligence is taken in its strongest sense— a sense that is almost unknown in the current artificial intelligence research literature.

John A Lehman 716 Hutchins #2 Ann Arbor MI 48103

Z80 Software Gourmet Guide and Cookbook

Nat Wadsworth Scelbi Publications, 1979 softcover, 322 pages \$14.95

The Z80 Software Gourmet Guide and Cookbook is one in a series of such books which Scelbi has published; previous "cookbooks" have appeared for the 8080 and the 6800 processors. The primary theme behind these books is to explain how to perform common assembly-language programming tasks for the various microprocessors, and to provide tested routines for these tasks which can be included as part of larger programs.

The Z80 volume covers the Z80 instruction set, utility operations (such as multibyte arithmetic), stack operations, input/output (I/O) processing, charactercode conversion, searching and sorting, decimal arithmetic, and floating point arithmetic. These topics were also covered in the 8080 volume. Additional chapters in the Z80 book include one that presents a simple space-capture game, and one entitled "Creative Programming Concepts." which discusses data structures. Appendices include the Z80 instruction set, character code and numberbase tables, and hexadecimal object code dumps for the major programs in the book.



Another example of the lack of changes: absolutejump instructions are used throughout the book where almost any Z80 programmer would use relative jumps. The major changes in the book then seem to be the discussion of the instruction set, the two new chapters, and the fact that the floating point routines appear to be shorter. If you have the 8080 volume, do not purchase this volume.

If you do not have the 8080 volume, then that is another story. Whether you want to convert American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) to Baudot code (or Selectric correspondence code), parse an input string, change number representations, fill memory, write timing loops, or whatever, you will probably find just the subroutine you are looking for. I have been taking subroutines out of the 8080 version of this book for two years now, and have yet to



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have one not work.

In conclusion, if you already have the 8080 Software Gourmet Guide and Cookbook, just buy Scelbi's Z80 Instruction Handbook; the two together will give you almost everything in this volume, and you will save the cost of a floppy disk or two. If you do not have the 8080 volume, then the Z80 Software Gourmet Guide and Cookbook could be a good addition to your assembler reference library.

John A Lehman 716 Hutchins #2 Ann Arbor MI 48103

BASEX

Paul Warme BYTE Books Peterborough NH, 1979 softcover, 97 pages \$8 BASEX is an interactive compiler written for the 8080 family of computers. The book is complete with bar code, source listing and machine code listing.

Many language systems for microprocessors are written as interactive interpreters which do not convert the sentence-like statements of the language into machine code, but simply perform the command in each line of source program as the line is



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scanned. In short, the language system interprets statements and performs tasks via interpretative runtime routines. In contrast, a compiler does not immediately execute statements in source code, but translates the source code into object code which can be directly executed by the machine.

There are advantages to both approaches in implementing a computer language, and I simply will refer the reader to the almost never-ending discourse in any of the computer journals for the facts and opinions. My bias is towards use of compilers.

When you purchase BASEX, you receive a wellwritten document describing an interesting approach to compiler construction. First, you get a complete assembler source listing of all the run-time routines that add, subtract, multiply, and divide; and that perform memory block-move, memory read, memory write, memory compare, accumulator OR operations: plus routines that perform input and output. You also get a listing of the BASEX compiler and a relocating loader, both written in BASEX. What you do not get is floating point math, error messages, error recovery operations, and mass storage operations.

I bought BASEX to see if it could be used in a business environment. It simply is not sophisticated enough for business use, but it is ideal for text editors, disk operating systems, and other applications where high speed, simple math, and well-defined static applications prevail. If serious use of BASEX is contemplated, the following should be developed:

- mass storage capabilities;
- error intercept and recovery routines;
- a trace function for debug purposes;
- a binary look up routine for the symbol table; and
- routines to let the compiler perform memory

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Linking BASEX to CP/M

BASEX may be run as a command (COM) file under CP/M. First, enter the entire BASEX compiler into your computer. If you do not have a bar-code reader, prepare yourself for a threehour exercise in data entry. Next, move the code residing at hexadecimal locations 0000 thru 0103 to hexadecimal locations 2000 thru 2103. Then place a JMP instruction at location 0100 which causes a branch to hexadecimal location 2105 (object code C3 05 21). At memory location 2105 assemble the following:

| | | H,2000H |
|-------|------|------------|
| MOVIT | MOV | A,M |
| | INX | D |
| MOV | A,D | 01H |
| | JNZ | MOVIT |
| | CPI | A,E 03H |
| | JNZ | MOVIT |
| | JIMF | VIT |

Follow the instructions in the BASEX book for changing I/O addresses in BASEX. Now save BASEX with CP/M as "BASEX.COM". Now type BASEX. You should be able to start using BASEX, unless you made an error somewhere.

I would be interested in hearing other readers' experiences with the BASEX compiler.

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BYTE's Bits

Wozniac Receives 1979 ACM Grace Murray Hopper Award

Stephen Wozniac, Vice President of Research and Development for the Apple Computer Co, Cupertino, California, received the Association for Computing Machinery (ACM) Grace Murray Hopper Award for "his many contributions to the rapidly growing field of personal computing and, in particular, to the hardware and software for the Apple Computer." The award acknowledges his work on programmable pocket calculators which he accomplished while employed by Hewlett-Packard. The annual award is given in recognition of achievements in the computer field made before attaining the age of 30. The \$1000 award is donated by Sperry Univac, a longtime employer of Dr Hopper.

Real-Time BASIC Available Free

If you are doing process control applications in real time, you should investigate Lawrence Livermore Laboratory's (LLL) version of BASIC. It was developed with public funds, hence copies are available for just the duplication fee. Contact Harry Edwards, National Software Center, 9700 S Cass Ave, Bidg 221, Argonne IL 60439.

LLL BASIC was designed to run on an 8080-based system. The interpreter can execute BASIC source code contained in a read-only memory. A companion compiler can produce faster and more efficient object code. LLL BASIC has machine control statements and works with the Advanced Micro Devices AMD9511 mathematicalfunction integrated circuit for faster execution time.■

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Clubs and Newsletters

International Computer Chess Association

The International Computer Chess Association was established at the Second World Computer Chess Championship in Toronto in 1977. It currently has about 200 members, and publishes the ICCA Newsletter three or four times per year. The cost of membership for a single year is \$10 in US funds. Contact Professor Ben Mittman, Vogelback Computer Center, Northwestern University, Evanston IL 60201.

Lincoln Micro-Computer Club

This club has changed its name from the Lincoln Computer Club to the present name. They meet on the first Wednesday of each month at 7 PM at the State Federal Savings and Loan on

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40th St and South St in Lincoln, Nebraska. The club is open to users and owners of all types of microcomputers. Yearly subscription fees are \$5. Contact Hubert Paulson Jr, 1209 Garber Ave, Lincoln NE 68521.

Micro

This club is open to users and owners of microcomputers. The members meet at 9:30 AM on the second Saturday of each month at the NWTI in Green Bay, Wisconsin. Contact Stuart Mong, 1824 Glenview Ave, Green Bay WI 54303.

Change in Meeting Place for Chicago Area Computer Hobbyist's Exchange (CACHE)

The CACHE group meets at the same time but now at the DeVry Technical Institute, 3300 N Campbell, Chicago IL. This is one block west of Western Ave.

New Information on the AIM-65 Newsletter

For information on AIM-65, contact Target, c/o Don Clem, RR 2, Spencerville OH 45887. Inquiries should include a selfaddressed, stamped envelope and all orders must be prepaid. Sample copies are \$1 each; a bi-monthly, one year subscription is \$5 in the US and Canada and \$12 (airmail) elsewhere.

CP/M Users Group

The Washington CP/M Users Group generally meets on the third Wednesday of each month at members' homes. Most members own S-100 disk systems with a variety of microprocessors, disks, terminals, printers, and boards. CP/M is the format of software exchange and the subject of frequent meetings. Annual dues are \$6, primarily to cover postage. Contact Winston Riley III, 7315 Wisconsin Ave, Washington DC 20014.
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The TRS-80 users club in Pennsylvania is seeking new members. The Wyoming Valley Computer Club meets on the second Tuesday of every month at 7:30 PM at the Artco Electronics building in Kingston, Pennsylvania. There is a monthly newsletter for all members. For more information, contact Art Prutzman, Artco Electronics, 302 Wyoming Ave, Kingston PA 18704.

Apple Educators' Newsletter

This publication is devoted to educators and researchers using the Apple II system and other compatible systems. Articles concerning educational programs, grants for microcomputers and education, exchanges of ideas using computers in education, and general items are featured. Contact Apple Educators' Newsletter, 9525 Lucerne, Ventura CA 93003.

Apple Users Group in Arlington TX

The Fort Worth Apple Users Group (FWAUG) has been created to help users, owners and beginners understand and fully utilize their Apple II systems. The group meets on the third Sunday of each month at 3 PM at the CompuShop Store, 6353 Camp Bowie, Fort Worth TX. The group has a software program exchange and a library for members. The FWAUG



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Newsletter is an eight-page monthly publication, sent to all members. Dues are \$9 per year. For more information, contact FWAUG, c/o Lee Meador, 1401 Hillcrest Dr, Arlington TX 76010.

OSI Superboard Club

This newsletter contains programs, ideas, technical data, hints and suggestions on the use of Ohio Scientific Challenger IP and Superboards. The newsletter will be published every two months. Send a selfaddressed business envelope and \$1 for further information to Superboard Club, POB 55, Agincourt, Ontario M1S 3B4 CANADA.

Dental Computer Newsletter

The DCN is a group of dentists, physicians and office management people that have interests in computers. DCN offers members a monthly newsletter, software exchange, advice and experience, and access to members in specific areas. Annual membership dues are \$12 per year. Back issues of the Dental Computer Newsletter are \$1 each and \$10 per year. Membership and equipment listings are \$5. Commercial software lists and DCN software exchange lists are free with a \$0.28 stamped, selfaddressed envelope. Contact Dental Computer Newsletter, E J Neiburger, editor, 1000 North Ave, Waukegan IL 60085.

Computer Law Journal

Each issue of the Computer/Law Journal is devoted to a single topic of computer law, and contains feature articles by experts in the field, a comprehensive bibliography on the featured topic, case digests of all significant court and administrative agency decisions on the topic, and other reference materials. Topics have included patent protection of computer software and computer-assisted legal research. Future issues will

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mat with selectable baud rate, RS232-C or 20 ma. output, full cursor control and 75 ohm composite video output. The keyboard follows the standard typewriter configuration and generates the entire 128 character ASCII upper/lower case set with 96 printable characters. Features include onboard regulators, selectable parity, shift lock key, alpha lock jumper, a drive capability of one TTY load, and the ability to mate directly with almost any computer, including the new Ex-plorer/85 and ELF products by Netronics. The Computer Terminal requires no I/O mapping and includes 1k of memory, character generator, 2 key rollover, processor controlled cursor control, parallel ASCII/BAUDOT to serial conversion and serial to video processing—fully crystial controlled for superb accuracy. PC boards are the highest quality glass epoxy for the ultimate in reliability and long life. long life

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communicate with 1/O ports. System Monitor (Hex Version): Tape load with labeling... tape dump with labeling... examine/change contents of mem-ory...insert data...warm start...examine and change all

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focus on computer related evidence, electronic funds transfer systems (EFTS), computer crimes and software taxation. The journal is published by the Center for Computer Law, 530 W 6th St, 10th Floor, Los Angeles CA 90014.

Scampus

Articles on bus structures, software, conversion circuits and other aspects of microcomputers are covered in this monthly newsletter. The material comes from members of the group, so ideas and items are constantly needed and welcomed. There are no membership fees. A large supply of self-addressed, stamped envelopes are the only requirements. Write to *Scampus*, POB 132, Knob Noster MO 65336.

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Madison Public Library in Madison, Wisconsin on the second Tuesday of each month at 7 PM. The group wants to exchange newsletters and software with other groups and receive advice on software. Adam and Eve is a subscriber of The Source, an information network. The dues are \$1 per meeting or \$3 per year for the Adam & Eve Newletter. For more information, write to Adam and Eve, Apple II Users Group, 11 S Hancock St. Madison WI 53703.

MICROCOMPUTER

BYTE's Bugs

Reversi Bug Makes Computer End Game Too Quickly

Several readers have pointed out a problem in the program published in "Programming Strategies in the Game of Reversi," November 1979 BYTE, page 66. In the program given in listing 1, the published code behaves in the following manner. Either after vou have twice forced the computer into a position where it has no legal moves, it concedes the game and resigns; or after the computer has forced you into a moveless position twice, it declares itself to have won the game. Thanks to Darrell Pittman, Jack Guinnip, Delmer Hinrichs, Willy Verwoerd, and Betty Vogel for spotting the error.

Mr Guinnip deserves special praise, not only for spotting the error so quickly, but for doing it while working through the program with pencil and paper. He does not have access to a computer, as an inmate of the Sheridan Correctional Center in Illinois.

A simple patch suggested by Mr Pittman was published in the February 1980 BYTE on page 168, but readers may instead wish to make the somewhat more complete correction suggested by Mr Hinrichs. This includes a change to line 1382 and insertion of two other lines:

1382IF B(K) = THEN 1396 1396LET T3 = 0 1398RETURN

To improve the quality of play, Ms Vogel suggests that line 4200 be deleted, and that line 5310 be changed to read:

5310LET E(79) = 5

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Product Reviews

Lucidata P-6800 Pascal

Phil Hughes, POB 2847, Olympia WA 98507

If you own a Southwest Technical Products Corporation (SwTPC) compatible system that runs Technical Systems Consultants' FLEX 2.0 or mini-FLEX operating system, you too can use Pascal. P-6800 Pascal is a substantial subset of full Pascal, and is designed for a SwTPC with FLEX or mini-FLEX.

I mailed my order for P-6800 Pascal, and thirteen days later the manual and disk arrived. I would consider this excellent delivery if Lucidata were in Kansas, but they are in the Netherlands! Even if it had not worked, I think I would have been amazed.

Two major items missing from this Pascal subset are the REAL and RECORD data types. Also missing are some of the capabilities of other directives. For example, the TYPE directive only supports enumerated types.

Looking at the capabilities in a more positive light, files, procedures, functions, recursion, and multidimensioned arrays are supported. The branching constructs IF ... THEN ... ELSE and CASE ... OF as well as the looping constructs REPEAT . . UNTIL and WHILE . . DO are also supported. Data types that are supported are BOOLEAN, CHAR, ALFA (six-character string), IN-TEGER, and BYTE as well as scalars which can be made members of sets.

The standard input/output (I/O) procedures (RESET, REWRITE, READLN, WRITELN, READ, WRITE) are defined, as are the standard ordinal and predicate functions ORD, CHR, SUCC, PRED, ODD, EOF and EOLN. Additionally, the procedures HALT and POKE are defined as are the functions PEEK and USER.

The compiler generates pseudocode (p-code) that is in-

terpreted by the run-time system. The run-time system simulates the Pascal P-machine. For those unfamiliar with Pascal, this is a standard approach. The P-machine is a theoretical, stack-oriented machine designed specifically for execution of Pascal. This makes it possible to transport the compiler to another machine by writing a p-code interpreter for the new machine.

The Lucidata run-time system allows automatic paging of the p-code file. In other words, if all of the p-code for your program does not fit in available memory, the runtime system reads it in pieces from a disk as required. Because of this feature, it is possible to run the compiler in 12 K bytes (plus 4 K or 8 K for mini-FLEX or FLEX).

The manual describes this particular subset of Pascal in detail, then discusses the run-time system. This includes a description of how to use files. The memory requirements are discussed next. This includes how to estimate memory required for p-code, stack, and file buffers, and for the run-time system. The estimation of disk storage requirements is also discussed. The final chapters cover fine tuning of your programs and the run-time system. The customizing of the run-time system includes interfacing your program to assembly language subroutines and support of non-FLEX-compatible peripheral devices.

Five appendices are included. The first is the syntax diagrams for P-6800 Pascal. Next is a list of compiler error messages. Then there is a list of run-time error messages. The fourth appendix consists of sample programs that demonstrate most of the system capabilities. These sample programs are also on the system disk so you can play with them. The last appendix is a bibliography of further reading on Pascal.

What you receive is a P-6800 Pascal compiler and run-time package, a good manual, sample programs, and excellent delivery. If you are running FLEX 2.0 or mini-FLEX, the Pascal system can be installed in a few minutes. The P-6800 package costs \$150.00 from Lucidata, Oosteinde 223, 2271 EG Voorburg, Netherlands. Their telephone number in the Netherlands is 70-862387.■



184

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Technical Forum

The Direct Impact of the Computer

Richard S Shuford, Editor

Some years ago, I was doing volunteer work for a nonprofit organization. Late one evening we were preparing an important newsletter for mailing the next day. We had used a computer at Lenoir-Rhyne College, where I was a student, to prepare our adhesive address labels. We had pasted on all the labels when we found that our rubber stamp that said "ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED" had been lost.

Groaning over our misfortune, we were just about to begin the time-consuming task of writing this message on every envelope by hand, when I had the following thought: the computer printed the address labels for us; why can't it print this simple message?

I began to consider how the job could be handled using the computer facilities available. Adhesive labels were too expensive to print the message on and then affix to the envelopes. But wait, perhaps we do not have to use the labels. Could the computer printer print directly on the envelopes?

A time-honored principle is that if there is a simple test to be made, make it. So I gathered up several newsletter envelopes and hastened to the college's academic computer center to try it.

The particular printing peripheral I had in mind was a Centronics Model 101A, high-speed, serial character impact printer, which we loosely called a "line printer." This Centronics machine prints dot-matrix characters by driving a column of print pins into an inked ribbon held before the paper as the print head moves horizontally. (Many other printers also work in this manner.) The Centronics printer has a paper-thickness adjustment, which soon became important.

The Centronics printer was attached to a minicomputer timesharing system. I logged into the system, and quickly wrote a BASIC program. After a brief period of experimentation, I saved my program, logged out, and dashed back to the other late-night envelope-stuffers to report success.

I led a disbelieving troop of workers carrying stacks of envelopes back to the computer room to see how I was going to save them a lot of work by letting the machine do some. My demonstration worked like this.

I logged in and called up the BASIC program I had written for my experiment. This program is shown in listing 1. I typed "RUN" on my terminal, and with one hand held a newsletter envelope carefully inside the print position of the Centronics printer, just behind the ribbon. As the others crowded around to see what I was doing, I hit the carriage return key on the terminal with my free hand. The print head buzzed and moved across the envelope. I held up the letter, and all could see that "ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED" was plainly printed on it in dot-matrix characters.

Well, we set up an assembly line to insert envelopes into the printer and then to stack them. We found that using the computer printer actually was faster than using the rubber stamp, but I do not recommend buying a computer if you can get by using a rubber stamp under normal conditions. The computer did allow us to get our mailing out on time. (Later on, of course, it was not so much fun to pay \$0.25 for every corrected address that came back, but we got our mailing list updated).

If you want to try to use this rubber-stamp simulator, observe these points. The print head can move very fast, and you *can* hurt yourself if you are not careful as you hold the paper inside the printer. You have to be sure to hold the paper in the right place. With the Centronics, the right place is approximately 5 cm (2 inches) to the right of the print head's rest position, behind the ink ribbon. Timing is not critical with this program. Note that the program requires that you press the return key before it will print anything. There is no rush to insert the paper into the printer, since you just hit the key when you are ready.

Finally, note that the paper-thickness adjustment is fairly critical for printing on an envelope that has a newsletter in it. Adjust carefully, so that the print head neither shreds the envelope, nor fails to print, nor jams and becomes damaged.

The moral of this story is not that rubber stamps are obsolete. Rather this: a general-purpose computer system is *exactly* that—general purpose. If you buy a computer to assist you in keeping up with your tax records or the like, that is fine. But don't forget that the *program* determines the function of the computer. The next time you have a problem, whether simple or complex, perhaps the computer can help you with it.

Listing 1: A BASIC program that uses a computer equipped with an impact printer to simulate a rubber stamp in printing a simple message many times.

Line 10 determines what message is printed. Lines 20, 30, and 40 print the message on the terminal for verification. Line 50 is used to give the human operator time to put the paper inside the printer in the correct position. The computer will not output the message to the printer until the operator presses the return key in response to the INPUT statement in line 50. Variable B\$ is merely a dummy variable.

The LPRINT statement in this version of BASIC causes output to the line printer. The TAB(10) function causes 10 spaces to be printed before the message. Line 70 causes the program to loop indefinitely. Execution must be terminated by some means provided by the system. Such a means could be typing control-C, pressing a Break key, or hitting a Reset switch.

- **5 REM RUBBER STAMP SIMULATOR**
- 6 REM USE WITH COMPUTER IMPACT PRINTER 10 A\$ = "ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED" 20 PRINT "HIT 'RETURN' KEY TO PRINT"
- 30 PRINT A\$
- 40 PRINT "WITH PRINTER."
- 50 INPUT B\$
- 60 LPRINT TAB(10); A\$ 70 GOTO 50
- 99 END



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Technical Forum

Cutting the Gregorian Knot

Myron Pulier MD, 101 Cedar Ln, Teaneck NJ 07666

Program development is more an artistic process of playful reshaping than it is an analytic process of systematic logic. This proved true in a search for an efficient way of handling dates in computer programs.

Using dates in Julian day-number form simplifies manipulation of date information. For example, if the Julian date of the *calendar* date January 1 is 1, then February 2 would be 33 and December 31 would be 365, or 366 on leap year. Clearly it is easier to store a single number than to wrestle with a number triplet like 9/8/79. Furthermore, the Julian concept makes finding the number of days between two dates a trivial process.

Calculation of the Julian date is complicated because Roman legislators altered Julius Caesar's orderly scheme by making the months uneven in length. This inspired Richard Grafton's famous table lookup. In the year 1570 he wrote "Thirty days hath November, April, June, and September," etc. While there's no longer much danger of copyright infringement, Grafton's method wastes memory space, rest his soul.

According to Grafton the months with thirty days are the eleventh, fourth, sixth and ninth, which seems difficult to convert into a formula. If only Grafton and his politician forebears had given the second month thirty days as well! We would then be close to the familiar sequence 2,4,6,8,10, which can be calculated by the formula $B = 2 \times A$. If we plot the numbers 2, 4, 6, 9, 11 as the first, second, third, fourth, and fifth numbers of a set (as shown in figure 1), all we need is a formula that threads a line slightly above the desired values for B. We can then throw away the fractional parts by truncating the resulting B value to an integer. In other words, we want a formula of the form:

$$B = INT (C1 \times A + C2)$$
(1)

The determination of suitable values for the constants C1 and C2 may not be immediately obvious. An empirical method for finding C1 and C2 is trial-and-error substitution using the following BASIC program:

| 110 | INPUT C1, C2 |
|-----|-----------------------|
| 120 | FOR $A = 0$ TO 13 |
| 130 | LET B = $C1 * A + C2$ |
| 140 | PRINT A, INT (B), B |
| 150 | NEXT A |
| 160 | GOTO 110 |

I suggest you enter the above program on your own computer and try values for C1 and C2.

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Figure 1: Fitting the numbers 2, 4, 6, 9, 11 to the straight-line equation $B = CI \times A + C2$. Given the sequence 2, 4, 6, 9, 11, we can represent this in two dimensions by letting the horizontal axis represent the order of the number in the sequence (first, second, etc), and the vertical axis, the value of the number (2, 4, etc). Thus, the fourth number in the sequence, 9, gives the point (4,9) to be plotted. These numbers are almost, but not quite, on a straight line. But if we stipulate that the line can go through the unit line segments extending above each point, then the integer values can be obtained by truncating the values obtained with the INT function in BASIC.

Playing around with this program shows that C1 can range between 2 and 2.5 if C2 is suitably chosen between -0.5 and 1. For example, setting C1 to 2.25 and C2 to 0 gives the desired sequence of 2,4,6,9,11,... for INT(B).

Now we can turn our attention to the irregularities in the Gregorian calendar. First, let us temporarily give February thirty days (remember that month 2, February, is included in the above sequence). Next, calculate the Julian values of the last days of each month in this altered year. The numbers are 31, 61, 92, 122, 153, 183, 214, 245, 275, 306, 336, 367. (The extra two days in February give us a 367-day year). Can we find a formula that threads its way along the last days of each month?

We have 367 days divided among 12 months. That comes to a new month about every 30.58 days. If we use 30.58 for C1 in the program we wrote, we find that the output comes close to the sequence we want. A few minutes of tinkering with C2 shows that 0.5 works nicely. The expression M-1 gives us the last day of the preceding month. Substituting the values for C1 and C2, and using (M-1) in place of A in equation (1) produces the equation:

$$B = INT (30.58 \times M - 30.08)$$
 (2)

A quick check with our BASIC program shows that we can get away with three bytes less with the following equation:

$$B = INT (30.57 \times M - 30)$$
(3)

If we compensate for leap years and for the 28-day February, we have the following BASIC subroutine for computing the Julian date, Z, given the month, M, day, D, and year, Y.

210
$$Z = INT (30.57 * M - 30) + D$$

220 IF M < 3 THEN RETURN
230 IF INT (Y / 4) * 4 = Y
THEN Z = Z - 1 : RETURN
240 $Z = Z - 2$: RETURN

Using the constant values we found for equation (3), line 210 calculates the Julian date of the end of the month preceding month M. Adding the day of the month to this produces a first estimate of the Julian date of the given calendar date. Line 220 says that if it is before March, we are done. Otherwise, in line 230 we adjust for a 29-day February if it is leap year (until now we were crediting February with 30 days), or for 28 days if it is not leap year. Let us forget about leap centuries for now.

We can improve on this system. We have been defining the Julian date, Z, as the number of days since the previous December 31. To include information about the year, we can define a new type of Julian date, J, as the number of days elapsed since December 31 of some base year, say 1972. To calculate J, we first find Z, then add the days in each year between the present year and 1972. Years have an average of 365.25 days. If we try 365.25 for C1 and 0 for C2 in our original BASIC program tool, we get the Julian dates of the last day of each year. Taking December 31, 1972 as our base and the year, Y, in the form "yy" rather than "19yy" we modify equation (3) to:

$$B = INT (30.57 \times M - 30) + INT (365.25 \times (Y - 1 - 72))$$
(4)

This may be rearranged to:

$$B = INT (30.57 \times M) + INT (365.25 \times Y - 26693.25)$$
(5)

bringing us to the new BASIC subroutine:

| 310 | J = INT (30.57 * M) + INT (365.25) |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| | * Y - 26693.25) + D |
| 320 | IF M $<$ 3 THEN RETURN |
| 330 | IF INT $(Y / 4) * 4 = Y$ |
| | THEN $J = J - 1$: RETURN |
| 340 | J = J - 2 : RETURN |

The above will return negative values for dates before December 31, 1972.

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Listing 1: BASIC routines for converting between the Julian date and the calendar (month, day, year) date and for determining the day of the week from the Julian date. In Processor Technology BASIC, the multiple-line user-defined functions (ending with FNEND) are permitted; also, J\$(A,B) is the substring of the unsubscripted string variable "J\$", from Ath to Bth character.

710 REM 720 REM. DATE HANDLING PACKAGE 730 REM 750 REH-760 REM. CALENDAR TO JULIAN CONVERSION 770 REM 780 REM.Given day, D, month, M and year, Y 790 REM.returns the number of days elapsed 800 REM.since December 31, 1900. 810 REH-----820 DEF FNJ(D,N,Y) B30 LET X=INT(30.57*H)+INT(365.25*Y-395.25)+D **B40 IF N<3 THEN RETURN X** 850 IF INT(Y/4)+4=Y THEN RETURN X-1 860 RETURN X-2 **B70 FNEND** 880 REN 870 REN-----900 REN. JULIAN TO CALENDAR CONVERSION 910 REN 920 REM.Given D, number of days elapsed since 930 REM.December 31, 1900, returns day, D. 940 REM.month, M, and year, Y. 950 REN-----960 LET Y=INT(J/365.26)+1 970 LET D=J+INT(395.25-365.25+Y) 980 LET D1=2: IF INT(Y/4)+4=Y THEN LET D1=1 990 IF D>91-D1 THEN LET D=D+D1 1000 LET M=INT(D/30.57),D=D-INT(30.57+N): RETURN 1010 REN. 1020 REM-----1030 REM. JULIAN COMPACTION 1040 REH 1050 REN.Given julian, J, returns 2-byte 1060 REH.representation of J 1070 REN-----1080 DEF FNJ\$(J) 1090 LET J1=INT(J/256): RETURN CHR(J1)+CHR(J-J1+256) 1100 FNEND 1110 REN 1120 REN-----1130 REN. JULIAN EXPANSION 1140 REM 1150 REM.Given J\$, a 2-byte representation of a 1160 REM.julian, returns decimal value of julian 1170 DEF FNJ1(J\$)=256+ASC(J\$(1,1))+ASC(J\$(2,2)) 1180 REM 1190 REH-----1200 REN. DAY OF WEEK CALCULATION 1210 REN 1220 REM.Returns day of week (Sunday = 1) given 1230 REM.the julian, J 1240 REN-----1250 DEF FNU(J) 1260 LET W=(J+1)/7: RETURN INT((W-INT(W))+7+1.1) **1270 FNEND**

Now that we have a way of abbreviating the calendar date into a Julian date, we need a program for reversing the conversion. This is done by extracting the year, correcting for a 28- or 29-day February, then extracting the month to leave the day of the month as the remainder;

| 410 | Y = INT (J / 365.25 + 73) |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 420 | Z = J + INT (26693.25 - 365.25 * Y) |
| 430 | D1 = 2: IF INT (Y / 4) * 4 = Y |
| | THEN D1 = 1 |
| 440 | IF Z > 91 - D1 THEN Z = Z + D1 |
| 450 | M = INT (Z / 30.57) |
| 460 | D = Z - INT (30.57 * M) |
| 470 | RETURN |

Line 420 computes the day of the year, Z. Then D1 is set to 1 if the year is a leap year, or 2 otherwise. Z is adjusted for the proper February length in line 440, if the day is after February. The month is extracted in line 460, leaving D, the day of the month. Unfortunately, the program above is wrong for New Year's Day after a leap year because the value for Y lags a bit. This can be managed by setting the divisor in line 410 to 365.26. The resulting inaccuracy will not cause trouble for thousands of years.

If your version of BASIC handles character strings, it can compact each non-negative Julian date into two bytes of storage, which could speed input and output of dates by a factor of four. The following routine in Processor Technology BASIC essentially converts the decimal value of the Julian date to a base-256 number:

| 510 | J1 = | INT (J / 256) | |
|-----|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| 520 | J\$ = | CHR(J1) + CHR(J - J1 * 256) | , |

where CHR (J1) is the character with the ASCII code J1. Converting the string J\$ back to a decimal value is done as follows:

610
$$J = 256 * ASC (J\$(1,1)) + ASC (J\$(2,2))$$

where J\$ (n , n) is the n-th character in J\$ and where ASC(C\$) is the decimal value of the ASCII code for C\$. The two bytes in J\$ can cover a span of 256x256/365.25 = 179 years.

The day of the week is readily calculated from the modulo 7 value of the Julian date. We can now reshape our programs into a compact and efficient package for handling dates between 1901 and 2080.

As for leap centuries, Pope Gregory luckily decreed the year 2000 a leap year, although 1900 was not. Century years not evenly divisible by 400 are not leap years. Therefore, the routines in listing 1 will be wrong for dates before March 1, 1900, but are useful for most practical applications.■

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Operation Codes of the 8080, 8085, and Z80 Processors

D Martin Harrell 313 Hollyberry Rd Severna Park MD 21146

Manual conversion between assembly language mnemonics and hexadecimal object code can be tedious particularly if much code is involved. However, the task does not have to be overwhelming. A conversion table helps immensely and is also a good training aid for novice programmers. It presents the entire instruction set in compact form, revealing useful patterns, and also inconsistencies.

8080 and 8085 Operation Codes

Operation codes for the Intel 8080 and 8085 microprocessors are shown in table 1. The only difference between the instruction sets for this pair is that the 8085 has two additional instructions: the read-interrupt-mask instruction (mnemonic RIM, hexadecimal code 20), and the set-interrupt-mask instruction (mnemonic SIM, hexadecimal code 30). They allow the user to control interrupts and a serial I/O (input/ output) line, thus making them useful additions.

The position of an 8080/8085 operation code in the table does not give a reliable clue about the implied addressing mode. Table 1 is generally organized according to the operands involved. Residing in the middle eight columns of the table (columns 4 thru B) for example, are the instructions for single-byte move, arithmetic, and logical operations. (Length attributes in this article refer to data, rather than instruction length, unless otherwise noted.) Regardless of the column, progression through the eight possible choices for the source (second) operand is always in the same sequence as the user moves down a column: registers B thru L; followed by memory reference; and finally, register A, the accumulator. Then, because each column has sixteen entries, the sequence repeats. If the arithmetic and logical instruction groups do not seem to conform to this rule, note that the first operand (always register A) is implied rather than stated explicitly.

This same sequence is used for advancing through choices for the destination (first) operand. In this case, however, progression is column to column from left to right, with each successive column containing *two* of the eight possible operands. The double-byte instructions also conform to this first-operand type of arrangement. Most of these appear in the first four columns of the table; however, the stack commands to PUSH and POP double-byte data are located at the far right in the top section.

An apparent inconsistency appears in the middle of the table. Hexadecimal code 76 is the instruction to halt the processor (HLT). Expected there instead is MOV M,M, the op code meaning "move the content of the memory location whose address is in the H and L register pair into that Text continued on page 197



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|---|------------|--------|-------|--------|----------|----------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | В | С | D | E | F |
| 0 | NOP | | RYM | STR | MOV B,B | MOV D,B | MOV H,B | MOV M.B | ADD B | SUB B | ANA B | ORA B | RNZ | RNC | RPO | RP |
| 1 | LXI B | LXI D | LXI H | LXI SP | MOV B,C | MOV D.C | MOV H,C | MOV M,C | ADD C | SUB C | ANA C | ORA C | POP B | POP D | POP H | POP PSW |
| 2 | STAX B | STAX D | SHLD | STA | MOV B,D | MOV D,D | MOV H,D | MOV M,D | ADD D | SUB D | ANA D | ORA D | JNZ | JNC | JPO | JP |
| 3 | INX B | INX D | INX H | INX SP | MOV B,E | MOV D,E | MOV H,E | MOV M.E | ADD E | SUB È | ANA E | ORA E | JMP | OUT | XTHL | DI |
| 4 | INR B | INR D | INR H | INR M | MOV B,H | MOV D,H | MOV H,H | MOV M,H | ADD H | SUB H | ANA H | ORA H | CNZ | CNC | CPO | CP |
| 5 | DCR B | DCR D | DCR H | DCR M | MOV B,L | MOV D,L | MOV H.L | MOV M,L | ADD L | SUB L | ANA L | ORA L | PUSH B | PUSH D | PUSH H | PUSH PS |
| 6 | MVI B | MVI D | MVI H | M IVM | MOV B,M | MOV D,M | MOV H,M | HLT | ADD M | SUB M | ANA M | ORA M | ADI | SUI | ANI | ORI |
| 7 | RLC | RAL | DAA | STC | MOV B,A | MOV D,A | MOV H,A | MOV M,A | ADD A | SUB A | ANA A | ORA A | RST O | RST 16 | RST 32 | RST 48 |
| 8 | | | | | MOV C,B | MOV E,B | MOV L,B | MOV A,B | ADC B | SBB B | XRA B | CMP B | RZ | RC | RPE | RM |
| 9 | DAD B | DAD D | DAD H | DAD SP | MOV C,C | MOV E,C | MOV L,C | MOV A,C | ADC C | SBB C | XRA C | CMP C | RET | | PCHL | SPHL |
| A | LDAX B | LDAX D | LHLD | LDA | MOV C, D | MOV E, D | MOV L,D | MOV A,D | ADC D | SBB D | XRA D | CMP D | JZ | JC | JPE | JM |
| В | DCX B | DCX D | DCX H | DCX SP | MOV C,E | MOV E,E | MOV L,E | MOV A,E | ADC E | SBB E | XRA E | CMP E | | IN | XCHG | EI |
| C | INR C | INR E | INR L | INR A | MOV C,H | MOV E,H | MOV L,H | MOV A,H | ADC H | SBB H | XRA H | CMP H | CZ | CC | CPE | CM |
| D | DCR C | DCR E | DCR L | DCR A | MOV C,L | MOV E,L | MOV L,L | MOV A,L | ADC L | SBB L | XRA L | CMP L | CALL | | | |
| E | MVI C | MVI E | MVI L | MVIA | MOV C,M | MOV E,M | MOV L.M | MOV A,M | ADC M | SBB M | XRA M | CIMIP M | ACI | SBI | XRI | CPI |
| F | RRC | RAR | CMA | CMC | MOV C,A | MOV E,A | MOV L,A | MOV A,A | ADC A | SBB A | XRA A | CMP A | RST 8 | RST 24 | RST 40 | RST 56 |

Table 1: Mnemonics of the operation codes of the 8080 and 8085 microprocessors arranged conveniently for conversion to the hexadecimal object code. This task is aided by the organizational consistency of the instruction set. The two instructions (RIM and SIM) found only in the 8085 are indicated by shading.

196 March 1980 © BYTE Publications Inc

Text continued from page 194:

same memory location." The expected instruction is effectively just a slow equivalent of the no operation (NOP) located at hexadecimal 00. Hence, its replacement by the halt command improves, rather than degrades the power of the instruction set. Still, I wonder why an otherwise empty spot in the table was not chosen — as was done for the two additional 8085 instructions.

The right quarter of the table mainly contains program branching and data exchange instructions. Excluding the previously mentioned stack commands, none of these have explicit operands so the previously discussed organization is impossible. The miscellaneous nature of these instructions also tends to prevent predictable order.

Nonetheless, the op codes in this area have a consistent structural style. Most are arranged in complementary order, with mutually exclusive conditions placed in the same column, separated by eight rows. The group of return instructions is typical. The unconditional return from subroutine command is hexadecimal C9. Starting immediately above it and proceeding to the right, four of the eight conditional return instructions are found. The other four (the complements) are eight rows higher.

The order in which these conditions appear is uniform from group to group. To determine that this is so, compare similar elements of the call, jump, and return groups. The unconditional jump (JMP) instruction is a curious exception. Its expected code is CB, but it actually appears eight rows higher in the table. Such exceptions are few enough not to be bothersome.

Z80 Operation Codes

The Z80 is an enhanced version of the 8080. It runs faster, has twice as many general purpose registers, and has a much larger instruction set. Included as a subset in this instruction is the entire repertoire of the 8080. (This compatibility exists at the machine language level, but not the assembly language level; standard mnemonics and assembly language formats for the two processors differ considerably.) Thus, in hexadecimal object form, almost any program written for the 8080 will produce identical results when executed by a

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BIOTECH ELECTRONICS P.O. Box 485, Ben Lomond, CA 95005 (408) 338-2686 Z80. Because of the Z80's generally higher speed, software timing loops are an exception to this upward compatibility feature. [Editor's note: There is also a slight difference in the operation of the parity flag....RSS]

The similarities of the two instruction sets can be seen by comparing corresponding positions of table 1 and table 2. Table 2 is the basic conversion table for the Z80. For every valid 8080 instruction in table 1, its correspondent in table 2 produces logically equivalent results. The differences between the two instruction sets stem from the twelve positions unused by the 8080. These, which are clearly indicated in table 2, are used to greatly expand the Z80's capability.

The Zilog Corp used the seven unfilled positions on the left side of table 1 and the uppermost one on the right side to give the Z80 processor the ability to perform relative branching and to exchange the contents of its two sets of registers. However, the use of hexadecimal codes 20 and 30 for two of the jump relative instructions means that the Z80 is not as compatible with the 8085 as it is with the 8080.

The real expansion of the Z80's instruction set over that of the 8080 is the result of the interesting use of the four other empty spaces in table 1. In essence, the Z80 uses them as pointers to four additional 16 by 16 tables, thus increasing the number of possible op codes by 1532. (The Z80 does not use most of these, but flexibility for future expansion is certainly there.) Had this innovative use of the unimplemented codes not been done, the Z80 would have been limited to 256 different op codes, which is only twelve more than the 8080.

There is a penalty for this flexibility: all instructions in these expansion sets must be multibyte. The first byte identifies the appropriate expansion instruction set, after which, the second byte identifies the operation to be performed. Sometimes there is an additional third or fourth byte to provide data or addressing information.

Shift, Rotate, and Bit Manipulation Instructions

Consider these pointer instructions one at a time. All of the instructions which begin with hexadecimal CB are contained in table 3. All of the *direct*-

| | First Nybble | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|----------|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | В | С | D | E | F |
| 0 | NOP | DINZ . | JR WZ,e | JR NC.e | LD B,B | LD D,B | LD H.B | LD (HL),B | ADD A,B | SUB B | AND B | OR B | RET NZ | RET NC | RET PO | RET P |
| 1 | LD BC, nn | LD DE, nn | LD HL, nn | LD SP,nn | LD B,C | LD D,C | LD H,C | LD (HL),C | ADD A,C | SUB C | AND C | OR C | POP BC | POP DE | POP HL | POP AF |
| 2 | LD (BC),A | LD (DE),A | LD (nn), HL | LD (nn),A | LD B,D | LD D,D | LD H, D | LD (HL),D | ADD A,D | SUB D | AND D | OR D | JP NZ,nn | JP NC,nn | JP PO,nn | JP P,nn |
| 3 | INC BC | INC DE | INC HL | INC SP | LD B,E | LD D,E | LD H,E | LD (HL),E | ADD A,E | SUB E | AND E | OR E | JP nn | OUT (n),A | EX (SP),HL | DI |
| 4 | INC B | INC D | INC H | INC (HL) | LD B,H | LD D,H | LD H,H | LD (HL),H | ADD A,H | SUB H | AND H | OR H | CALL NZ, nn | CALL NC, nn | CALL PO,nn | CALL P,nn |
| 5 | DEC B | DEC D | DEC H | DEC (HL) | LD B,L | LD D,L | LD H,L | LD (HL),L | ADD A,L | SUB L | AND L | OR L | PUSH BC | PUSH DE | FUSH HL | PUSH AF |
| 6 | LD B,n | LD D,n | LD H,n | LD (HL),n | LD B, (HL) | LD D, (HL) | LD H, (HL) | HALT | ADD A, (HL) | SUB (HL) | AND (HL) | OR (HL) | ADD A,n | SUB n | AND n | OR n |
| 7 | RLCA | RLA · | DAA | SCF | LD B,A | LD D,A | LD H,A | LD (HL),A | ADD A,A | SUB A | AND A | OR A | RST OOH | RST 10H | RST 20H | RST 30H |
| 8 | TH B 107 | JE e | JR Z,e | JR C.e | LD C, B | LD E,B | LD L,B | LD A, B | ADC A,B | SBC A,B | XOR B | CP B | RET Z | RET C | RET PE | RET M |
| 9 | ADD HL, BC | ADD HL, DE | ADD HL, HL | ADD HL,SP | LD C,C | LD E,C | LD L.C | LD A,C | ADC A,C | SBC A,C | XOR C | CP C | RET | EXX | JP (HL) | LD SP, HL |
| A | LD A, (BC) | LD A, (DE) | LD HL, (nn) | LD A, (nn) | LD C,D | LD E,D | LD L,D | LD A,D | ADC A,D | SBC A,D | XOR D | CP D | JP Z,nn | JP C,nn | JP PE, nn | JP M,nn |
| B | DEC BC | DEC DE | DEC HL | DEC SP | LD C,E | LD E,E | LD L,E | LD A,E | ADC A,E | SBC A,E | XOR E | CP E | See Table 3 | IN A, (n) | EX DE, HL | EI |
| C | INC C | INC E | INC L | INC A | LD C,H | LD E,H | LD L,H | LD A,H | ADC A,H | SBC A,H | XOR H | СР Н | CALL Z,nn | CALL C,nn | CALL PE, nn | CALL M,nn |
| D | DEC C | DEC E | DEC L | DEC A | LD C,L | LD E,L | LD L,L | LD A, L | ADC A,L | SBC A,L | XOR L | CP L | CALL nn | See Table 4 | See Table 8 | See Table 6 |
| E | LD C,n | LD E,n | LD L,n | LD A,n | LD C, (HL) | LD E, (HL) | LD L. (HL) | LD A, (HL) | ADC A, (HL) | SBC A, (HL) | XOR (HL) | CP (HL) | ADC A,n | SBC A,n | XOR n | CP n |
| F | RRCA | RRA | CPL | CCF | LD C,A | LD E,A | LD L,A | LD A,A | ADC A,A | SBC A,A | XOR A | CP A | RST 08H | RST 18H | RST 28H | RST 38H |

Table 2: Mnemonics of the operation codes of the Z80 microprocessor arranged for conversion to hexadecimal object code. Corresponding positions of table 1 and table 2 generally perform the identical function, despite differences in notation. Enhancements of the 8080 instruction set are indicated by shading. Mnemonics used here are those specified by Zilog.



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mode instructions to shift or rotate (in either direction) any byte in memory or in any of the eight active registers are located here. Table 3 also contains the direct-mode instructions to set, reset, or test any bit in any of these bytes. All of these operations have a length of two bytes. Interestingly, there are more valid instruction combinations derived from the ten basic instructions in this table than there are in the entire 8080 set.

Two features of table 3 are notable. The first is the absence of a "shift left logical" counterpart to the SRL command group. The shift left logical counterpart is not there because it is not needed: the "arithmetic shift left" instructions in column 2 (hexadecimal) accomplish this function. The use of the same general organizational rules indicated earlier for the 8080 is the more important of the two properties of this table. Such uniformity is a good aid in locating instructions in this table.

Indexed Instructions

719079

Instructions beginning with hexadecimal DD are in one of two indexed classes of instructions. These use the IX and IY registers respectively in forming a data address. Those related to the former are depicted in table 4 and its associated table 5.

The analogy between tables 2 and 4 and between tables 3 and 5 is striking. The organizational patterns are identical - even to the point of using the same expansion technique. They should be identical. Each of these indexed instructions was formed by replacing the (HL) operand of an equivalent register-indirect instruction with the indexed notation (IX+d). Thus, every operation that can be performed in the registerindirect mode by the 8080 or Z80 can also be performed in the indexed mode by the Z80.

The resulting positional equivalence between the two sets of tables is most helpful in determining the required hexadecimal code for the indexed instructions. An easy way to do this without having to refer to tables 4 or 5 is to first select from table 2 or 3 (as appropriate) the hexadecimal code for the register-indirect form of the desired operation. Then place a DD prefix in front of this code if the operation was found in table 2, or a DDCB prefix, if found in table 3. Text continued on page 207

| | First Nybbl | e | | | | | | | | | | | | | and the second se | |
|---|-------------|---------|----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|-------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | В | С | D | E | F |
| 0 | RLC B | RL B | SLA B | | BIT 0,B | BIT 2,B | BIT 4,B | BIT 6,B | RES 0,B | RES 2,B | RES 4, B | RES 6,B | SET 0,B | SET 2,B | SET 4,B | SET 6,B |
| 1 | RLC C | RL C | SLA C | | BIT 0,C | BIT 2,C | BIT 4,C | BIT 6,C | RES 0,C | RES 2,C | RES 4,C | RES 6,C | SET 0,C | SET 2,C | SET 4,C | SET 6,C |
| 2 | RLC D | RL D | SLA D | | BIT 0,D | BIT 2,D | BIT 4,D | BIT 6,D | RES 0,D | RES 2,D | RES 4,D | RES 6,D | SET 0,D | SET 2,D | SET 4,D | SET 6,D |
| 3 | RLC E | RL E | SLA E | | BIT O,E | BIT 2,E | BIT 4,E | BIT 6,E | RES 0,E | RES 2,E | RES 4,E | RES 6,E | SET O,E | SET 2,E | SET 4,E | SET 6,E |
| 4 | RLC H | RL H | SLA H | | BIT 0,H | BIT 2,H | BIT 4,H | BIT 6,H | RES 0,H | RES 2,H | RES 4,H | RES 6,H | SET 0,H | SET 2,H | SET 4,H | SET 6,H |
| 5 | RLC L | RL L | SLA L | | BIT 0,L | BIT 2,L | BIT 4,L | BIT 6,L | RES 0,L | RES 2,L | RES 4,L | RES 6,L | SET 0,L | SET 2,L | SET 4,L | SET 6,L |
| 6 | RLC (HL) | RL (HL) | SLA (HL) | | BIT 0, (HL) | BIT 2, (HL) | BIT 4, (HL) | BIT 6,(HL) | RES 0, (HL) | RES 2,(HL) | RES 4, (HL) | RES 6, (HL) | SET 0, (HL) | SET 2, (HL) | SET 4, (HL) | SET 6, (HL) |
| 7 | RLC A | RL A | SLA A | | BIT O,A | BIT 2,A | BIT 4,A | BIT 6,A | RES 0,A | RES 2,A | RES 4,A | RES 6,A | SET 0,A | SET 2,A | SET 4,A | SET 6,A |
| 8 | RRC B | RR B | SRA B | SRL B | BIT 1,B | BIT 3,B | BIT 5,B | BIT 7,B | RES 1,B | RES 3,B | RES 5,B | RES 7, B | SET 1,B | SET 3,B | SET 5,B | SET 7,B |
| 9 | RRC C | RR C | SRA C | SRL C | BIT 1,C | BIT 3,C | BIT 5,C | BIT 7,C | RES 1,C | RES 3,C | RES 5,C | RES 7,C | SET 1,C | SET 3,C | SET 5,C | SET 7,C |
| A | RRC D | RR D | SRA D | SRL D | BIT 1,D | BIT 3,D | BIT 5,D | BIT 7,D | RES 1,D | RES 3,D | RES 5, D | RES 7,D | SET 1,D | SET 3,D | SET 5,D | SET 7,D |
| В | RRC E | RR E | SRA E | SRL E | BIT 1,E | BIT 3,E | BIT 5,E | BIT 7,E | RES 1,E | RES 3,E | RES 5,E | RES 7,E | SET 1,E | SET 3,E | SET 5,E | SET 7,E |
| С | RRC H | RR H | SRA H | SRL H | BIT 1,H | BIT 3,H | BIT 5,H | BIT 7,H | RES 1,H | RES 3,H | RES 5,H | RES 7,H | SET 1,H | SET 3,H | SET 5,H | SET 7,H |
| D | RRC L | RR L | SRA L | SRL L | BIT 1,L | BIT 3,L | BIT 5,L | BIT 7,L | RES 1,L | RES 3,L | RES 5,L | RES 7,L | SET 1,L | SET 3,L | SET 5,L | SET 7,L |
| E | RRC (HL) | RR (HL) | SRA (HL) | SRL (HL) | BIT 1, (HL) | BIT 3, (HL) | BIT 5, (HL) | BIT 7,(HL) | RES 1, (HL) | RES 3, (HL) | RES 5, (HL) | RES 7, (HL) | SET 1, (HL) | SET 3, (HL) | SET 5, (HL) | SET 7, (HL) |
| F | RRC A | RR A | SRA A | SRL A | BIT 1,A | BIT 3.A | BIT 5,A | BIT 7,A | RES 1,A | RES 3,A | RES 5.A | RES 7,A | SET 1,A | SET 3,A | SET 5.A | SET 7,A |

Table 3: Enhancement operation codes of the Z80 invoked by the hexadecimal CB instruction prefix. These CB class operations give bit manipulation, data shifting, and enhanced rotation capability to the Z80.

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|-----|-------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---|------------|------------|----------------|---|---|---------------|----|
| 2 | | ADP IX | | EX (SP),IX | | AUSH IX | | | | JP (IX) | | | | | | |
| Ð | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IJ | | | | | | | | | | | | See Table 5 | | | | |
| ß | | | | | | | OR (IX+4) | | | | | | | | CP (IX+d) | |
| Y | | | | | | | (P+XI) GIN | | | | | | | | XOR (DX+d) | |
| 6 | | | | | | | (P+XI) ENS | | | | | | | | SBC A, (IX+d) | |
| 89 | | | | | | | ADD A. (IX+d) | | | | | | | | ADC A. (IX+d) | |
| 2 | ED (IX+d),B | 10 (DA+10) (LI | LD (IX+4),D | I.D (IX+d) .E | H, (b+XI) di | 1, (b+A) ui | | V' (р+)Д) (П | | | | | | | LD A, (IX+d) | |
| 9 | | | | | | | LD R, (IX+d) | | | | | | | | (P+XI)'T dI | |
| 5 | | | | | | | (P+XI)'G (II | | | | | | | | LU E. (TX+d) | |
| 4 | | | | | | | LD B, (IX+4) | | | | | | | | LD C, (IX+d) | |
| 3 | | | | | DIC (TX+q) | DEC (IX+4) | u, (b+XI) ui | | | ADD IX,SP | | | | | | |
| 2 | | UN XI UI | XI. (nn) UI | DIC IX | | | | | | ADD IX, IX | (nn),XI GI | DEC IX | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | ADD IX, DE | | | | | | |
| 0 | | | | | | | | | | ADD IX, BC | | | | | | |
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 2 | 8 | 6 | * | B | D | Q | ы | Ba |

Table 4: Operations of the Z80 invoked by the instruction prefix DD. These provide indexed-mode instructions equivalent to the ndirect-mode instructions and employ the IX register

| | First Nybble | | | | | | | | | 4 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | В | с | D | E | F |
| 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | RLC (IX+d) | RL (IX+d) | SLA (IX+d) | | BIT 0, (IX+d) | BIT 2,(IX+d) | BIT 4, (IX+d) | BIT 6,(IX+d) | RES 0,(IX+d) | RES 2,(IX+d) | RES 4, (IX+d) | RES 6, (IX+d) | SET 0, (IX+d) | SET 2,(IX+d) | SET 4, (IX+d) | SET 6, (IX+d) |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| В | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E | RRC (IX+d) | RR (IX+d) | SRA (IX+d) | SRL (IX+d) | BIT 1, (IX+d) | BIT 3,(IX+d) | BIT 5, (IX+d) | BIT 7,(IX+d) | RES 1,(IX+d) | RES 3,(IX+d) | RES 5, (IX+d) | RES 7, (IX+d) | SET 1, (IX+d) | SET 3,(IX+d) | SET 5, (IX+d) | SET 7, (IX+d) |
| F | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 5: These DDCB-class operation codes are an indexed equivalent of the indirect-mode operation codes of the Z80 shown in table 3.



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| 1 | 0 | - | 2 | e | 4 | 2 | 9 | 2 | 8 | 6 | A | PÅ | 0 | A | 64 | 54 |
|-------|---------|------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|------------|-----------|----------------|---|------------|-----------|
| - | 0 | | | | | | | a.(b+YI) di | | | | | | | | |
| É | + | | III IX,m | | | | | 2* (P+XI) GI | | | | | | | YI 404 | |
| , tdd | 2 | | YI' (INI) (LI | | | | | Ω*(P+XI) ŒI | | | | | | | | |
| (N pu | 5 | | INC IN | | | | | ED (IY+d),E | | | | | | | EX (SP),IY | |
| 1009 | 4 | | | INC (IY+d) | | | | H' (P+XI) II | | | | | | | | |
| ŝ | 14 | | | DBC (IY+d) | | | | TT (1X+4) TT | | | | | | | AI HSN4 | |
| | 6 | | | u'(P+XI) dI | LD B. (IY+d) | ID D'(IX+q) | LD R. (IY+d) | | ADD A.(IY+d) | SUB (IY+d) | (P+XI) GNV | OR (IY+d) | | | | |
| | 7 | | | | | | | LD (1Y+d) A | | | | | | | | |
| | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 9 ADD T | Y, BC ADD IY, D. | E ADD IY, IY | ADD IY,SP | | | | | | | | | | | JP (11) | IL SP, IY |
| | < | | IID IY, (nn) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | DEC IV | | | | | | | | | | See Table 7 | | | |
| • | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 53 | | | | LD C, (IY+d) | LD E. (IY+d) | LD L. (IT+d) | (D+YI),A di | ADC A, (IY+d) | SBC A, (IY+d) | XOR (IY+d) | CP (IY+d) | | | | |
| | £4. | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 6: Indexed instructions employing the IY register. Note the similarity with table 4. These operation codes begin with the FD prefix.

| | First Nybbl | e | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | В | C | D | E | F |
| 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | RLC (IY+d) | RL (IY+d) | SLA (IY+d) | | BIT 0, (IY+d) | BIT 2,(IY+d) | BIT 4, (IY+d) | BIT 6, (IY+d) | RES 0,(IY+d) | RES 2,(IY+d) | RES 4, (IY+d) | RES 6, (IY+d) | SET 0, (IY+d) | SET 2, (IY+d) | SET 4, (IY+d) | SET 6, (IY+d) |
| 7 | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| в | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| D | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| E | RRC (IY+d) | RR (IY+d) | SRA (IY+d) | SRL (IY+d) | BIT 1,(IY+d) | BIT 3,(IY+d) | BIT 5, (IY+d) | BIT 7, (IY+d) | RES 1,(IY+d) | RES 3,(IY+d) | RES 5, (IY+d) | RES 7,(IY+d) | SET 1, (IY+d) | SET 3,(IY+d) | SET 5, (IY+d) | SET 7, (IY+d) |
| F | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | |

Table 7: Indexed instructions of the FDCB class, again employing the IY register. Note the similarity with table 5.

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| a | _ | | 8 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 6 | V | ß | U | A | 63 | Jac. |
|----|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|-----|------|-------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|---|------|------|--------|
| 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ~ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | IN B,(C) | GUT (C),B | SBC HL, BC | LD (m),BC | NEC | REIN | 0 HI | LD I.A | DN C'(C) | our (c),c | ADC HL, BC | (nn), DE GL | | RETI | | LD R,A |
| 2 | D'D'(C) | d. (C) TUD | SBC HL, DE | LD (nm) LDE | | | 1 101 | LD A, I | IN E,(C) | CUT (C),E | ADC HL, DE | LD DE, (nn) | | | DK 2 | LD A.R |
| 9 | IN H, (C) | CUT (C),H | SBC HL, HL | | | | | RRD | IN T'(C) | OUT (C).L | ADC HL, HL | | | | | CLIN |
| 2 | | | SBC HL,SP | LD (nn) SP | | | | | DN A. (C) | OUT (C),A | ADC HL,SP | LD SP, (nn) | | | | |
| 80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ٧ | IDI | CPI | INI | ITUO | | | | | C T T T | CPD | ЦЦ | OUTD | | | | |
| B | LDIR | CPIR | INTR | OTIR | | | | | TODR | CPDR | HICINIC | OTDR | | | | |
| c | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Э | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| a. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Second Mybble

Table 8: The class of miscellaneous instructions invoked by the ED prefix.

TWX 710-541-0431

(315) 422-4467

Text continued from page 200:

Finally, place after this code group a displacement suffix. d.

The Z80 also has a second index register, which is designated the IY register. Op codes which use it for addressing are contained in tables 6 and 7. It takes only a quick glance to notice the strong similarity between tables 4 and 6 and between tables 5 and 7. As might be expected, virtually everything said previously about the IX class of op codes also refers to the IY class. The sole exception to this statement is that the IY-type instructions begin with hexadecimal code FD, instead of DD,

Miscellaneous Additions

All fifty-six instructions in the last of the four expansion sets begin with hexadecimal code ED. They are listed in table 8. Though they are quite heterogeneous, they add considerably to the power of the Z80. Among these, for example, are instructions that enhance the 16-bit arithmetic capability, set interrupt modes, permit complementing the accumulator, and allow a register-indirect type of I/O to be performed. There are instructions also, which allow counting or block processing to be done during loading, comparison, and I/O operations. Even if the other three expansion sets were omitted, the instructions in this set would be highly useful additions to the basic 8080 complement.

With such a hodgepodge of function, it is rather surprising that any order at all can be made of these ED class instructions. Nonetheless, consistency with the other tables is maintained. It is evident from the arithmetic and the leftmost I/O instructions that arrangement by order of first and second operands is used whenever possible. Separation of complementary functions by eight rows in a column is also followed.

There are 696 valid op codes in the seven Z80 tables. Without organizational consistency, conversion of these instructions from mnemonic to hexadecimal form would be extremely difficult and probably ridden with error. Fortunately, these codes are very well arranged, following the pattern established for the 8080. It takes a little practice to become adept at making these transformations, but with the aid of these tables it can be accomplished successfully.



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The Periodic Chart at Your Fingertips Using the TI-59

Bruce D Marquardt, 1831 18th St Apt 44, National City CA 92050

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Because of my interest in programmable calculators, I am always looking for a challenge. While I was attending a chemistry lecture, a question presented itself to me: What is a chemist without a periodic chart? [Editor's Note: I have no retort. ... RSS]

Text continued on page 210



Listing 1: Keystrokes for the periodic-table program. The TI-59 should be configured for 319 program steps and 79 data registers, and the program will require two magnetic cards for storage. When running the program, the user can recover from an error condition by pressing CLR and beginning again.

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Figure 1: Placement and definition of user-defined keys. Given the placement of the user-defined keys in figure 1a, the program tape in figure 1b shows the meaning of each key. For example, user-defined key A is used when entering the value for N. See tables 1 and 2, which describe the usage of these keys.

Table 1: Loading and changing atomic weight information. The first routine allows the user to enter the atomic weight for all elements, starting with element 1 and continuing through element 106. The second routine allows the user to make changes to a group of consecutive elements. Since two atomic weights are stored in a single register, both weights for an odd-even pair must be entered even if only one of the two is to be changed. Pressing the R/S button causes the calculator to request the next odd-even pair of atomic weights. The E' key, used to end this loop, can be pressed only when the atomic number showing in the display is odd.

| Step | Steps Procedure | | Display |
|-----------------|---|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. | To load atomic weight Initialize. | E' | does not |
| 2. 3. | Enter 1. Enter atomic weight for | A' B' | 1 2 |
| 4. | Enter atomic weight for atomic number 2. | R/S | 3 |
| | : | ÷ | • |
| р " | Enter atomic weight for | R/S | 107 |
| 5. | Initialize. | E' | does not |
| 6. | Load data into banks 2, 3, and 4. (Refer to owner's manual for TI Programmable 58/59.) (The program is now complete. The load subroutines will not be needed unless a | | Grange |
| | change of data is required at a later date.) | | |
| 7. | To change atomic weight data Initialize. | E' | does not |
| 8. 9. 10. | Enter n, where $n = 1, 3, 5, \dots$ 103, 105. Enter atomic weight for n. Enter atomic weight for $n + 1$. ($n + 1$ is even) | A' B' R/S | n n+1 n+2 |
| | | : | 1 |
| | | • | |
| 11. | If the number displayed is odd, press E' to exit the "change atomic weight | E. | change |
| 12. | ata routine. To recall atomic number for the next atomic weight to be entered. (Step 12 is performed when the operator | CLR, B' | Atomic number |
| 13. | initializes with n, an even Integer, thereby initiating an error condition.) Repeat steps 9, 10, and 11 to continue. | | |

Text continued from page 208:

I realized that a programmable calculator could easily be used to store and retrieve data contained in the periodic chart; once this is done, the user can manipulate periodic-chart data with a small chance of error. Using the Texas Instruments TI-59, I developed the program shown in listing 1.

This program, documented in tables 1 and 2, contains two types of routines, the first for loading atomic weights, and the second for retrieving them. I decided to **Table 2:** Retrieval of data from the program. The first routine finds an element's atomic weight, given its atomic number. The second routine calculates the molecular weight of a molecule given a set of quantity/atomic-number pairs that describe the molecule. The quantities marked with asterisks (*) denote numbers that will be printed when a PC-100A or PC-100C printer is attached.

| Steps | Procedure | Press | Display |
|------------|--|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | To find atomic weight Initialize. | E' | does not |
| 2. | (When program is initialized, the display is preserved.) Enter atomic number. | B,E | value of atomic weight* |
| 3. | Repeat step 2 for new atomic number. | | , j |
| 4. | To find molecular weight Initialize. | E' | does not |
| 5. | Enter atomic number. | В | does not |
| 6. | Enter how many of that particular element. | A,E | AX atomic weight* |
| 7. 8. | Repeat steps 5 and 6 for each element. Calculate total weight (sum weight.) | с | total weight of mole- cule* |
| 9. | (Note: label C is a subtotal.) To find weight of a new formula, go to step 4. | | |
| 10. 11. | Recall last A entry (when desired) Recall last B entry (when desired) (Steps 10 and 11 are merely for conve- nience and do not interfere with program flow.) | CLR, A CLR, B | Last A Last B |

Table 3: Table showing usage of registers 00 thru 79 in the periodic-table program, listing 1. The atomic weights must be in the form of XXX.XXX; leading and trailing zeros will be automatically inserted.

| Register Number | Use |
|--------------------------|--|
| 00 thru 09 10 thru 19 | Used. These registers are left open to allow the operator to store additional data during program use without altering internal program executions. |
| 20 thru 72 73 thru 79 | Used to store atomic weights. Not used. |

sacrifice speed of execution for ease of operation and protection of loaded data.

This program will enable you to:

- Display atomic weights by entering the corresponding atomic numbers.
- Calculate molecular weights.
- Calculate any combination of atomic weights.
- Load atomic weights either sequentially or randomly.
- Print values using the PC-100A or PC-100C printers.

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Programming Duickies

KIM-1 Multiplication and Division

James C Couchman, General Dynamics Corp, Fort Worth Division, POB 748, Fort Worth TX 76101

When I bought a MOS Technology KIM-1 microcomputer to use in a specific control function, it arrived with a set of comprehensive instruction, programming, and hardware books. As soon as I connected a 5 V power supply, I was able to interact with the machine through the hexadecimal keyboard and light-emitting diode (LED) display. It was a bit more difficult to get our Teletype to work with the KIM-1, but with a slight adjustment to the teleprinter timing, the problem was cured.

The KIM-1 is still a real bargain, with features including the 6502 microprocessor, 2 K bytes of read-only memory (containing the Keyboard Input Monitor from which the name is derived), an interval timer, fifteen input and output lines, 1 K bytes of programmable memory (with address logic for 16 K bytes), and probably some features I have not yet discovered.

Since the KIM-1 is programmed in machine language using a set of fifty-six instructions, I believe that the best way to learn to program it is to not just read about it, but do it. One should just start writing code, and, in time, the power of the basic instruction set will really be understood and appreciated.

Once the user is familiar with the capabilities of the KIM-1, he begins to wish that it could do more. One tool that provides more capability is a set of software routines that perform sixteen-bit multiplication and division on the 6502 processor. After I searched for a suitable set of routines, I concluded that I would have to write my own.

To prevent you from having to "reinvent the wheel," I am presenting these routines here. In developing these routines, I enlisted the invaluable assistance of my associates G R Arnett and J R Williamson. These routines should work without much difficulty on other 6502based computers.

Sixteen-Bit Routines

These routines can multiply and divide two 16-bit signed quantities together and produce a signed 16-bit result. The routines are written as relocatable subroutines.

In multiplication, the high-order byte of the first multiplicand is loaded into hexadecimal location 0000, and the low-order byte into location 0001. The highorder byte of the second multiplicand is put into location 0006, and the low-order byte into location 0007.

In division, the high-order byte of the divisor is loaded into hexadecimal location 0000; the low-order byte into location 0001. The high-order byte of the dividend is placed into location 0006, and the low-order byte is loaded into location 0007. If the value of the divisor is zero, the division routine will return control to the calling program.

For both the multiplication and the division routines, the answer is returned in hexadecimal locations 0002 (high-order) and 0003 (low-order byte). It should not be very hard to change this if need be.

An example of a simple calling routine is shown in listing 1. The calling sequence is essentially the same for both multiplication and for division; only the value contained in the two bytes that follow the jump-to-subroutine (JSR) instruction must be changed.

Listing 1a: Calling sequence for 16-bit multiply subroutine.

| Address | Code |
|---------|---------------|
| 0007 | 20 (JSR) |
| 8000 | 00 |
| 0009 | 01 (multiply) |
| 000A | A9 (LDA) |
| 000B | 00 |
| 000C | FO |
| 000D | FC |
| | |

Listing 1b: Calling sequence for 16-bit divide subroutine.

| Address | Code | | |
|---------|-------------|--|--|
| 0007 | 20 (JSR) | | |
| 0008 | 30 | | |
| 0009 | 00 (divide) | | |
| 000A | A9 (LDA) | | |
| 000B | 00 | | |
| 000C | FO | | |
| 000D | FC | | |
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The assembler mnemonics and hexadecimal code for the multiplication subroutine are given in listing 2. The division subroutine is given in similar form in listing 3. The multiplication subroutine is shown in hexadecimal memory-dump form in listing 4; the division code in that form in listing 5.

My collegues and I hope that these programs will help other KIM-1 users. We know that having had them prepared for us would have saved us much time.

Listing 2: Relocatable subroutine to perform multiplication of 16-bit quantities on the 6502 microprocessor as used in the MOS Technology KIM-1. Both assembler mnemonics and hexadecimal code are given. Entry point is hexadecimal location 0100.

| Address | Mnemonic | Hexadecimal Code |
|---------|------------------|------------------|
| 0100 | CLC | 18 |
| 0101 | CLD | D8 |
| 0102 | LDA #0 | A9 00 |
| 0104 | TAX | AA |
| 0105 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 0107 | STA 0003 | 85 03 |
| 0109 | 1DA 0000 | 85.00 |
| 0109 | DME | AJ OU |
| 010B | DINE IDS 0001 | |
| OIOD | LDA UUUI | AS UI |
| OIOF | BEQ | FU OC |
| 0111 | CMP #1 | C9 UI |
| 0113 | BNE | DUID |
| 0115 | LDA 0006 | A5 06 |
| 0117 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 0119 | LDA 0007 | A5 07 |
| 011B | STA 0003 | 85 03 |
| 011D | RTS | 60 |
| OIIE | BPL. | 10 12 |
| 0120 | INX | E8 |
| 0121 | LDA 0001 | A5 01 |
| 0123 | CLC | 18 |
| 0124 | EOR FF | 49 FF |
| 0126 | ADC #1 | 69 01 |
| 0128 | STA 0001 | 85 01 |
| 012A | LDA 0000 | A5 00 |
| 012C | EOR FF | 49 FF |
| 012E | ADC #0 | 69 00 |
| 0130 | STA 0000 | 85 00 |
| 0132 | LDA 0006 | A5 06 |
| 0134 | BNF | D0 26 |
| 0136 | LDA 0007 | A5 07 |
| 0138 | BEO | FO 18 |
| 0134 | CMP #1 | C9 01 |
| 0130 | BNE | D0 32 |
| 0130 | DEV | C 8 |
| OISE | PME | DO 12 |
| 0131 | LDA 0001 | |
| 0142 | CLC CLC | 10 |
| 0145 | EOR FE | 10 40 FF |
| 0144 | | 49 11 |
| 0140 | ADC #1 | 09 01 |
| 0148 | SIA 0003 | 85 00 |
| 014A | CDA 0000 | A5 00 |
| 0140 | EOH FF | 49 FF |
| 014E | ADC #U | 69 00 |
| 0150 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 0152 | RTS | 60 |
| 0153 | LDA 0001 | A5 01 |
| 0155 | STA 0003 | 85 03 |
| 0157 | LDA 0000 | A5 00 |
| 0159 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 015B | RTS | 50 |
| 015C | BPL | 10 12 |
| 015E | INX | E8 |
| 015F | LDA 0007 | A5 07 |

Listing 2 continued:

| 0161 0162 | CLC EOR FF | 18 49 FF |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 0164 0166 | ADC #1 STA 0007 | 69 01 85 07 |
| 0168 | LDA 0006 | A5 06 |
| 016C | ADC #0 | 49 FF 69 00 |
| 016E | STA 0006 | 85 06 |
| 0172 | STA 0004 | 85 04 |
| 0174 | LDA 0001 | A5 01 |
| 0178 | LDA 0003 | A5 03 |
| 017A | CLC | 18 |
| 017D | STA 0003 | 85 03 |
| 017F | LDA 0002 | A5 02 |
| 0183 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 0185 | SEC LDA 0007 | 38 A5 07 |
| 0188 | SBC #1 | E9 01 |
| 018A 018C | STA 0007 LDA 0006 | 85 07 A5 06 |
| 018E | SBC #0 | E9 00 |
| 0190 | CMP #0 | C9 00 |
| 0194 | BNE | D0 E2 |
| 0198 | CMP #0 | C9 00 |
| 019A | BNE | D0 DC |
| 019D | BNE | D0 15 |
| 019F | LDA 0002 EOR FF | A5 02 49 FF |
| 01A3 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 01A5 01A7 | LDA 0003 EOR FF | A5 03 49 FF |
| 01A9 | CLC | 18 |
| 01ÅC | STA 0003 | 85 03 |
| OIAE | LDA 0002 | A5 02 |
| 01B0 | STA 0002 | 85 02 |
| 01B4 | RTS | 60 |

Listing 3: Relocatable subroutine to perform division of 16-bit quantities on the 6502 microprocessor of the KIM-1, with assembler mnemonics. Entry point is hexadecimal location 0030.

| Address | Mnemonic | Hexadecimal Code |
|---------|---------------|----------------------------|
| 0030 | CLC | 18 |
| 0031 | CLD | D8 |
| 0032 | LDA #0 | A9 00 |
| 0034 | TAX | AA |
| 0035 | STA 02 | 85 02 |
| 0037 | STA 03 | 85 03 |
| 0039 | LDA 00 | A5 00 |
| 003B | BNE | D0 05 |
| 003D | LDA 01 | A5 01 |
| 003F | BNE | D0 15 |
| 0041 | RTS | 60 |
| 0042 | BPL | 10 12 |
| 0044 | INX | E8 |
| 0045 | LDA 01 | A5 01 |
| 0047 | CLC | 18 |
| 0048 | EOR FF | 49 FF |
| 004A | ADC #1 | 69 01 |
| 004C | STA 01 | 85 01 |
| 004E | LDA 00 | A5 00 |
| 0050 | EOR FF | 49 FF |
| | Listi | ng 3 continued on page 216 |



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| Listing 3 continued: | | | 00B4 | | Ă5 01 |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Listing 3 continued: 0052 0054 0056 0058 0058 0057 0060 0062 0063 0065 0067 0068 0067 0068 0067 0068 0067 0068 0067 0068 0067 0068 0067 0068 0067 0070 0072 0074 0076 0077 0079 0078 007D 0075 0080 0082 | ADC #0 STA 00 LDA 06 BNE LDA 07 BEQ CMP #1 BNE DEX BNE LDA 01 CLC EOR FF ADC #1 STA 03 LDA 00 EOR FF ADC #0 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 03 LDA 00 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 03 LDA 01 STA 03 LDA 01 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 03 LDA 05 STA 02 RTS LDA 01 STA 03 LDA 05 STA 02 RTS BPL | 69 00 85 00 A5 06 D0 26 A5 07 F0 18 C9 01 D0 32 CA D0 D0 12 A5 01 18 49 49 FF 69 01 85 03 A5 01 85 02 60 A5 A5 01 85 02 60 85 A5 02 60 10 10 12 F8 | 00B4 00B6 00B8 00BA 00BD 00BF 00C1 00C3 00C5 00C7 00C8 00C7 00C8 00CA 00CC 00CE 00D0 00D2 00D4 00D4 00D5 00D7 00D9 00DB 00DD 00DF | LDA 01 BNE BEQ SEC LDA 03 SBC #1 STA 03 LDA 02 SBC #0 STA 02 DEX BNE LDA 02 EOR FF STA 02 LDA 03 EOR FF CLC ADC #1 STA 03 LDA 02 ADC #0 STA 02 RTS | A5 01 D0 DC F0 0D 38 A5 03 E9 01 85 03 A5 02 E9 00 85 02 CA D0 15 A5 02 49 FF 85 02 A5 03 49 FF 18 69 01 85 03 A5 02 69 00 85 02 60 |
| 0082 0083 0085 0086 0088 008A 008C 008C 0090 0092 0094 0096 0097 0099 0099 0099 0099 0099 0099 | INX LDA 07 CLC EOR FF ADC #1 STA 07 LDA 06 EOR FF ADC #0 STA 06 LDA 03 CLC ADC #1 STA 03 LDA 03 CLC ADC #1 STA 03 LDA 02 SEC LDA 01 SBC 07 STA 01 LDA 00 SBC 06 STA 00 LDA 00 BMI BNE | E8 A5 07 18 49 FF 69 01 85 07 A5 06 49 FF 69 00 85 06 A5 03 18 69 01 85 03 A5 02 69 00 85 02 38 A5 01 E5 07 85 01 A5 00 E5 06 85 00 A5 00 A5 00 A5 00 B5 00 A5 00 B5 00 A5 00 B5 00 A5 00 B5 00 | Listing 4: Multiplicati dump form. 3 18010018D8A900AA8502 3 18011502A50785036010 3 1801308500A506D026A5 3 1801308500A506D026A5 3 180176A5031865018503 3 180170A5031865018503 3 1801708506000D22A5 3 1801A8FF1869018503A5 3 0000080008 0 Listing 5: Division su form. 3 18004849FF69018501A5 3 18004849FF69018501A5 3 180048049FF69018501A5 3 180076018503A5008508 3 180078018503A5008508 3 1800680350259085008 3 1800680345025908502 3 1800680345025908502 3 180068034502 | ion subroutine in 122645011849FF69 1028645011849FF69 10085026045018503 10740185026045023645 1075000000CCAD015 10269008502602900 107000000CCAD015 10269008502602900 10049FF6901850345 1849FF6901850345026900 10268050128845071849 169018503450249FF85 160002AJF3C3B3F18 | hexadecimal memory- f00cC901D01DA50685097A 018501A500A9FF6900061D D012A5011849FF69010A0B A5006502601012E8A5086F 06A5008504A5018505061B 07E9018507A506E90007C0 A50249FF8502A503490B86 8D0600C900D0BAP070962 adecimal memory-dump D015601012E8A5011808C7 06D026A507F018C9010992 0049FF6900850260A50A60 F69018507A5049FF08A4 B50238A501E50785010733 DCF00038A503E901850800 02A50349FF186901850A0E 3E3E3EFE1E3E7E7A7F078E |

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March James Martin Seminar James Martin will discuss the design and management of distribution processing and networks.

For details of his March appearances write Technology Transfer Institute, POB 49765, Los Angeles CA 90049, (213) 476-9747.

March

Short Courses on Microcomputers, George Washington DC. Contact the Director of Continuing Engineering Education, George Washington University, Washington DC 20052 or call (202) 676-6106 or (800) 424-9773.

March

Workshops for TRS-80 Interfacing, 8080-8085 and Z80 Design and Digital Electronics for Instrumentation and Automation, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Blacksburg VA 24061. For additional information on times and dates, contact Dr Linda Leffel, CEC, Virginia Tech, Blacksburg VA 24061 or call (703) 961-5241.

March 1

Exploring Small Computers, Albion College, Albion MI. This fair will feature exhibits and seminars on microcomputers and their applications in business, education, and the home. Contact D W Kammer, Dept of Physics, Albion College, Albion MI 49224.

March 3-5 Office Automation Conference, Georgia World Congress Center, Atlanta GA. A combination conference and exhibition of office computer systems has been developed to help management understand the growing technology of business computer systems. For more information, contact H A Bruno and Associates Inc, 78 E 56th St, New York NY 10022.

March 4 and 5 8th Annual Midwest Digital Equipment Exhibit and Seminar, Thunderbird Motel, Minneapolis MN. Manufacturers of computer terminals, data communication equipment, peripherals, data acquisition systems and digital test instruments will display their products. Seminars will be held both days. For further information, contact John Bastys Countryman Associates Co, 1821 University Ave, St Paul MN 55104.

March 6-8 Microprocessor Peripherals Workshop, Montgomery AL. This hands-on workshop includes 27 hours of instruction, with a takehome option and one microcomputer station for every two participants. Contact Paul A Willis, POB 29, Arlington VA 22210.

March 10-12 1980 National Office Exhibition and Conference, Automotive Building,

In order to gain optimum coverage of your organization's computer conferences, seminars, workshops, courses, etc, notice should reach our office at least three months in advance of the date of the event. Entries should be sent to: Event Queue, BYTE Publications, 70 Main St, Peterborough NH 03458. Each month we publish the current contents of the queue for the month of the cover date and the two following calendar months. Thus a given event may appear as many as three times in this section if it is sent to us far enough in advance.

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Subject areas of the conference will include energy conservation, small business computers, micrographics, word processing, telecommunications, copiers, office landscaping, and many others. There will be approximately 100 exhibitors presenting their products and giving demonstrations.

For more information, contact Whitsed Publishing Ltd, Suite 2504, 2 Bloor St W, Toronto, Ontario M4W 3E2 CANADA.

March 11-13 SEMICON/Europa, Zurich, Switzerland.

This show and symposium is the initial step in the organization of a European forum for the exchange of information on the latest semiconductor technology. Included in the topics of presentation are semiconductor materials, device production, and technology; future trends; photovoltaic conversion of solar energy; and standardization of testing and materials. Contact the Semiconductor Equipment and Materials Institute Inc, 625 Ellis St, Suite 212, Mountain View CA 94043.

March 14-16

West Coast Computer Faire, Civic Auditorium and Brooks Hall, San Francisco CA. An expected 15,000 attendees, over 340 exhibits, and more than 100 conference speakers will highlight this year's program. Exhibitor and speaker information may be requested from the Computer Faire, 333 Swett Rd, Woodside CA 94062.

March 15 Annual PACS Computer Games Festival, LaSalle College Ballroom, 20th and Olney, Philadelphia PA. This event is sponsored by the Philadelphia Area Computer Society and the LaSalle College Physics Dept. The Festival hours are from 10 AM to 6 PM. For further information, contact Stephen A Longo, Physics Dept, LaSalle College, Philadelphia PA 19141, or call (215) 951-1255.

March 17-20 Interface '80, Miami Beach Convention Center, Miami Beach FL. This conference and exposition is devoted to data communications, distributed data processing (DDP), and networking. Approximately 1000 exhibitors are expected, and attendance is anticipated to exceed 12,000. For information, contact Interface '80, 160 Speen St, Framingham MA 01701.

March 17-21 **Applied Time Series** Analysis, University of California at Los Angeles CA. This course is designed for engineers, scientists, programmers, economists and other users of digital time series who require modern methods of data analysis using the fast Fourier transform (FFT), digital filtering, power spectral densities and correlation functions. The lectures cover topics relating to the Fourier transform, sampling linear systems, convolution, covariance, digital filtering, power and cross-spectral density functions, and introductions to new methods in spectral analysis and rotating machinery analysis. For more information, contact UCLA Extension, 10995 Le Conte Ave, Los Angeles CA 90024.

March 18-20 **Electrical Power Problems:** The Mathematical Challenge, Seattle WA. This conference is sponsored by the Society for Industrial and **Applied Mathematics** (SIAM). The program is designed to bring together experts from power engineering and applied mathematics fields to focus on electrical power problems and the applied mathematics techniques relevant to their solution. Contact SIAM, 33 S 17th St, Philadelphia PA 19103.

March 20 Electronic Road Shows, Castaways Restaurant, Bur-



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bank CA. This traveling exhibition of components, materials, and instruments is being produced by the **Electronic Representatives** Association (ERA). Over eighty ERA member firms will participate, and products from over 700 electronic companies will be displayed. For more information, contact the Southern California ERA office, 20969 Ventura Blvd, Suite 9, Woodland Hills CA 91364.

March 24-26

Data Entry Management and Supervision Seminar, Cherry Hill NJ. This course deals with the practical aspects of data entry, and the problems encountered that are common to supervisors and managers. Concepts, techniques, motivation, training, and productivity will be covered. The fee is \$415 for subscribers of MIC publications and \$445 for nonsubscribers. For more information, contact MIC, 140 Barclay Ctr, Cherry Hill NJ 08034.

March 24-28

Fourth European Conference on Electrotechnics, Stuttgart. This conference will review recent developments, trends, and applications in the field of microelectronics. Microprocessors, computer communication, industrial electronics, applications of microelectronics in the automobile and in medicine, and other topics will be covered. The conference language will be English. Contact Professor Dr W E Proebster, IBM Deutschland GmbH, Postfach 80 08 80, D-7000 Stuttgart 80 WEST GERMANY (BRD).

March 26-28

Viewdata '80, Wembley Conference Centre, London England. Viewdata '80 is an international exhibition and conference on video-based systems and microcomputer industries. The British Post Office is presenting the Prestel Show, which is about electronic mail services.

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Greater Baltimore Hamboree and Computerfest, Maryland State Fairgrounds, Timonium MD. Personal, dealer, and small business computer displays and exhibits will be featured. Space is available outside the fairgrounds for tailgate sales and swaps. For more information, contact Joseph Lochte Jr, 2136 Pine Valley Dr. Timonium MD 21093.

March-June

Computer and Office Systems Expo and Conference. This is an exposition for marketers of office systems equipment. The show and conference will focus on the local problems and opportunities of each region. The exposition and conference will be held in major cities around the nation. Contact The Conference Co, 60 Austin St, Newton MA 02160, or phone (617) 964-4550.

APRIL 1980

April 1-2 Southeast Printed Circuits and Microelectronics Exposition, Sheraton-Twin Towers Convention Center, Orlando FL. This show is a specialized event devoted entirely to the packaging, production and testing of printed circuits, multilayers, semiconductor devices, and hybrids. The conferences are aimed at electronics specialists. Contact ISCM, 222 W Adams St. Chicago IL 60606.

April 9-11

The Practical APL Conference, Washington DC. This conference is addressed to business executives and systems designers. For more information, contact Joan Gurgold, STSC, 7 Holland Ave, White Plains NY 10603.

April 9-11 International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and

Signal Processing, Fairmont Hotel, Denver CO. The IEEE Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing Society is sponsoring this conference devoted to experimental and theoretical aspects of signal processing, speech, and acoustics. For more information, contact IEEE, 1100 14th St, Denver CO 80202.

April 10 Electronic Road Shows, Anaheim Convention Center, Anaheim CA. See March 20th for details.

April 11-12

10th Annual Virginia Computer Users Conference. This conference is sponsored by the Virginia Tech Association for Computing Machinery (ACM) student chapter. The topics of discussion will be programming languages and system and personnel management. For more information, contact VCUC10, 562 McBryde Hall, VPI&SU, Blacksburg VA 24061.

April 13-16

A Gateway to the Use of Computers in Education, Chase Park Plaza Hotel, St Louis MO. The purpose of this convention is to provide a forum for the exchange of information and ideas between individuals, to inform educators of developments in computer technology, and to expose participants to innovations in computing which can be utilized in the field of education.

Educators are encouraged to exhibit and make presentations of instructional microprocessor materials during the convention. Contact the Association for **Educational Data Systems** (AEDS), POB 951, Rolla MO 65401.

April 14-18 **High-Speed Computer** Organization, 6266 Boelter Hall, UCLA Extension, Los Angeles CA. This course is for computer designers, system architects, project leaders and managers. The course provides an understanding of the principles of high-speed com-

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For more information, contact the UCLA Extension at POB 24901, Dept K, UCLA Extension, Los Angeles CA 90024.

April 21-25

National Micrographics Association 29th Annual Conference and Exposition, Sheraton Center Hotel and Coliseum, New York NY. The theme for the show is "Focus on Productivity in Office Management." Highlighting the conference and exposition will be presentations and talks concerning the use in offices for computer systems and related items.

For more information, contact the Conference Dept, National Micrographics Association, 8719 Colesville Rd, Silver Spring MD 20910.

April 23-25 International DP Training Conference, Hyatt Regency, Chicago IL. The theme for this event will be "The 1980s: The Information Decade." The conference is a symposium for data processing experts and corporate training executives. For information, contact Deltak Inc, 1220 Kensington Rd, Oak Brook IL 60521.

April 27-30

17th Numerical Control Society Annual Meeting and Technical Conference, Hartford Civic Center, Hartford CT. This convention will offer technical sessions covering such areas as computer-aided design engineering, business management, tool design and graphics; computeraided assembly, facilities planning, inventory control, and management information systems; numerical control in various areas: data base structure and management: and other educational programs. There is also a large exhibition being presented.

For more information, contact Numerical Control Society, 1800 Pickwick, Glenview IL 60025.

April 28-30 Managing Technical Programs and Projects, White Plains NY. For more information, contact the Institute for Advanced Professional Studies, One Gateway Ctr, Newton MA 02158.

April 30-May 2 Computerized Office Equipment Expo, O'Hare Exposition Center, Rosemont IL. The latest developments in computers, word processors, copiers/duplicators, telephone systems, and other business equipment will be featured. The seminars will cover guidelines on buying computer systems, telephone and copier systems; the use of word processors, and more. Contact Industrial and Scientific Conference Management Inc, 222 W Adams St, Chicago IL 60606.

MAY 1980

May IEEE Computer Society Conferences and Meetings. For a list of events, contact the Executive Secretary, Harry Hayman, POB 639, Silver Spring MD 20901, or phone (301) 439-7007.

May 5-11

Engineering, Science, and Public Policy, 16th Annual Meeting, Baltimore Convention Center, Baltimore MD. Companies from around the world and the US will be exhibiting. The conference is being sponsored by the AIAA. Contact Lawrence Craner, Director of Technical Displays, AIAA, 1290 Avenue of the Americas, New York NY 10019, or the Conference General Chairman, Laurence Adams at Martin Marietta

Aerospace.

May 6-8 Micro/Expo 80, Centre International de Paris, Paris France. This is one of the leading shows in Europe for microcomputer users and manufacturers. Exhibits of new equipment, presentations, games, educational materials, and more will be featured. For more information, contact Sybex Inc, 2020 Milvia St, Berkeley CA 94704.

May 6-8

The 7th International Symposium on Computer Architecture, La Baule, France. This symposium will consist of discussions and readings in the following areas: distributed architectures, special-purpose architectures, hardware description languages, fault-tolerant architectures, high-speed computers, control schema, evaluation of architecture performance, and more.

Contact, Daniel E Atkins, Dept of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI 48109.

May 6-10 8th Annual Canadian Association for Information Science, Toronto, Canada. Technology, commodity, and rights are the themes of this conference. Topics will

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cover information in the marketplace, information transfer and policy issues, right to access, new information technologies and applications, and other subjects. For more information, contact the Program Chairman, 8th Annual CAIS Conference, Technical Information Centre, Bell Northern Software Research, 12th floor, 522 University Ave, Toronto Ontario M5G 1W7 CANADA.

May 13-15

Electro/80 Show and Convention, Hynes Auditorium and Boston Sheraton, Boston MA. This show consists of presentations and exhibitions by manufacturers in the computer industry. Contact Electronic Conventions Inc, 99 N Sepulveda Blvd, El Segundo CA 90245.

May 13-16 9th Annual Conference of MUMPS Users Group, Islandia Hyatt House, San Diego CA. The meeting will bring

together scientific, medical, and business professionals to discuss current research and application development. Areas of participation are paper presentations, workshops and tutorials, and vendor exhibits. Contact Dr Jack Bowie, MUG 80 Program Chairman, The MITRE Corp, Mail Stop 641, 1820 Dolley Madison Blvd, McLean VA 22102.

May 14-16

Carnahan Conference on Crime Countermeasures, Carnahan House, Lexington KY. This conference is devoted to the application of engineering and science to law enforcement, security, and crime prevention. Emphasis will be on effective research and development in computer security.

Contact the Office of Continuing Education, College of Engineering, University of Kentucky, Lexington KY 40506.

May 15 **Electronic Road Shows**,

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Griswold's Restaurant, Pomona CA. See March 20th for details.

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evond.



To Err Is Human

GIGO (garbage in, garbage out) is an expression heard so often by programmers that it is accepted as truth and even offered as an excuse for poorly written programs. It is a truism that ought to be examined, especially in the area of human prepared input that is typed.

If the instructions in figure 1a are entered instead of the correct instructions of figure 1b, the great majority of microprocessor assemblers will be unable to locate any of the program symbols. This inability compels the user to go through the tedious process of calling an edit program, making corrections, calling the assembler, and trying once more to assemble the source code, hoping that no new errors have been introduced. This procedure can be very time consuming; it is always frustrating. An examination of how the errors are detected in a normal assembler

| Label | Operation | Operand | | |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|--|
| 1 LOOP | CPY | SPAEC | | |
| 2 | JSR | PRJNT | | |
| 3 | CMP | STRE | | |
| 4 | BEQ | LOOPS | | |
| 5 COPY | EUQ | LOOP | | |

Figure 1a: A section of code which illustrates several common typing errors often made during entry of an assembly program. These particular errors can be detected and corrected by a simple algorithm which determines if the operand is "close enough" to what it is supposed to be. If the operand has two transposed letters, one character wrong, or one character too many or too few, it is automatically changed to the correct form listed in the symbol table.

| Label | Operation | Operand | | |
|--------|-----------|---------|--|--|
| 1 LOOP | CPY | SPACE | | |
| 2 | JSR | PRINT | | |
| 3 | CMP | STORE | | |
| 4 | BEQ | LOOP | | |
| 5 COPY | FOU | LOOP | | |

Figure 1b: The code from figure 1a after error detection and correction.

Roger A McGregor 6933 S Allison Way Littleton CO 80123

or compiler may shed light on how an automated correction can be attempted.

Normally, after a symbol has been segregated from the source text, it is passed to a symbol table lookup routine as a search argument. The function of the lookup routine is to find an entry in the symbol table whose symbol matches the search argument, and to either return that entry (a hit) or set some indicator to inform the calling routine of an unsuccessful search (a no-hit). Both hits and no hits are valid returns, depending on the pass being made on the source code.

The first pass causes two types of lookup calls; *definition* and *reference*. For a definition lookup, a symbol has been extracted from the label field. That symbol and its attributes are to be entered into the symbol table if and only if the symbol is not already present in the symbol table. However, if the symbol is already present, it is multiply defined and in error. For a reference lookup, a symbol found in the operand field is needed for a compile time computation (line 5 of figure 1b). For this lookup, the symbol must be present in the symbol table or an error condition exists.

During any other pass, a no-hit constitutes an error. It is at this point that error correction may be attempted in the form of an alternate (associated) symbol lookup.

If the lookup routine can find another symbol in the symbol table that is "close enough" to the search argument, then the entry's symbol is associated with the argument symbol and may be returned as a hit. When an alternate symbol is substituted in this fashion, the programmer must be given a warning as the substitution may not be correct. By checking the object code generated, the programmer can verify the substitution.

What constitutes "close enough" before a symbol table entry can be substituted for the search argument?

About the Author

Roger McGregor works as a systems programmer on a large IBM system. He has written or worked on many operating systems, assemblers, compilers, and interpreters, and has successfully used the techniques presented here in an assembler. "Close enough" is defined as two characters transposed (line 1, figure 1a), one character wrong (line 2, figure 1a), one missing character (line 3, figure 1a), or an extra character (line 4, figure 1a).

Given the above criteria, only certain symbols in the symbol table need be reexamined. Those symbols are the ones possessing an equal number of characters, or one more or one less character than the search argument. An exception occurs when the search argument consists of only a single character; if this happens, error correction should be terminated and a no-hit returned. Those symbols with an equal number of characters should be compared for transposed characters or one wrong character in the string. Those symbols with one more or one less character than the search argument should be checked for a single character difference. If any symbol in the symbol table passes one of the above tests, an association has occurred and the associated entry should be returned as a hit.

Generally, making a single pass through the symbol table and returning the first entry passing a check is sufficient. However. if the keyboard layout is more conducive to wrong characters due to upper and lower case shifting than to the other common errors of transposition, addition, or deletion, then a first pass through the symbol table checking only equal character count symbols for wrong characters could prove to be more accurate. Alternate strategies do however increase memory usage and execution time. The execution time is well spent if a proper association prevents the edit and reassemble process already described. Memory usage is another matter. The less memory used by the correction routine, the better.

Besides alleviating reassembly problems, the error correction process tends to encourage better documented programs. Due to the nature of the checks made for the association, longer symbols have a better chance of being correctly associated. They are also usually more meaningful.

The above correction process is by no means limited to just the symbol table of an assembler and compiler. It can be applied to any dictionary type lookup including op codes, text processors, and console commands.

The only obvious limitation would occur when symbols intentionally differ by a transposition or length. In order to overcome this objection, we simply require an explicit declaration statement and correct spelling in such statements with the extended error correction applied to uses of a name.

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DEC is a registered trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation. Installation of the DS-120 will void any DEC warranty or service contract. Listing 1: Super TIC, a three-dimensional tic-tactoe computer game written in North Star BASIC. (All other programs in this article are also written in North Star BASIC.) 10 DIMC\$(256),S(64),W(3,76),T(76),N(6,64),P(4),V(64) 20 C1\$='0123456789'\P(0)=22\P(1)=147\P(2)=1030\P(3)=2\P(4)=3 30 OPEN#0, "A16" \LINE80 40 FURA=1TU76\READ#0,W(0,A),W(1,A),W(2,A),W(3,A)\NEXT\FORA=1T064 50 READ\$0,N(0,A),N(1,A),N(2,A),N(3,A),N(4,A),N(5,A),N(6,A)\NEXT 60 CLOSE\$0\INPUT*0 TO 9 : 0 I PLAY BEST AND 9 WORST ? *,Z\Z=1+(Z/10) 100 FORA=1TD64\B=A*4\C\$(B-3,B)=* * *\C=INT(A/10)\D=A-(C*10) 110 C\$(B-1,B-1)=C1\$(C+1,C+1)\C\$(B,B)=C1\$(D+1,D+1)\NEXT 1201'HERE IS MY BOARD'\\'"\GOSUB1000\!"\!'ENTER MOVES BY", 1301" NUMBER AND YOUR'RE X" 140 1** \INPUT YOUR MOVE 7 ',X\IFX<10RX>64THEN140\IFS(X)<>0THEN140 150 S(X)=1\A=X*4\C\$(A-3;A)="XXXX"\P=1\GOSUB900 160 Q=0\FURA=1T076STEPZ\C=T(A)\IFC<0THEN200\IFC=15THENEXIT400 170 IFC<>0THEN180\B=1\G0SUB500\G0T0200 180 IFC>4THEN190\B=P(C-1)\G0SUB500\G0T0200 190 C=INT(C/5)+2\B=P(C)\60SU8500 200 NEXT\FORA=1T064\IFV(A)<0THEN210\Q=V(A)\X=A 210 U(A)=0\NEXT\1E0=0ANDZ=1THEN1600\1E0<>0THEN220 215 FURA=1TU64\IFS(A)=0THENEXIT217\NEXT\GOT01600 217 5(A)=1\X=A 220 S(X)=1\A=X*4\C\$(A-3,A)="0000"\P=5\G0BUB900 230 |*I WENT",X\!""\G0SUB1000\G0T0140 400 ITHE COMPUTER WINS WITH BOXES', W(0,A), W(1,A), W(2,A), W(3,A) \GOTO2000 500 FURF=0T03\G=W(F,A)\IFS(G)=OTHENV(G)=V(G)+B\NEXT\RETURN 900 FORA=0T06\C=N(A,X)\IFC=OTHEN950\IFT(C)<OTHEN950 910 T(C)=T(C)+P\IFT(C)<4THEN950\IFT(C)=4THENEXIT1700 920 D=INT(T(C)/5)\IFD#5<>T(C)THENT(C)=-1 950 NEXTNRETURN 1000 FORA=0T03\FORB=2T00STEP-2\FORC=0T03\FORD=1T04 1010 E=(((C#16)+D+(A#4))*4)-B\[C\$(E-1,E),\[FE]<4THEN!" = ", 1020 NEXT\[FC<3THEN]' ',\NEXT\!"'\NEXT\!FA=3THEN1040 1030 FURE=1TO3\ / "measurements * NEXT\ ! * ********* 1040 NEXTNRETURN 1600 (***1T'S A DRAW*\BDT02000 1700 (**\F=C\GOSUB1000\{**\C=F\!'YDU WDN*,W(0,C),W(1,C),W(2,C),W(3,C) 2000 INPUT CARRIAGE RETURN ENDS, ANYTHING ELSE PLAYS AGAIN ? 7Z\$ 2005 IFZ#=""THENEND\FORA=1T076\T(A)=0\NEXT\FORA=1T064\S(A)=0\V(A)=0\NEXT 2010 GOT0100 REATLY

Super TIC

J Roehrig POB 74 Middle Village NY 11379

Listing 2: Modifications to listing 1 to change the three-dimensional version into two-dimensional 4 by 4 tic-tac-toe.

140 |**\INPUT*YOUR MOVE ? *,X\IFX<10RX>16THEN140\IFS(X)<>OTHEN140 160 G=0\FORA=1T010STEPZ\C=T(A)\IFC<0THEN200\IFC=15THENEXIT400 1000 FORA=0T03\FORB=2T00STEP-2\FORC=0T00\FORD=1T04 1030 |*============

Super Micro-Tic

This article describes Super TIC, a program that plays three-dimensional (4 by 4 by 4) tic-tac-toe. It was written specifically for microprocessors and has the following features:

 It is fast, despite the fact that it checks every possible move. The response time is 13 seconds per move (worst case) using an IMSAI 8080 computer with North Star BASIC, and it averages less than six seconds per move.

- It gives a graphic display of the game (designed for a 24 line by 80 character terminal) without requiring a graphics board.
- It plays at ten different levels of skill without requiring modification of the program.
- One program line can be modified to change the program's strategy so that it plays defensively or aggressively.
- The modification of four lines (see listing 2) allows the game to be played in a two-dimensional 4 by 4 format.

Listing 3 shows a sample run of the 4 by 4 by 4 version. The computer asks for the level of play desired and gives a display of the game board. The player enters a move selection (a number from 1 to 64 corresponding to the desired box) and the computer answers with its move. Next, the



tory, etc. Ideal for specialized report generation, sort, merge or combination. All machine language stand-alone package — Efficient and easy to use. No separate key files required! Physical records are rearranged on diskette! Supports multiple sub records per sector including optional sector spanning. Sorts on one or more fields — ascending or descending. Sort fields within records may be character, integer, and floating-point binary. Provides optional output field deletion, rearrangement, and padding.

*Sort timings shown below are nominal times. Times will vary based on sort and system configurations. Nominal times based on Mod I 48K 4-drive configuration, 64 byte records, and 5 sort keys.

| TYPE | FILE SIZE | SORT TIME | TYPE | FILE SIZE | SORT TIME |
|------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| | (Bytes) | (Sec) | | (Bytes) | (Sec) |
| SORT | 16K | 33 | SORT | 340K | 1081 |
| SORT | 32K | 49 | SORT | 680K | 2569 |
| SORT | 85K | 173 | SORT and | 85K SORT + | 1757 |
| SORT | 170K | 445 | MERGE | 1275K Merge | |

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entire game board is reprinted with the player's boxes represented by Xs and the computer's boxes by Os.

For those readers not familiar with threedimensional tic-tac-toe, table 1 shows all of the 76 possible winning combinations. The

Table 1: The 76 possible ways to win in 4 by 4 by 4 three-dimensional tic-tactoe. The columns labelled M1, M2, M3 and M4 given an integer identification of a particular cube in the three-dimensional 4 by 4 by 4 matrix.

| | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
|------|------|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|---|
| COMB | H1 | M2 | H3 | 84 | COMB | M1 | H2 | H3 | M4 | |
| | ===: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | |
| 3 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | |
| 5 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 13 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 14 | |
| Z | 3 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 8 | | 8 | 12 | 16 | |
| 4 | 1 | 6 | 11 | 16 | 10 | 4 | | 10 | 13 | |
| 11 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 12 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | j |
| 13 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 14 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | |
| 15 | 17 | 21 | 25 | 29 | 16 | 18 | 22 | 26 | 30 | |
| 17 | 19 | 23 | 27 | 31 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | |
| 19 | 17 | 22 | 27 | 32 | 20 | 20 | 23 | 26 | 29 | |
| 21 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 22 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | |
| 23 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 24 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | |
| 25 | 33 | 37 | 41 | 45 | 26 | 34 | 38 | 42 | 46 | 1 |
| 27 | 35 | 39 | 43 | 47 | 28 | 36 | 40 | 44 | 48 | 1 |
| 29 | 33 | 38 | 43 | 48 | 30 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 45 | |
| 31 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 32 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | |
| 33 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 34 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | |
| 35 | 49 | 53 | 57 | 61 | 36 | 20 | 54 | 58 | 62 | 1 |
| 37 | 51 | 55 | 59 | 63 | 38 | 52 | 56 | 60 | 64 | |
| 39 | 49 | 54 | 59 | 64 | 40 | 52 | 55 | 5B | 61 | |
| 41 | 1 | 17 | 33 | 49 | 42 | 2 | 18 | 34 | 50 | |
| 43 | 3 | 19 | 35 | 51 | 44 | 4 | 20 | 36 | 52 | |
| 45 | 5 | 21 | 37 | 53 | 46 | 6 | 22 | 38 | 54 | |
| 47 | 7 | 23 | 39 | 55 | 48 | 8 | 24 | 40 | 56 | |
| 49 | 9 | 25 | 41 | 57 | 50 | 10 | 26 | 42 | 58 | |
| 51 | 11 | 27 | 43 | 59 | 52 | 12 | 28 | 44 | 60 | |
| 53 | 13 | 29 | 45 | 61 | 54 | 14 | 30 | 46 | 62 | |
| 55 | 15 | 31 | 47 | 63 | 56 | 16 | 32 | 48 | 64 | |
| 57 | 1 | 22 | 43 | 64 | 58 | 5 | 22 | 39 | 56 | |
| 59 | 9 | 26 | 43 | 60 | 60 | 13 | 26 | 39 | 52 | |
| 61 | 2 | 22 | 42 | 62 | 62 | 14 | 26 | 30 | 50 | |
| 63 | 3 | 23 | 43 | 63 | 64 | 15 | 27 | 39 | 51 | |
| 65 | -4 | 23 | 42 | 61 | 66 | 8 | 23 | 30 | 53 | 1 |
| 67 | 12 | 27 | 42 | 57 | 68 | 16 | 27 | 38 | 49 | 1 |
| 69 | 1 | 21 | 41 | 61 | 70 | 1 | 18 | 35 | 52 | |
| 71 | 4 | 19 | 34 | 49 | 72 | 4 | 24 | 44 | 64 | |
| 73 | 13 | 25 | 37 | 49 | 74 | 13 | 30 | 47 | 64 | |
| 75 | 16 | 31 | 46 | 61 | 76 | 16 | 28 | 40 | 52 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

first player to occupy 4 squares (or, more properly, "cubes") in a straight line wins. Note that there are ten ways to win on each of the four boards (four horizontal, four vertical and two diagonal) and 36 ways to win by occupying one adjoining square on each of the separate boards.

For comparison of strategies, the tic-tactoe program, written by R K Louden ("TTT3D" in *Programming the IBM 1130* and 1800, Prentice-Hall, 1967), keeps totalling values for the 76 winning combinations after each move, tests for only three or four critical situations and always examines the 64 squares for vacant positions. The use of this technique would take a few minutes for each move using a microcomputer, and the program is considerably longer.

The key to writing a program efficient enough to operate on a microcomputer is to limit the number of operations performed. Instead of constantly totalling winning combinations after each move, a running total is maintained in Super TIC. The importance of winning combination totals is simple. A 0 is assigned to blank squares, a 1 to squares with Xs and a 5 to squares with Os. A winning combination totalling 0 represents a line that either player can still win with; a combination value less than 5 and greater than 0 is a combination in which only X can win; a combination total evenly divisible by 5 represents a possible O win; and all other values are blocked (no one can win) combinations. This same totalling method shows how many Xs or Os occupy the four squares of the winning combinations.

In order to make Super TIC execute quickly, only the 76 winning combinations are checked to determine the computer's

| Super | HERE IS | MY BOARD | | | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2000 | | 100 10 0 1 | | * * * | * * * | | | |
| | 01 = 02 | = 03 = 04 | 17 = 18 = 19 : | = 20 | 33 = 34 = 35 = 36 | 49 = 50 = 51 = 52 | | | |
| | | | | *** | | | | | |
| | = | = = | 302 ISG 2 | - | 122 122 321 | | | | |
| | 05 = 06 | = 07 = 08 | 21 = 22 = 23 | = 24 | 37 = 38 = 39 = 40 | 53 = 54 = 55 = 56 | | | |
| | | ***** | | | | | | | |
| | = | = = | | = | | * * * | | | |
| | 09 = 10 | = 11 = 12 | 25 = 26 = 27 = | - 28 | 41 = 42 = 43 = 44 | 57 = 58 = 59 = 60 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | a e | | 3 | | | | | |
| | 13 = 14 | = 15 = 16 | 29 = 30 = 31 = | = 32 | 45 = 46 = 47 = 48 | 61 = 62 = 63 = 64 | | | |
| | XX = XX = 02 | = = = 04 | 17 = 18 = 19 | = = 20 | = = = = 33 = 34 = 35 = 36 | 49 = 50 = 51 = 52 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | = | 2 2 | | = | | | | | |
| | 05 = 06 | = 07 = 0 8 | 21 = 22 = 23 : | = 24 | 37 = 38 = 39 = 40 | 53 = 54 = 55 = 56 | | | |
| | ******** | | | | | | | | |
| | - | = = | | = | | | | | |
| | 09 = 10 | = 11 = 12 | 25 = 26 = 27 = | = 28 | 41 = 42 = 43 = 44 | 57 = 58 = 59 = 60 | | | |
| | ******** | | ************ | | | ************* | | | |
| | = | = = | | 2 | | ∞ ∞ ∞ ∞ 0 0 | | | |
| | 13 = 14 | = 15 = 16 | 29 = 30 = 31 | = 32 | 45 = 46 = 47 = 48 | 61 = 62 = 63 = 00 | | | |
| | YOUR MO | VE ? | | | | | | | |

O TO 9 : O I PLAY BEST AND 9 WORST ? O

Listing 3: Sample printout of the beginning of Super TIC. Circle 201 on inquiry card.

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Circle 203 on inquiry card.

| Combination | Variable | Value (Defensive Version) | Value (Aggressive Version) |
|--|---|--|---|
| All Bianks | | 1 | 1 |
| One X | P(0) | 22 | 7 |
| Two Xs | P(1) | 147 | 22 |
| Three Xs | P(2) | 1030 | 147 |
| One O | P(3) | 2 | 2 |
| Two Os | P(4) | 3 | 3 |
| All Others | - | 0 | 0 |
| NOTE: The comp puter's m lect that | puter is O and the puter is O and the puter is O and the puter is the | he values described are use r three Os is not needed, si ove without additional eval | d to determine the com- nce the computer will se- uation. |

Table 2: Values assigned to squares under consideration. Each time a combination of four squares is checked by the program, these values are assigned to blank squares depending upon the nearest neighbors forming the best partial pattern combination listed.

NUM C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 NUM C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7

Table 3: Winning combinations for each square. The 64 squares of the board are listed under NUM, to the right of which are the winning combination numbers involved with each square (see table 1). After each combination is examined, the value shown in table 2 is assigned to any blank square in the combination. These values are accumulated as each combination is evaluated. The square with the highest value becomes the computer's next move.

| 1 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 41 | 57 | 69 | 70 | | 2 | 1 | 6 | 42 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| 3 | 1 | 7 | 43 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 4 | 1 | 8 | 10 | 44 | 65 | 71 | 72 | |
| 5 | 2 | 5 | 45 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 6 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 7 | 2 | 7 | 10 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | B | 2 | B | 48 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 9 | 3 | 5 | 49 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 10 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 11 | 3 | 7 | 9 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 8 | 52 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 13 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 53 | 60 | 73 | 74 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 54 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 15 | 4 | 7 | 55 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 8 | 9 | 56 | 68 | 75 | 76 | |
| 17 | 11 | 15 | 19 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 11 | 16 | 42 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 19 | 11 | 17 | 43 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 11 | 18 | 20 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 21 | 12 | 15 | 45 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 16 | 19 | 46 | 57 | 58 | 61 | |
| 23 | 12 | 17 | 20 | 47 | 63 | 65 | 66 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 18 | 48 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 25 | 13 | 15 | 49 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 13 | 16 | 20 | 50 | 59 | 60 | 62 | |
| 27 | 13 | 17 | 19 | 51 | 64 | 67 | 68 | 2 | 8 | 13 | 18 | 52 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 29 | 14 | 15 | 20 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 14 | 16 | 54 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 31 | 14 | 17 | 55 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 14 | 18 | 19 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 33 | 21 | 25 | 29 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 21 | 26 | 42 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 35 | 21 | 27 | 43 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 21 | 28 | 30 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 37 | 22 | 25 | 45 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 22 | 26 | 29 | 46 | 62 | 66 | 68 | |
| 39 | 22 | 27 | 30 | 47 | 58 | 60 | 64 | 4 | 0 | 22 | 28 | 48 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 41 | 23 | 25 | 49 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 23 | 26 | 30 | 50 | 61 | 65 | 67 | |
| 43 | 23 | 27 | 29 | 51 | 57 | 59 | 63 | 4 | 4 | 23 | 28 | 52 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 45 | 24 | 25 | 30 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 24 | 26 | 54 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 47 | 24 | 27 | 55 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 24 | 28 | 29 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 49 | 31 | 35 | 39 | 41 | 68 | 71 | 73 | 5 | 0 | 31 | 36 | 42 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 51 | 31 | 37 | 43 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 31 | 38 | 40 | 44 | 60 | 70 | 76 | |
| 53 | 32 | 35 | 45 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 32 | 36 | 39 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 55 | 32 | 37 | 40 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 32 | 30 | 48 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 57 | 33 | 35 | 49 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 33 | 36 | 40 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 59 | 33 | 37 | 39 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 33 | 38 | 52 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 61 | 34 | 35 | 40 | 53 | 65 | 69 | 75 | 6 | 2 | 34 | 36 | 54 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 63 | 34 | 37 | 55 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 34 | 30 | 39 | 56 | 57 | 72 | 74 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



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Circle 204 on inquiry card.

move. Furthermore, once the combination is considered blocked (at least one X and at least one O in the four boxes making up the possible winning combination) a negative value is assigned and the combination is never checked again.

This leaves us with the problem of selecting a move. Each time a combination is checked, a value is assigned to the group of four squares making up the combination. These values are shown in table 2 for two possible versions of Super TIC, and are contained on line 20 of the program.

The next difficulty is determining which winning combinations are associated with each square. These values are calculated ahead of time using a short program and are read into the program as data. Table 3 shows the 64 game squares and which of the winning combinations use which particular squares (the winning combination numbers refer back to the combinations detailed in table 1). After each combination is examined, the value shown in table 2 is assigned to any blank square in the combination. These values are accumulated as each combination is evaluated. The square with the highest value becomes the computer's move.

In order to test the program as well as the different strategies, the program shown in listing 4 can be used to pit the computer against itself. The defensive game always plays itself to a draw. Note that line 35 in listing 4 adds a new variable Y(4) that gives a different strategy to be used for the player moving first when the computer plays against itself. To my surprise, the defensive version can be beaten.

As mentioned earlier, the game plays at ten different levels. Level 0 checks all 76 combinations, while level 9 checks only 40 combinations. Table 4 shows which levels check how many combinations and which specific combinations.

Listing 4: Program to enable the computer to play against itself in the game of Super TIC.

10 DIMC*(256)+S(64)+W(3+76)+T(76)+N(6+64)+P(4)+V(64) 15 DIMM(1,36) 20 C1\$="0123456789"\P(0)=22\P(1)=147\P(2)=1030\F(3)=2\P(4)=3 30 DFEN#0, "A16" \L PNE130 35 DIMY(4)\Y(0)= 2\Y(1)=147\Y(2)=1030\Y(3)=2\Y(4)=3 40 FORA=1TU76\KEAD#0,W(0,A),W(1,A),W(2,A),W(3,A)\NEXT\FORA=1T064 50 REANIO, N(0+A) + N(1+A) + N(2+A) + N(3+A) + N(4+A) + N(5+A) + N(6+A) \NEXT 60 CLOSE#0\7=1 90 N(0,30)=14 100 FORA=1T064\R=A*4\C\$(B-3,B)=" *\C=INT(A/10)\D=A-(C#10) 110 C\$(B-1,B-1)=C1\$(C+1,C+1)\C\$(B,B)=C1\$(D+1,D+1)\NEXT 114 FORT9=17064\X=T9\C9=1 VI GAME STARTED WITH . TP 115 141 GOT0150 145 6010660 150 S(X)=1\A=X*4\C\$(A-3;A)="XXXX"\P=1\GOSUB900 155 H(0;C9)=X 160 Q=0\F0RA=1T076STEPZ\C=T(A)\IFC<0THEN200\IFC=15THENEXIT400 170 IFC->OTHEN180\B=1\GOSUB500\GOT0200 180 IFC>4THEN190\B=P(C-1)\GOSUB500\GOT0200 190 C=INT(C/5)+2\B=P(C)\GOSU8500 200 NEXT\FURA=1T064\IFV(A)<0THEN210\Q=V(A)\X=A 210 V(A)=0\NEXT\IFG=0THEN1900 220 S(X)=1\A=X*4\C\$(A-3:A)="0000"\P=5\G05UB900 230 H(1+C9)=X\C9=C9+1\6010145 I'THE COMPUTER WINS WITH BOXES',W(0,A),W(1,A),W(2,A),W(3,A)\GDT02000 400 500 FDRF=OTU3\G=W(F+A)\1FS(G)=OTHENV(G)=V(G)+B\NEXT\RETURN 660 Q=0\FORA=1T076STEPZ\C=T(A)\JFC<0THEN700\JFC=3THENEXIT400 670 IFC<>0THEN680\8=1\GDSU8500\G0T0700 680 IFC<5THEN690\B=INT(C/5)\B=Y(B-1)\GOSUB500\GOT0700 690 #=Y(C+2)\G05U8500 700 NEXT\FORA=11064\IFV(A)<DTHEN710\Q=V(A)\X=A 710 V(A)=0\NEXT\IFQ=0THEN1900 720 GOTD150 900 FORA=QT06\C=N(A+X)\IFC=OTHEN950\IFT(C)<OTHEN950 910 T(C)=T(C)+P\IFT(C)<4THEN950\IFT(C)=4THENEXIT1700 920 D=INT(T(C)/5)\IFD#5<>T(C)THENT(C)=-1 950 NEXTARETURN 1000 REFURN 1700 '''\F=C\BDSUR1000\!''\C=F\!'YDU WON',W(0,C),W(1,C),W(2,C),W(3,C) 1900 "**\"'IT'S A DRAW" 2000 Z#=* * 2005 IFZ\$=""THENEND\FORA=1T076\T(A)=0\NEXT\FORA=1T064\S(A)=0\V(A)=0\NEXT 2020 ! FLAYER 1 \FORA=1T036\1FH(0,A)=OTHENEXIT2030\!231,H(0,A),NEXT 2030 | **\! *PLAYER 2*\FORA=1T036\IFH(1+A)=0THENEXIT2035\1231+N(1+A)+\NEXT 2035 | ** \FORA=11036 \M(1+A)=0 \M(0+A)=0 \NEXT 2040 NEXTTOLEND READY RUN GAME STARTED WITH 1 THE COMPUTER WINS WITH BOXES 1 2 3 4 PLAYER 1 1 61 52 49 25 47 60 16 4 42 38 22 19 36 26 2 PLAYER 2 64 41 58 57 13 35 17 28 46 23 27 6 34 20 50 62 GAME STARTED WITH 2

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Listing 5: Sample printout of two-dimensional version of Super TIC (see listing 2).

```
O TO 9 : O I PLAY BEST AND 9 WORST ? 5
HERE IS MY BOARD
01 = 02 = 03 = 04
-
05 = 06 = 07 = 08
=
      =
           =
09 = 10 = 11 = 17
-----
13 = 14 = 15 = 16
ENTER MOVES BY NUMBER AND YOUR'RE X
YOUR MOVE 7 9
I WENT 5
01 = 02 = 03 = 04
-----
00
00 = 06 = 07 = 08
XX =
      =
           =
XX = 10 = 11 = 12
    -----
13 = 14 = 15 = 16
```

| 1 X | COMB | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | COMB | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | S | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
|--|------|-----|-----|-----|---|----|-----|-----|----------|----|----|---------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----------|---------|
| 1 | | v | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | 2 | ~ | | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| 5 x | 3 | ÷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Q. | ^ | ^ | ^ | ^ | ^ | 4 | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | ^ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | |
| 7 X | 5 | × | X | X | | x | x | x | | | | 6 | X | X | | x | x | | | x | x | x | |
| 9 0 X | 7 | × | X | X | x | ~ | x | x | x | | | 8 | x | X | x | X | x | x | | ~ | x | x | |
| 11 X | 9 | X | x | X | | х | | X | X | | | 10 | x | X | X | X | X | X | х | | X | X | |
| 13 X X X X X X X X X X 14 X X X X X X X X X 15 X X X X X X X X X X 16 X X X X X X X X X 17 X X X X X X X X X X 18 X X X X X X X X X 19 X X X X X X X X X X X 20 X X X X X X X X X X 21 X X X X X X X X X X X 20 X X X X X X X X X X 21 X X X X X X X X X X X 20 X X X X X X X X X X 21 X X X X X X X X X X X 20 X X X X X X X X X X 21 X X X X X X X X X X X 20 X X X X X X X X X X 23 X X X X X X X X X X X X 20 X X X X X X X X X X 24 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 11 | X | | X | х | | х | | x | X | | 12 | X | X | | X | X | | X | X | | x | |
| 15 X | 13 | X | X | х | | х | X | X | | X | | 14 | X | X | X | x | | X | | х | | X | |
| 17 X | 15 | X | X | X | X | x | | X | | X | | 16 | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | | X | |
| 19 X | 17 | X | X | × | x | x | х | x | | x | | 18 | X | X | | | | | X | x | | x | |
| 21 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 19 | X | X | x | x | х | X | | X | x | | 20 | X | X | X | X | х | X | X | | X | × | |
| 23 X X X X X X X X X X Z 25 X X X X X X X X X Z 27 X X X X X X X X X Z 29 X X X X X X X X X Z 29 X X X X X X X X X Z 29 X X X X X X X X X X Z 29 X X X X X X X X X X Z 29 X X X X X X X X X X Z 29 X X X X X X X X X X Z 31 X X X X X X X X X X Z 33 X X X X X X X X X X Z 35 X X X X X X X X X Z 35 X X X X X X X X X Z 36 X X X X X X X X 37 X X X X X X X X X X Z 37 X X X X X X X X X X Z 37 X X X X X X X X X X Z 37 X X X X X X X X X X Z 37 X X X X X X X X X X Z 37 X X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X Z 41 X X X X X X X X X Z 42 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 43 X X X X X X X X X Z 44 X X X X X X X X X Z 45 X X X X X X X X X Z 45 X X X X X X X X X Z 46 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 57 X X X X X X X X X X Z 58 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 59 X X X X X X X X X X Z 50 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 51 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 21 | X | X | X | х | | | х | X | | X | 22 | X | | х | | х | х | | | × | | |
| 25 x x x x 26 x | 23 | X | X | X | X | X | х | Х | X | | X | 24 | X | X | | Х | X | | | X | х | | |
| 27 X | 25 | X | X | × | Х | | х | X | | | х | 26 | X | х | X | | х | х | х | х | X | | |
| 29 X | 27 | X | X | X | X | X | | | | | х | 28 | X | х | X | х | | х | х | х | X | | |
| 31 X | 29 | X | X | х | х | X | X | х | X | X | х | 30 | X | х | | х | х | | | | | | |
| 33 X X X X X X X X 34 X X X X X X X X 35 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 36 X X X X X X X X X 37 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 31 | × | X | X | | Х | Х | × | х | X | X | 32 | X | х | X | X | | х | | | | | |
| 35 X | 33 | × | | х | х | X | | X | X | X | X | 34 | X | X | х | X | х | х | X | | | | |
| 37 X | 35 | X | X | X | | | × | | X | × | X | 36 | X | X | | X | X | | x | X | | | |
| 39 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x | 37 | X | X | X | х | X | X | X | | X | X | 38 | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | | |
| 41 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x | 39 | X | X | X | | | | X | | | X | 40 | X | X | X | X | x | X | | X | X | X | |
| 43 X | 41 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | | 42 | X | X | | X | | | X | | X | x | |
| 45 X | 43 | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | | | 44 | X | | X | | X | X | X | | X | X | |
| 49 X X X X X X X X X 48 X X X X X X X X X 49 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 40 | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | | | 46 | X | X | X | X | | X | | X | x | X | |
| 49 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 47 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | | 48 | X | X | | | X | | | X | | X | |
| 53 x X x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 53 x X x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 55 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 57 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 59 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 61 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 63 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 64 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 65 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 67 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 69 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x | 49 | X | X | X | X | | X | X | | X | | 50 | X | X | - X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | |
| 53 X | 21 | | 7 | | | × | | ~ | | | | 34 | X | Ä | × | ~ | × | × | × | × | | X | |
| 53 x | 03 | X | × | | | ~ | č | | - 5 | | | 34 | | | ~ | | X | ~ | | | ~ | <u>.</u> | |
| 59 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 33 | ÷ | v | 0 | × | 0 | × | 0 | 0 | ~ | | 20 | | č | - 0 | S | ~ | 0 | | ~ | 5 | Č. | |
| 61 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | -0 | ~ | ~ | ~ | | ~ | 28 | 0 | 0 | ~ | 0 | ~ | ~ | - 0 | 0 | 0 | ~ | |
| 63 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 65 X X X X X X X X X X X 66 X X X X X X 65 X X X X X X X X X X 66 X X X X X X X 67 X X X X X X X X X X 66 X X X X X X 67 X X X X X X X X X X 66 X X X X X X X X 69 X X X X X X X X X X X 70 X X X X X X X 71 X X X X X X X X X X X X 72 X X X X X X X 73 X X X X X X X X X X X X X 72 X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X 74 X X X X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 41 | - 0 | 0 | 0 | ^ | 0 | 0 | v | | | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | v | 0 | v | ~ | ^ | 0 | 0 | | |
| 65 X | 47 | - 0 | - | - Q | ¥ | ^ | ^ | 0 | × | | 0 | 64 | - | 0 | - 0 | - 0 | 0 | \$ | | ^ | 0 | | |
| 67 X X X X X X X X 68 X X X X X 69 X X X X X X X X X X X 70 X X X X X X 69 X X X X X X X X X 70 X X X X X X X 71 X X X X X X X X X X 72 X X X X X X X 71 X X X X X X X X X X X 72 X X X X X X X 73 X X X X X X X X X X X 74 X X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X | 45 | Ŷ | Ŷ | Ŷ | ^ | ¥ | ¥ | Ŷ | Ŷ | Y | Ŷ | 64 | Ŷ | ^ | ^ | Ŷ | Ŷ | ^ | × | | ^ | | |
| 69 X | 67 | Y | Y | Y | × | - | Y | ~ | Ŷ | Y | X | 60 | Y | ¥ | ¥ | Ŷ | Ŷ | ¥ | Ŷ | | | | |
| 71 X X X X X X X X X X 72 X X X X X X 73 X X X X X X X X X X 74 X X X X X X 73 X X X X X X X X X X X 74 X X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X 74 X X X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X 75 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 76 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X | 69 | X | x | x | X | × | ^ | x | x | ÷Ŷ | X | 70 | x | x | x | ^ | ^ | Ŷ | ^ | X | | | |
| 73 X </td <td>71</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>72</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>x</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | 71 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | 72 | X | X | | X | x | | | X | | | |
| 75 X X X X X X X 76 X X FOR LEVEL 0 :1.0002 OR 76/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 1 :.9082 OR 69/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 2 :.8292 OR 63/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 3 :.7432 OR 58/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 3 :.7432 OR 58/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 :.7112 OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 5 :.6712 OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 :.6182 OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 7 :.5592 OR 45/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 :.5512 OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 :.6182 OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 :.6182 OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED | 73 | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | 74 | X | X | X | | | X | X | X | X | | |
| FOR LEVEL 0 :1.000% OR 76/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 1 : .908% OR 69/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 2 : .829% OR 63/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 3 : .763% OR 58/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : .711% OR 54/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 5 : .671% OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : .618% OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : .618% OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : .618% OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 7 : .592% OR 42/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 : .537% OF 45/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED | 75 | X | X | X | X | x | | | x | | х | 76 | X | | | | | X | | | | | |
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| FOR LEVEL 2 : .829% OR 63/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FUR LEVEL 3 : .763% OR 58/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : .711% OR 54/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 5 : .671% OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 6 : .618% OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 7 : .592% OR 45/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 : .553% OR 43/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED | FOR | LE | VE | L | 1 | | ÷ | • 7 | 08 | x | OR | 69/76 0 | F | TH | E | CO | MB | IN | AT | 10 | NS | ARE | CHECKED |
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| FOR LEVEL 4 : ./112 OR 54/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 5 : .6712 OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : .6182 OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 7 : .5922 OR 42/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 : .5512 OR 42/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED | FOR | LE | VE | L | 3 | | - | .7 | 63 | 74 | UR | 58/76 0 | F | TH | E | CO | MB. | IN | AT | 10 | NS | ARE | CHECKED |
| FUR LEVEL 5 ; 6/12 OR 51/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 4 : 6182 OR 47/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 7 : 5922 OR 45/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED FOR LEVEL 8 : 5532 OR 42/76 OF THE COMBINATIONS ARE CHECKED | FUR | LE | VE | | 4 | | - | .7 | 11 | 74 | UR | 54/76 0 | F | TH | E | CO | MB | IN | AT | 10 | NS | ARE | CHECKED |
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| FOR LEVEL 7 1 10927 UK 40776 OF THE CONBINATIONS ARE CHECKED | FUN | | VE | | á | | 4 | • 0 | 16 | ~ | UN | 4///6 0 | 5 | 111 | | LU | HE | 1.0 | HI. | 10 | NS | ARE | CHECKED |
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| FOR LEVEL 9 1.5242 OR 40/74 OF THE COMPLIANTIONS ARE CHECKED | FOR | | UFI | | 9 | | 4 | 10 | 23 74 | 2 | OR | 40/76 0 | F | | 5 | 50 | MP | TAT | | 10 | NC | ARE | CHECKED |

Table 4: Winning combinations checked by each level of expertise in Super TIC. Level 0 is the most proficient level, level 9 the least. An X in the column for a given combination indicates that the given combination is to be checked.

Listing 6: Modifications to listing 1 to avoid the need for a disk data file.

```
30 LINE80
40 FORA=1T076\READW(0+A)+W(1+A)+W(2+A)+W(3+A)\FORB=OT03\C=W(B+A)
50 FORD=OTO6\IFN(D,C)=OTHENEXIT52\NEXT
52 N(D,C)=A\NEXT\NEXT
3000 DATA 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16, 1, 5, 9,13
3010 DATA 2, 6,10,14, 3, 7,11,15, 4, 8,12,16, 1, 6,11,16, 4, 7,10,13
3020 DATA17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,17,21,25,29
3030 DATA18, 22, 26, 30, 19, 23, 27, 31, 20, 24, 28, 32, 17, 22, 27, 32, 20, 23, 26, 29
3040 DATA33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,33,37,41,45
3050
      DATA34,38,42,46,35,39,43,47,36,40,44,48,33,38,43,48,36,39,42,45
3060 DATA49,50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59,60,61,62,63,64,49,53,57,61
3070 DATA50,54,58,62,51,55,59,63,52,54,60,64,49,54,59,64,52,55,58,61
3080 DATA 1,17,33,49, 2,18,34,50, 3,19,35,51, 4,20,36,52, 5,21,37,53
3070 DATA 6,22,38,54, 7,23,39,55, 8,24,40,56, 9,25,41,57,10,26,42,58
3100 DATA11,27,43,59,12,28,44,60,13,29,45,61,14,30,46,62,15,31,47,63
3110 DATA16,32,48,64, 1,22,43,64, 5,22,39,56, 9,26,43,60,13,26,39,52
3120 DATA 2,22,42,62,14,26,38,50, 3,23,43,63,15,27,39,51, 4,23,42,61
3130 DATA 8,23,38,53,12,27,42,57,16,27,38,49, 1,21,41,61, 1,18,35,52
3140 DATA 4,19,34,49, 4,24,44,64,13,25,37,49,13,30,47,64,16,31,46,61
3150 DATA16,28,40,52
READY
```

A sample run of the 4 by 4 version is given in listing 5. Here level 5 was used and, according to table 4, combination 3 is not checked. Therefore, combination 3 was an easy winner.

The data read into Super TIC was taken from a disk file using conventions of North Star BASIC. In order to modify this, merely take out the open file statement (line 30) and add data statements. The file designation in the line 40 and line 50 read statements should also be removed. Listing 6 shows how this can be accomplished.

Super TIC, as presented, is almost unbeatable (I believe that it is impossible to write an unbeatable version as long as the player always goes first and the computer second). You could probably play for days and never do better than a draw. However, armed with the computer generated winning combination in listing 4, you can beat the computer easily by remembering 16 exact moves.

NOC1

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SOFTWARE MUSIC SYNTHESIS SYSTEM Written by John Bokelman, originator of the now unavailable Music System from Software Technology.



SMS is an integrated software system, and includes all required hardware. It turns any 8080/Z-80 or 8085 microcomputer into a high quality, multi-voice synthesizer. The software occupies less than 4K, with 8K being the minimum memory requirement.

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Hardware requirements are: 8080, Z-80 or 8085 microcomputer; 2,3,4, or 5 mHz operation; one 8-bit parallel output port (any address); one 8-bit parallel input port optional (any address); no "wait state" memory; and a system monitor or operating system that looks like a standard CP/M, Northstar DOS or SOLOS/CUTER. The D/A Converter provided hooks to any parallel port, and therefore does not require S-100 slot.

The package will be available in those same three configurations. The CP/M version will run on any CP/M environment (includes CDOS, IMSAIDOS, etc.) and has its origin at 100H. The Northstar system will run on any Horizon or any non-relocated MDS system. It has origin at 2D00H. The SOLOS/CUTER system will run on any SOL or any CUTER system, and it has origin of 100H. All versions are designed to operate correctly in an interrupt driven environment.

The system has been designed to be upwardly compatible with the now unavailable Proc Tech Music System, so users of that system may run their programs with the new interpreter. The new interpreter has been dubbed Music Language #1 or ML/1 for short. The programs written for the old Music System will be greatly improved with the new system as the tones produced are much finer and more controllable.

ONLY \$79.95

The software includes a line oriented text editor, a high level music language compiler, a file management system and the advanced music syntheizer.

Ordering information: The price of the system on diskette or cassette with complete documentation and with the hardware kit and ten songs is \$79.95 (cables not included). Those interested in obtaining a system should order from California Software, Box 275, El Cerrito, CA 94530. Dealer inquiries are invited. Specify CP/M, Northstar or Cuter.

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Programming Duickies

The Towers of Hanoi Solution Using BASIC Recursion

Stanley Switzer, 1019 W 27th St, Lawrence KS 66044

The Towers of Hanoi is an intriguing puzzle of the Orient. The puzzle requires three vertical rods and a given number of disks with holes in the center to be placed on the rods. Initially, all of the disks are placed on the leftmost rod, arranged by size with the largest disk on the bottom (see figure 1). The objective is to move all of the disks to the rightmost rod. There are, however, a few restrictions. Only one disk may be moved at a time, and no disk may be placed over a disk smaller than itself. The solution to this puzzle may seem difficult at first, but with the help of a recursive program, it is simple.



Figure 1: Initial configuration for the Towers of Hanoi problem. The objective is to move all the disks one at a time from the left rod to the right rod without ever placing a larger disk on top of a smaller disk. Intermediate moves can be made to the center rod, of course.

A recursive program is one that is defined in terms of itself. It is utilized when a problem can be broken into several parts, and when one of those parts is a similar problem of lesser magnitude. A common example is a definition of factorials:

$$0! = 1$$

n! = n(n-1)!

Here is a recursive program for factorials written in pseudocode:

factorial (n)
 if (n=0)
 return(1);
 else
 return(n × factorial(n - 1));

In this case an iterative definition is more practical for computational purposes, but this does illustrate the concept of recursion.

When broken into its basic parts, the solution to the Towers of Hanoi problem is as follows:

• When one disk is to be moved, the solution is ob-

Circle 211 on inquiry card.



vious — move the disk from the source to the destination rod.

- When n+1 disks are to be moved:
- 1) Move n disks from the source rod to the intermediate rod;
 - 2) Move one disk from the source rod to the destination rod; and
 - 3) Move n disks from the intermediate rod to the destination rod.

Listing 1: Recursive solution to the Towers of Hanoi problem in BASIC.

```
010
         REM Declare the stack arrays.
         DIM S$(15), D$(15), I$(15)
020
030
             PRINT
             PRINT "Number of disks";
040
050
             INPUT P
             REM If P is too large or too small, STOP.
060
             IF (P>15) THEN 170
IF (P<1) THEN 170
070
080
             REM Move P disks from Left to Right.
LET S$(P) = "L"
LET D$(P) = "R"
090
100
110
120
             LET I$(P) = "C"
             REM Move those disks!
130
140
             GOSUB 180
150
             REM Since that was so much fun let us do it again.
160
         GOTO 30
170
         STOP
             REM This is the recursive HANOI procedure.
180
             REM If P = 1, move one disk from source to destination.
IF (P>1) THEN 230
PRINT "Move a disk from ";S$(P);" to ";D$(P);"."
190
200
210
220
             RETURN
230
                  REM Else, move P-1 disks from Source to Intermediate.
240
                       LET P=P-1
                      LET S$(P) = S$(P + 1)
LET D$(P) = I$(P + 1)
LET I$(P) = D$(P + 1)
GOSUB 180
250
260
270
280
                  REM Move one disk from Source to Destination.
PRINT "Move a disk from ";S$(P + 1);" to ";D$(P + 1);"."
REM Move P - 1 disks from Intermediate to Destination.
290
300
310
                      LET S_{P}^{(P)} = I_{P}^{(P)} + 1
LET D_{P}^{(P)} = D_{P}^{(P)} + 1
LET I_{P}^{(P)} = S_{P}^{(P)} + 1
320
330
340
350
                      GOSUB 180
360
                  LET P = P + 1
             RETURN
370
        END
380
```

*run

Number of disks?4 Move a disk from L to C Move a disk from L to R. Move a disk from C to R. Move a disk from L to C. Move a disk from R to L. Move a disk from R to C. Move a disk from L to C. Move a disk from L to R. Move a disk from C to R. Move a disk from C to L. Move a disk from R to L. Move a disk from C to R. Move a disk from L to C. Move a disk from L to R. Move a disk from C to R.

Number of disks?2 Move a disk from L to C. Move a disk from L to R. Move a disk from C to R.

Number of disks?1 Move a disk from L to R.

Number of disks?0

ready

The fact that this algorithm is correct can be proven via the principle of mathematical induction. Since a solution is defined in the case of having to move one disk and since, given a solution for n disks, a solution can be found for n+1 disks. That is, given a solution for one disk, we have a solution for two disks; given a solution for two disks, we have a solution for three disks, and so on. The proof that this algorithm produces the fewest possible moves is left to the reader.

Now that our algorithm is defined, we can implement the program. In many BASICs, recursion is allowed in function calls. In my BASIC, however, it is not. It turns out that recursion is supported in all BASICs for subroutine calls. The only limiting factor is the depth of subroutine nesting allowed. In my case, this limit was fifteen levels. The only major problem was the method of parameter passing. Each invocation of the HANOI program has different source, intermediate, and destination rods. In order to keep these straight, the names of these rods [L (left), R (right), C (center)] must be kept on separate stacks [S\$ (source), D\$ (destination), I\$ (intermediate)]. The variable P tells the program the number of disks to move, as well as the offset into the arrays to find the current names of the rods.

Recursion, when applied effectively, is one of the most powerful tools a programmer has. Many computer languages support recursion more fully than BASIC. Among these are Pascal, LISP, and APL. These languages allow recursive functions and local variables (local variables have separate storage locations for each invocation of the function). I hope that this Programming Quickie will prompt you to try some recursive programs. If you have access to any of the above languages, I suggest that you use them. If not, BASIC will still work.■

The Correct Order of Operations Can Shorten Code

Pointer Decrementing on the 6502

Philip K Hooper, 5 Elm St, Northfield VT 05663

Several instances of 6502 code I have come across decrement a 16-bit pointer as follows:

| DEC POINTL | decrement low byte of the |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| | pointer. |
| LDA POINTL | move result to accumulator. |
| CMP \$FF | test for page crossing. |
| BNE 02 | if not FF, no page crossing |
| | -decrementing complete. |

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DEC POINTH

otherwise, decrement high byte of pointer to cross page.

The following code produces the same result, but requires two fewer bytes of code and executes 2 μ s faster:

| LDA POINTL | bring low byte of pointer into ac- cumulator. |
|------------|--|
| BNE 02 | if not zero, no page crossing, so branch ahead, skipping high byte. |
| DEC POINTH | otherwise, decrement high byte of pointer. |
| DEC POINTL | and decrement low byte of pointer. |

Although this might seem a minor improvement, it amounts to 20% (for a pointer on page 0), and sometimes several similar small savings substantially shrink software storage space stress.■

Sets Tutoring in BASIC

Linda M Schreiber, 29143 Carlton, Inkster MI 48141

Listing 1: Altair Extended BASIC listing for helping children learn about sets.

The program *Sets* (shown in listing 1) reinforces the recognition of numbers and their set values for a preschool child. Except for a message at the beginning of the program, no reading is required. All interaction be-



Listing 2: Sample run of program Sets. The computer outputs a smiling face when the child's answer is correct and a frowning face when the answer is incorrect.

tween the computer and the child is accomplished by the use of graphics.

The terminal prints out a set of 1 to 9 characters for the child to count (see listing 2 for sample run). The child enters the number from the keyboard. If the number entered is incorrect, a frown will appear on the terminal. When the correct number is entered, the terminal will show a smile. The child is allowed three attempts to answer each set correctly. The answer will be printed after the third attempt.

In line 200, a string variable is used for input, so that a

child who mistakenly enters a letter or symbol will not become frustrated with error messages. All incorrect inputs are treated in the same manner.

The T variable in line 140 counts the number of sets the child will be shown. In this version the program will end after 5 sets. The variable can be easily increased (lines 195 and 320) for a child with a longer attention span. Similarly, the 9 in line 130 can be changed to a greater value for the child who has mastered sets from 1 to 9.

Sets is written in Altair (Microsoft) Extended BASIC and uses just over 1 K bytes of memory.

SOFTWARE

What's New:

Z80-Based Disk Operating System Written in PL/M

A Z80-based operating system which allows up to four simultaneous users and hard disk-drive control has been released by Altos Computer Systems. AMEX (Altos Mutli-User Executive) is written in PL/M and is compatible with CP/M versions 1.4 and 2.0. AMEX can manage up to four user-memory areas of up to 48 K bytes each. It utilizes a priority ordered interrupt-driven dispatching algorithm. Priority is given to input/output (I/O) bound tasks, while microprocessor compute-bound tasks tend to migrate to the bottom of the priority line.

Access to on-line storage on floppy or hard disk is handled for multiple users by AMEX, using direct memory address (DMA) hardware. AMEX features a dispatcher and a spooler that allocate and free various peripheral devices as requested by user programs or commands. The system is designed to carry on multitasking operations within an individual user's 48 K memory block. AMEX includes a screen-oriented text editor, an 8080 assembler, built-in utilities, file management commands and a transient command handler which allows the user to define new diskoriented commands separate from those implemented by CP/M.

AMEX requires an Altos ACS8000 series computer and 64 K bytes for one user, 112 K bytes for two users, and 208 K bytes for four users. It is priced at \$250 and comes on a single floppy disk. Contact Altos Computer Systems, 2338-A Walsh Ave, Santa Clara CA 95050.

Circle 400 on inquiry card.

Apple II Animation Package

The A2-3D1 is a package of easy to use assembly language programs for three-dimensional and two-dimensional animation on the Apple II. The program allows users to view two- or threedimensional scenes created in the standard XYZ coordinate system, zoom between wide angle and telephoto fields of view, select a location in space, and a direction of view. One feature allows users to generate an output array of line start and end points instead of plotting on the Apple screen. Other features include zero page restore which leaves all zero page variables intact after subroutine exit, page control for selective page erase, display, and draw for ping-ponging between screens for smooth animation. The load and go manual guides beginners through an orientation session with the A2-3D1 program. The technical manual is for advanced applications and describes the transformer algorithm in detail. The program requires 16 K bytes of pro-

Where Do New Products Items Come From?

The information printed in the new products pages of BYTE is obtained from "new product" or "press release" copy sent by the promoters of new products. If in our judgement the information might be of interest to the personal computing experimenters and homebrewers who read BYTE, we print it in some form. We openly solicit releases and photos from manufacturers and suppliers to this marketplace. The information is printed more or less as a first in first out queue, subject to occasional priority modifications. While we would not knowingly print untrue or inaccurate data, or data from unreliable companies, our capacity to evaluate the products and companies appearing in the "What's New?" feature is necessarily limited. We therefore cannot be responsible for product quality or company performance.

grammable memory for the threedimensional and two-dimensional transformer, small scenes, and small control programs. Larger scenes, control programs and the DEVELOP program require 24 K bytes of programmable memory. The program costs \$45 on cassette and \$55 on floppy disk. For more information, contact Sublogic, POB 5, Savoy IL 61874.

Circle 401 on inquiry card.

Intel Adds Pascal-80 to 8080/8085 Microprocessor Software Development

Intel Corp has developed Pascal-80 to support 8080 and 8085 microprocessor software development on Intellec microcomputer development systems. Similar to its PL/M, BASIC, and FORTRAN programs, the Pascal-80 package is available on floppy disk and runs under the ISIS-II operating systems on Intellec Series II and MDS-800 models. This Pascal-80 offers extensions that make the language suitable for commercial and industrial applications. The extensions include three new data types-the string type, untyped files, and interactive files-plus twenty-eight predeclared procedures and functions. Pascal-80 provides a Trace facility allowing a user to monitor program execution, and a set of compile and runtime error diagnostics. Users create Pascal source programs using the Pascal-80 software and standard Intel microcomputers. The Pascal-80 software



package includes a floppy disk containing a compiler, a pseudocode interpreter and demonstration programs, a Pascal-80 user's manual and the Pascal User Manual and Report, second edition, by Jensen and Wirth. The software package is priced at \$975 and is available from Intel Corp, 3065 Bowers Ave, Santa Clara CA 95051. Circle 402 on inquiry card.

What's New?

SOFTWARE

Bell and Howell Introduces Software for Education

These software packages from Bell and Howell allow instructors to create courseware for students. No prior programming knowledge is needed by either instructor or students. Some of the features of the Generalized Instructional Systems (GENIS) include the authoring system which allows teachers to create curriculum material, obtain grade reports, control class enrollment, and more. A system that allows student interaction with the computer is included. The programs understand misspelled words; present lessons in words, animation, graphics, and color; grade student performance; generate drills, practice, and simulation programs; and other administrative projects. The GENIS program is price at \$300. Write to Bell and Howell Audio-Visual Products Division, 7100 N McCormick Rd, Chicago IL 60645

Circle 403 on Inquiry card.

Information Storage and Retrieval (ISAR) for TRS-DOS

ISAR is a data base management system designed for users of TRS-DOS random file structures. The system utilizes the limited TRS-80 chaining techniques that keep as much of the program in memory as necessary to perform any given function.

The basic ISAR system consists of six modules which allow users to create new files, define all elements within each file, and manipulate each file. Each file or portion of a file can be sorted using BASIC Shell-Metzer sort. The package includes source listing, documentation, potential recovery techniques in the event of a system failure and suggested personal applications. ISAR comes on cassette for \$13.95 or diskette for \$16.95. For further information, contact The Alternate Source, 1806 Ada St, Lansing Ml 48910.

Circle 405 on Inquiry card.

Multitasking Disk Operating System for 8080, 8085, and Z80 Systems

EFAMOS is a disk-operating system for 8080, 8085, and Z80 systems that supports multitasking and multiusers with memory mapping. Up to 3 M bytes of memory can be available to users through 32 K byte memory banks. EFAMOS is compatible with all software



DECwriter Graphics Available for Timeshare Computers

Graphics II is a modification to the DECwriter II printer for conversion to a plotter. Graphics II features APL character set, forms control, horizontal and vertical tabs, answerback, bidirectional line feed, four character sets with four different styles—characters can be printed in four directions. The average speed is 40 characters per second (cps). One inch per second for plotting and communication up to 12 bits per second (bps) is possible. The price is \$850, and Graphics II is available from Selanar Corp, 2403 DeLaCruz Blvd, Santa Clara CA 95050.

Circle 404 on inquiry card.

Space Shuttle Landing Simulator

This program is modeled after the NASA Shuttle Mission Simulator in Houston. It is a real flight simulator (except for roll motion) with a visual display of the sky and ground. High resolution graphics show the cockpit view using animation, projective geometry, and graphics to depict the runway, sky, ground, and distant mountains and clouds. The paddles control the pitch control and speed brakes. Speed, altitude, sink and climb rate, distance from the threshold, speed brake

developed under MVT-BASIC. It provides full system support to each memory bank, including assembler BASIC run-time, system utilities, BASIC, utilities and word processing. BASIC support includes chaining with parameter passing and machine language calls with over ten ISAM functions. Word processing activities with several concurrent users can be completely supported in one memory bank, while program development and data processing functions are supported in other setting, glide slope, and angle of attack are displayed. Warnings and messages are also displayed.

Functional features include angle of attack control, full stall capability, eject and eject warning, landing gear, speed brakes, and wheel brakes on rollout. Runway stripes on roll out give a visual indication of motion.

The program is available from Harvey's Space Ship Repair, POB 3478, University Park, Las Cruces NM 88003, for \$15 on cassette. A floppy disk version is also available.

Circle 406 on Inquiry card.

memory banks. Batch monitors can reside in any bank of memory and can process job files submitted from any other bank. One design feature of EFAMOS precludes terminal lockup during any input/output operation, which prevents the loss of characters in a busy multiuser environment. For licensing and terms, contact MVT Microcomputer Systems Inc, 9241 Reseda Blvd, Suite 203, Northridge CA 91324.

Circle 407 on Inquiry card.

What's New?

SOFTWARE

Pascal for the 8080 and Z80 Processors

Built upon Whitesmiths' C compiler and libraries, the Pascal Development System provides a software environment for Pascal programming on PDP-11. LSI-11, 8080 and Z80 computers. The compilers and all support utilities run under IDRIS, UNIX, RT-11, RSX-11M. RSTS, or IAS on the PDP-11 and LSI-11, and under CP/M or CDOS on the 8080 and Z80, producing code that runs faster than Pascal interpreters. Included as part of the package are an A-Natural assembler, an 8080 linking loader, a librarian, and other utilities. Users also receive the Whitesmiths' Portable Pascal and C library and manual. Supporting these portable libraries are an operating system-specific interface library, a machine library, and 64-bit floating point arithmetic. The 8080/Z80 and PDP-11 Pascal Development Systems, are available from Lifeboat Associates, 2248 Broadway, NY NY 10024. for \$750 per single microprocessor license.

Circle 408 on Inquiry card.

Graham-Dorian Introduces a Software Medical Package

This package was written and tested by medical professionals. It handles billing insurance forms, treatment records, charge and payment entry, patient statements, Medicare submittals, collection accounting and dunning, patient processing, patient listing, aged accounts receivables, transaction reporting, and more.

The package can be ordered on eightinch floppy disks and includes a manual and hard copy source listing. The price for the program is \$1000 and is available from Graham-Dorian Software Systems Inc, 211 N Broadway, Wichita KS 67202.

Circle 409 on Inquiry card.

Language Translator Program

This program translates from English to any foreign language, from any language back to English, or from one foreign language to another. Simple commands bring in the correct vocabulary or words. The program checks the entire sentence for the proper verb conjugation and word contractions. New words may be added at any time and saved as part of the vocabulary. One mode lets the translator receive Machine Language Disk File Sorting Program for Apple II



Datacope, POB 55053, Hillcrest Sta, Little Rock AR 72205, has released an enhanced version of their sorting program that is compatible with either the Apple II or the Apple II Plus computer systems. The new version of the

CP/M Compatible Operating System for TRS-80 Level II Computers

A fully CP/M compatible operating system for the TRS-80 II computer has been developed. The operating system works with CBASIC and all other CP/M programs, requiring no changes to the operating codes. The system sells for \$249.95 from MPU, POB 808, San Carlos CA 94070.

Circle 411 on inquiry card.

More Programs for Apple II Systems

Apple Barrel Bushel #1 is a collection of twenty-five programs including Mortgage Loan, Days Between Dates, Calendar, Savings, Checkbook, Addition, Subtraction, Metric Conversion, Luna C, Apple LeMans, Alien, and more. The package is available on cassette tape for \$24.95 or on floppy disk for \$29.95. Contact CDS Corp, 550 N Main St, Logan UT 84321.

Circle 412 on inquiry card.

data in one language from a reader, and then sends the translation to a printer. Display formatting commands show vocabulary words alphabetically or in categories. Spelling errors are caught and corrected.

The Language Translator from Practical Programming Corp, POB 3069, N Brunswick NJ 08902, is available on CP/M or North Star floppy disk with one extended language for \$30. Additional languages are \$10 each.

Circle 413 on inquiry card.

Datacope Single Disk Sort performs user-specified direct commands upon completion of the sorts, for easy use in turn-key systems. The program employs one disk drive, and sorts a single file of fixed-length records on a single floppy disk. A file may fill the entire disk because the program uses no workspace on the disk. Blocks of consecutive records may be sorted without disturbing the remainder of the file. Files may contain records with 5000 characters and may be sorted by ten key fields simultaneously, with each key field in either ascending or descending alphabetical or numerical order. The program features other necessary functions. The package includes a manual and a floppy disk with the sort programs, a test file, and test file access programs in Applesoft II for \$49.95.

Circle 410 on inquiry card.

A Forth Software Development Tool

The XL5 is an interactive programming system with compiler, interpreter, assembler, disk operating system, and a library of procedures. It is written in XL5 and is based on the recommendations of the 1977 Forth Standards Committee. A host-executable code kernel, a source code kernel, and a system generation program (SYSGEN) are provided. SYSGEN regenerates the kernel from the source or generates read-only memory (ROM) modules. An XL5 development system requires less than 32 K bytes of memory. The \$100 package includes source code and a reference manual. XL5 is available with a CP/M boot loader for the 8080 and the Z80. For information, contact XL Computer Products. 321 E Kirkwood Ave. Bloomington IN 47401.

Circle 414 on Inquiry card.

1979 Federal Tax Programs for Microcomputers

Aardvark Software Inc, POB 26505, Milwaukee WI 53213, is marketing a software program which will calculate an individual's federal tax liability. The program displays the tax information as it would appear on an IRS form. It also calculates the tax liability using the tax tables, tax rate schedules, income averaging, maximum tax on earned income, and alternative minimum tax choosing the most favorable method. A manual is included to organize the tax information for input. Three programs are available at \$22, \$35, and \$50. Circle 415 on inquiry card.
What's New? PUBLICATIONS

Guidebook for the TRS-80 Level II Microcomputer

Learning Level II, written by Dr David A Lien, is a step-by-step guide to help users of the Level II TRS-80. It contains a section updating the Level I manual to Level II. Readers are guided through the fundamentals and special characteristics of Level II BASIC, beginning with setting up the system. The book explains how to properly use the Editor to change and correct BASIC programs. Another section is devoted to the conversion of Level I programs to Level II. The book also explains dual cassette operation, using the expansion interface box with the real-time clock, printers and other peripheral devices. It is available from Computer Books Division, Compusoft Inc, 8643 Navajo Rd, San Diego CA 92119, for \$15.95, plus \$1.45 for postage and handling. Circle 416 on inquiry card.

1980 Computer Catalog

Sara Tech Electronics Inc, POB 692, Venice FL 33595, is offering their sixteen-page 1980 computer catalog featuring more than 1000 products. All major brands of computers and equipment are carried. Write for a free copy. Circle 417 on inquiry card.

Catalog Features Articles on Classroom Computing

Creative Publications is publishing a color newsletter/catalog of computer materials for the classroom. The publication features an article on the television documentary "Don't Bother Me, I'm Learning," which discusses com-puters in education. All products in the catalog are described with the educational user in mind. The catalog is available from Creative Publications. POB 10328, Palo Alto CA 94303. Circle 418 on Inquiry card.

Documentation Standards for Computer Systems

Norman L Enger's Documentation Standards for Computer Systems, Second Edition, is a reference manual that shows how to document a computer application to utilize the full potential of the computer resources. The book includes revised and expanded material that describes the evolution of a system through the stages of initiation, analysis, design, development, implementation, and operation. The sec-

TRS-80 Software Source

This catalog contains over 5000 software listings that are available from 380 suppliers. The publication lists business, education, games, home, math, and utility software with a section of addresses of the suppliers. A one-year subscription is \$15 and a single issue is \$6. Contact Computermart, POB 1664, Lake Havasu AZ 86403.

Circle 419 on Inquiry card.

Computer Book Catalog Released by Sams

The Howard W Sams and Co Inc has released a catalog featuring a large selection of computer and computer related titles. It is organized for quick reference into five areas-basics, programming, computer technology, reference, and computer related. This free catalog details books that are directed to a wide range of people and interests, from the home hobbyist to the technically oriented professional.

For a catalog, contact the Advertising Director, Howard W Sams and Co Inc, 4300 W 62 St, POB 558, Indianapolis IN 46206.

Circle 420 on inquiry card.

New Renaissance!

New Renaissance! is a bimonthly magazine for lighting and laser artists and technicians who desire to share their works, events, goals, and discoveries with others in the field. It features performance news and reviews; projects, plans and schematics; new techniques and products; interviews; books and other data sources, and more. A oneyear subscription is \$25 and is available from New Renaissance!, 5267 11th Ave NE. Seattle WA 98105.

Circle 421 on inquiry card.

tion on 'Techniques and Tools for Analysis" facilitates the analyst's work. This book aids in determining the amount of documentation needed for specific types of projects. Procedures can be established to employ documentation standards adopted by the organization. Dr Enger's book is useful to computer professionals, students and novices in the computer industry. It is available by mail for \$25 from The Technology Press Inc, POB 125N, Fairfax Station VA 22039.

Circle 422 on Inquiry card.

Magazine on Robotics



Robotics Age magazine contains readable articles of high technical content that present the latest results of research in robotics and artificial intelligence. The contents include welldocumented electromechanical circuit designs, microcomputer interfaces, and programming techniques suitable for economical applications to small systems. Abstracts of research papers are also featured. New products items describe new commercially available kits and robotics related products. The quarterly publication is available at \$8.50 for one year from Robotics Age. POB 801, La Canada CA 91011.

Circle 423 on inquiry card.

Publication of Sorting Subroutines

Creative Computer Consultants Inc, POB 2111, 1 Quarry Ln, Norwalk CT 06851, has published volume 4 of Sortmaster in the Standard Software Library, Sortmaster contains listings of five BASIC subroutines designed to sort numeric data in memory. The subroutines have been designed to be integrated into the user's main line program. Numeric fields are sorted by designating that field as the sorting key. This makes it possible to sort records of any length and also permits multiple sorting keys. By adjustment of certain variables, all of the routines can handle alphanumeric data as well. Sortmaster includes an introduction to basic sorting concepts as an aid to beginners. The programs work with the TRS-80, PET, and Apple II. The book costs \$8.95. Circle 424 on inquiry card.

PERIPHERALS

What's New?

Eight-Inch Winchester Disk Up to 20 M Bytes



The Series 7000 hard disk drives have unformatted capacities of 4 megabytes in the single disk version, 12 megabytes in the double-density version and 20

Stockey Series of Keyboards

The Stockey Series offers ten generalpurpose standard keyboard designs, including six with American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) encoded alphanumeric formats. These are available in ASR33, ANSI teletypewriter, IBM 3278 ASCII typewriter, IBM 3278 data entry, and IBM Selectric I and II typewriter formats. An eleven- and fifteen-Key

Eight-Color Digital Plotter with Microprocessor Control

Soltec's Model 281 Digital Plotter provides graphic representation of measured values, design data and calculated data using up to eight different color pens. A Z80 microprocessor controls the system, the automatic pen changing, off-scale data handling, and coordinate transformation. The programmable pen changing feature incorporates up to eight pens using multicolor fiber-tip pens or Rapidograph drafting pens. Firmware features include circle interpolation, character plotting, generation of axes and grids, various line types, window plotting and more. Model 281 also features character plotting in five fonts, automatic or interactive point digitizing, programmable offsets and programmable limits. The graph paper is standard DIN-A3 format or smaller, Intermegabytes in the three-disk unit. Data transfer rates are 5.5 million bits per second (bps). The Series 7000 employs the Winchester technique, using an ironless rotary actuator to position the heads in response to prerecorded servo-tracks on the lower side of the bottom disk.

Each 21 cm diameter surface has a 350-track cylinder with an inner track recording density of 5280 bits per inch. The interface is designed for use with microprocessor-based controllers. The drives utilize eight-bit bidirectional bus transfers. Line transceivers enable daisychain connection of other disks to the bus.

The 4 megabyte drive, the 7000-4, is \$2100; the 7000-12 is \$2300; and the 7000-20 is \$2650. The units are manufactured by Kennedy Co, 1600 S Shamrock Ave, Monrovia CA 91001.

Circle 425 on inquiry card.

Expander pad can be added via a flexstrip jumper to any of the six alphanumeric designs to provide highspeed numeric entry.

The 53-key SK053 for the Model 33 teletypewriter features uppercase, but no lowercase, and costs \$139. The 67-key model includes uppercase and lowercase, a full ASCII set, and is priced at \$173. For additional information, contact Advanced Input Devices, POB 1818, Coeur d'Alene ID 83814. Circle 428 on Inquiry card.

12 VDC Alphanumeric Printer System



The PR6024 printer controller and any SODECO PR Series print mechanism comprise a print system operable from a 12 V power source. The controller accepts a 7-bit parallel ASCII format and features an integral voltage regulator and adjustable input thresholds for immunity from environmental noise. The unit features a 54-character alphanumeric set. Applications include mobile electronics, such as truckmounted fuel-dispensing systems, police cars, security systems, and battery sustained instrumentation and systems. The price for the 15-column tape printer and PR6024 controller is \$363 in unit quantity. For more information, contact the Sales Manager, Print Products, SODECO, Landis and Gyr Inc, 4 Westchester Plz, Elmsford NY 10523. Circle 427 on inquiry card.



faces include a choice of serial RS-232C/V .24 and 20 mA current loop. The plotter costs \$4725 and is available from Soltec Corp, 11684 Pendelton St, Sun Valley CA 91352. Circle 428 on inquiry card.

What's New?

Miniature Alphanumeric Thermal Printer



The APP-20A2 twenty-column, panelmount thermal printer uses only two input data wires for interfacing. It features serial 20 mA current loop and RS-232C ports. The printer can be used in data systems, factory data acquisition units, and industrial data loggers with a full alphanumeric printer. It can be used with a remote control unit or in medical systems, and as a portable test and measurement tool for laboratory or field use. The unit prints 1.2 lines per second. It measures 20 cm by 7 by 11.3 cm (8 by 2.76 by 4.44 inches) and weighs 1.9 kg (4.25 pounds). It is available from Datel Intersil, 11 Cabot Blvd, Mansfield MA 02048. The cost for the printer is \$880. Circle 429 on inquiry card.

Robotype Converts





The Robotype Model 2100 is capable of interfacing with a Centronicscompatible parallel interface, RS-232C

Alphanumeric Thermal Printers

Priced at approximately \$440, the United Systems 6450 and 6460 alphanumeric thermal printers produce easy-to-read letters, numbers, and symbols on thermal paper with first-line-up printout. They print a set of 64 different characters with 21 characters per line and approximately 6500 lines per roll of paper. The Model 6450 provides a serial input with selectable RS-232C or 20 mA current loop format with data rates of 110 and 300 bits per second (bps). The Model 6460 is 8-bit parallel buscompatible with data rates up to 1000 serial interface, and a 20 mA current loop. The RS-232C serial interface has 110, 134.5 or 150 switch-selectable data rates. The Robotype can be attached to the IBM Selectric, Remington Rand, Olympia and Facit typewriters. The Robotype is placed over the keys of the typewriter. Plungers rest on the keys and push the keys down on command from the computer input. The unit types the maximum speed of the typewriter in use. The unit is available for under \$1000 from Applied Computer Systems Inc, 77 E Wilson Bridge Rd, Worthington OH 43085.

Circle 430 on inquiry card.



characters per second (cps). Both models respond to ASCII input. For more information, contact United Systems Corp, 918 Woodley Rd, Dayton OH 45403. Circle 431 on inquiry card.

Corvus Disk System for Apple Pascal Microcomputer

The Corvus model 11AP disk system being delivered for Apple Pascal is entirely compatible with the Apple system. No modifications are needed for the Apple Pascal disk-operating system, or any applications designed to run on the Apple floppy disks. Corvus has incorporated a utility called "dynamic volume management" that allows the ten million byte data base to be used as a single large block or to be broken into smaller blocks, Applications of the Apple Pascal equipped with the Corvus 11AP system include: customer and prospect mailing lists, accounting data, payroll and personnel records, courses in computer programming and usage, science applications, medical office use, and more. The system is priced at \$5350. The controller can handle up to three additional disks, which are priced at \$3690. Contact Corvus Systems, 900 S Winchester Blvd, Suite 4, San Jose CA 95128.

Circle 432 on inquiry card.





The 9000 Computer System from Compal

The Compal Model 9000 is designed for business and office environments. The system includes a 16-bit microNova 602 processor, 64 K bytes of programmable memory, video display terminal with a detached keyboard that can support up to three additional keyboards, a 10 M byte hard disk with a 5 M byte removable cartridge, and a high-speed matrix printer. Included with the system are BASIC and assembly languages, manuals, training, starter supplies, and delivery. Programs for inventory control, sales analysis, accounts payable and receivable, general ledger, payroll, and other business applications are available. The system sells for \$19,995 from Compal Inc, 6300 Variel Ave, Woodland Hills CA 91604.

What's New?

Circle 433 on inquiry card.

TM990 Compatible Bubble Memory Module



A TM990-compatible board with up to 69 K bytes of non-volatile magnetic bubble memory storage has been announced by Texas Instruments Inc, POB 225012, M/S 308 (ATTN: TM990/210), Dallas TX 75265.

The TM990/210 board is supplied with two, four, or six 92 K bit TIB 0203 bubble memories for 23 K, 46 K, or 69 K bytes of storage, respectively. Data transfers from the module are via a memory-mapped mode. Access time is 4 ms, and data transfer rate is 45,000 bits per second (bps). The price for the TM990/210-1 two-bubble device is \$775; \$1150 for the TM990/210-2 four-bubble device; and \$1535 for the TM990/210-3 six-bubble device.

Circle 434 on inquiry card.

Development Tool for 6500 Series Microprocessors

The MDT 1000 enables users to write programs and debug hardware and software. The MDT 1000 includes a 54-key keyboard and case; 12-inch video display; dual cassette interface; power supply; erasable-programmable readonly memory programmer; 4 K byte static programmable memory-board; sockets for extra boards; and a four-slot motherboard. Software support comes as 12 K bytes of read-only memory resident firmware; a 4 K byte monitor with debug features; and an 8 K byte assembler and editor, which operates on line-numbered text. A floating point BASIC and software for printer interfacing and other controls are available. The MDT 1000 is available for \$1495 from Synertek, 3001 Stender Way, Santa Clara CA 95051.

Circle 435 on inquiry card.



MISCELLANEOUS

What's New?

TRS-80 Printer Controller

The Printer Timer works with the TRS-80 and the Centronics 779 line printer by automatically turning the printer on and off using signals relayed over the printer cable. The device does not require software or hardware modification other than the soldering of three wires and the mounting of the timer inside the printer cabinet. The timer reduces motor wear and excess noise. It is available for \$95 from National Software Marketing Inc, 4701 McKinley St, Hollywood FL 33021. Clrcle 436 on Inguiry card.

Voice Terminal for the Exidy Sorcerer Talks and Listens

Cognivox plugs into the Sorcerer and offers a sixteen-word recognition vocabulary plus voice response with up to sixteen words or phrases. Recognition accuracies of up to 98% are possible. The unit includes a microphone and amplifier and speaker, making it a complete voice terminal. A software library is provided with Cognivox. It includes Voicetrap, a voice-operated video game, and Vothello, a voice input version of the game Othello. A talking calculator program allows using the Sorcerer as a four-function calculator, and a vocal memory dump program can read its memory out loud. Cognivox is priced at \$149 from Voicetek, POB 388, Goleta CA 93017.

Circle 437 on inquiry card.

Anti-Glare Device for Video Screens

The product is a black woven nylon mesh stretched on a flexible plastic frame. It is designed to be sandwiched behind the video bezel and to conform against the surface of the tube. This device performs by blocking and absorbing ambient light with a honeycombing effect. The contrast is enhanced by the black matrix effect of the fabric background, while the display characters are transmitted undistorted through the pores in the material. The filters are available in 120 sizes, and each size can be equipped with different opticallygraded fabrics to vary the intensity of the video display. The filters improve the image, lower maintenance, and reduce eye strain and related stress. For more information, contact Sun-Flex Co Inc, 3020 Kerner Blvd, San Rafael CA 94901.

Circle 438 on inquiry card.



Reset Option for the Apple

Model B is a three-position switch giving the user the option of completely disabling or enabling the reset key on the keyboard. It is easily installed between the keyboard plug and the Apple's board. When the switch is in the down position, the keyboard is functional. With the switch in the middle position, the reset key on the keyboard is disabled, and the user must flip the switch up to reset the computer. The switch automatically returns to the middle position when released from the up position.

It is available from Computer Solutions, 5135 Fredericksburg Rd, San Antonio TX, 78229, for \$29.95. Circle 439 on ingulry card.



Standardized Computer Forms

New England Business Service (NEBS) is offering a line of continuous-form computer checks, statements, and invoices. The forms are available with the name of the firm, address and phone number in six quantities from 500 to 6000 forms. Prices start at \$14.95 for 500 statements; \$32.50 for 500 two-part invoices and \$29.95 for 500 of either the payroll or all-purpose checks. At 6000piece order levels, prices per thousand drop to \$12.50, \$33 and \$22.50 respectively. The firm also offers custom personal checks for home computer systems users. For ordering information and free samples write to the New England Business Service Inc, N Main St, Groton MA 01450.

Circle 440 on inquiry card.

Simple Machines for Erasing and Winding Cassettes



Two battery-powered machines offer longer life for cassettes and reduced wear on standard cassette players. The Erase-Sure passes the cassette through a rotating magnetic field that erases the tape and leaves an extremely low residual noise level. The user slides the cassette through the unit once. This

MISCELLANEOUS

What's New?

Prototyping Kit for High-Resolution Graphics



The SVB-80P prototyping kit is a dual-board system with stand-alone capability in an Intel multibus configura-

single pass completely erases the tape. The Rapid Rewind stabilizes cassette tape tension, eliminates tape binding, helps control wow and flutter, and winds a 60-minute tape in approximately 30 seconds. Both units permit the use of a 115 V AC adapter to reduce battery costs. The machines are available from Magnesonics Sales and Manufacturing Co, POB 758, Ventura CA 93001. They cost \$24.50 each.

Circle 445 on inquiry card.

tion. The graphics package features displays of 640 by 409 or 576 by 455 pixels, alphanumeric characters displayed over 80 by 40 or 72 by 44 lines, and intermixable characters with graphics. It interfaces with other multibus-compatible products. The SVB-90 Soft Video Board and the MIB-85 Memory Intensive Board can also be used individually in computer graphics, text editing, scientific applications, and industrial environments. The price for the SVB-80P is approximately \$1600, Contact DOSC Inc, 175 I U Willets Rd, Albertson NY 11507. Circle 446 on Inquiry card.

Computer Cables for the TRS-80

Matchless Systems, 18444 Broadway, Gardena CA 90248, manufactures cables for floppy disk and tape drives, printers and other peripherals for the TRS-80 computer. The price for the two-drive cable is \$24.50 and the four-drive cable is \$34.50. The cable for the MS-204 printer or any other Centronicscompatible printer, sells for \$34.50. Circle 447 on inguiry card.



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| JADE'S NEW MOTHERBOARDS THE ISO-BUS WE'RE PROUD OF OUR MOTHER ! 6-SLOT BARE BOARD KIT BARE BOARD 12-SLOT BARE BOARD KIT S89.95 ASSEMBLED & TESTED 18-SLOT BARE BOARD 18-SLOT S80.95 18-SLOT | 8238 \$6.40 2758 (\$y) \$30.00 8243 \$6.00 DYNAMIC RAMS 8251 \$7.50 DYNAMIC RAMS 8253 \$20.00 2104/4096 \$4.75 8255 \$6.40 21078-4 \$3.95 8257 \$19.95 \$TM\$4027/4096 \$4.75 8259 \$19.95 \$STATIC RAMS 8275 \$69.95 \$STATIC RAMS 8275 \$69.95 \$STATIC RAMS 8276 \$10.95 \$STATIC RAMS 8279 \$11.70 21.02 (450na) \$1.75 \$S2350 \$10.95 2111-1 \$3.28 AY5-1013A \$5.25 2114L (450na) \$5.95 TM\$6011 \$5.95 TM\$4044 (450na) \$8.00 TM\$6031 \$5.95 TM\$4044 (450na) \$8.95 BAUD RATE GENERATORS 410D (200ns) \$9.95 MC14411 \$10.00 \$9.95 \$9.95 | SWD-108 8 \$1.25 \$3.34 SWD-109 9 \$1.30 \$3.46 SWD-110 10 \$1.35 \$4.45 SWD-110 10 \$5.50 \$4.11 16 PIN ZIP* DIP II \$5.50 \$4.91N ZIP* DIP II 24 PIN ZIP* DIP II \$7.50 \$10.25 * 2ERO INSERTION PRESSURE *2ERO INSERTION PRESSURE \$10.25 |
| ASSEMBLED & TESTED | Computer Products 4901 W ROSECRANS, HAWTHORNE, CA 90250 213-679-3313 PLACE ORDERS TOLL FREE 800-262-1710 800-421-5809 | SPECIAL PRICE FOR MARCH NOVATION CAT ACOUSTIC COUPLER/MODEM \$157.50 |
| Full ACSII keyboard AIM-65 w/1K RAM\$375.00 AIM-65 w/4K RAM\$350.00 POWER SUPPLY\$59.95 CASE for AIM-65\$49.95 4K Assembler/Editor\$80.00 Special Package Price \$599.00 4K AIM-65. 8K BASIC ROM. Power Supply. and Case | INSIDE CALIFORNIA CONTINENTAL U.S. WRITE FOR OUR FREE 1980 CATALOG FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE OR TECHNICAL INOUIRIES CALL 213-679-3317 TERMS OF SALE: Cash. checks. money orders. and credit cards accepted. Minimum order \$10.00. California residents add 6% sales tax. Minimum shipping and handling charge \$2.50. Prices are for U.S. and Canadian delivery only and are subject to change without notice. For export prices and information send for a JADE INTERNATIONAL CATALOG | Let your computer talk to other computers ' Beit Systems 103 compatible 300 baud, answer or orginate IOM-5200A (SALE PRICED) |

WIDH Series - Headers

PC Mounting

| Straight | Right Angle | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 |
|----------|--|---|---|--|
| IDH-10S | IDH-10SR | .95 | .72 | .70 |
| IDH-20S | IDH-20SR | 1.30 | 1.15 | 1.10 |
| IDH-26S | IDH-26SR | 1.75 | 1.50 | 1.35 |
| IDH-34S | IDH-34SR | 2.25 | 1.95 | 1.75 |
| IDH-40S | IDH-40SR | 2.55 | 2.35 | 2.15 |
| IDH-50S | IDH-50SR | 3.25 | 2.95 | 2.75 |
| | Straight IDH-10S IDH-20S IDH-26S IDH-34S IDH-40S IDH-50S | StraightRight AngleIDH-10SIDH-10SRIDH-20SIDH-20SRIDH-26SIDH-26SRIDH-34SIDH-34SRIDH-40SIDH-40SRIDH-50SIDH-50SR | Straight Right Angle 1-9 IDH-10S IDH-10SR .95 IDH-20S IDH-20SR 1.30 IDH-26S IDH-26SR 1.75 IDH-34S IDH-34SR 2.25 IDH-40S IDH-40SR 2.55 IDH-50S IDH-50SR 3.25 | Straight Right Angle 1-9 10-24 IDH-10S IDH-10SR .95 .72 IDH-20S IDH-20SR 1.30 1.15 IDH-26S IDH-26SR 1.75 1.50 IDH-34S IDH-34SR 2.25 1.95 IDH-40S IDH-40SR 2.55 2.35 IDH-50S IDH-50SR 3.25 2.95 |

4/\$1.00

Ejector Ears for above.

Header is permanently mounted on PCB and accepts IDS socket connectors. Straight or right angle mounting options available for both solder and wrap pin terminations.

IDC Card Edge Connectors

| Pins | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 |
|------|------|-------|-------|
| 20 | 4.15 | 3.75 | 3.30 |
| 26 | 4.75 | 4.30 | 3.80 |
| 34 | 5.70 | 5.10 | 4.50 |
| 40 | 6.50 | 5.80 | 5.25 |
| 50 | 7.00 | 6.30 | 5.40 |

Cable Plugs

| | Pins | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 | 100 |
|-----------------------|------|------|-------|-------|------|
| 1 105 | 14 | 1.30 | 1.25 | 1.10 | .95 |
| and the second second | 16 | 1.50 | 1.40 | 1.25 | 1.10 |
| Versterner Aleren | 24 | 2.25 | 2.15 | 2.00 | 1.75 |
| | 40 | 3.75 | 3.50 | 3.25 | 2.95 |

Provides pluggable termination of cable to PCB thru IDP plugs and standard DIP sockets such as RN ICN series DIP sockets.

- Single piece design for easy handling and assembly.
- Cover latch allows cover swivel for easy cable insertion.
- Tapered pin tip permits easy insertion into IC sockets.
- Strong leads for multiple insertions without damage.

Transition Connectors

| | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 |
|----|------|-------|-------|
| 10 | 1.50 | 1.35 | 1.25 |
| 20 | 1.75 | 1.60 | 1.50 |
| 26 | 2.25 | 2.00 | 1.75 |
| 34 | 2.50 | 2.40 | 2.30 |
| 40 | 3.00 | 2.80 | 2.60 |
| 50 | 3.60 | 3.45 | 3.15 |

Connector used to permanently attach cable to PCB.

Lead length options for .062" and .125" thick PCB.

Rugged single piece design for easy assembly and dependability.

Cable can be attached before or after soldering connector to PCB.

| Pins | Straight | Right Angle | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 |
|------|----------|--------------------|------|-------|-------|
| 10 | IDH-10W | IDH-10WR | 1.95 | 1.65 | 1.55 |
| 20 | IDH-20W | IDH-20WR | 2.75 | 2.50 | 2.40 |
| 26 | IDH-26W | IDH-26WR | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3.15 |
| 34 | IDH-34W | IDH-34WR | 4.25 | 3.95 | 3.75 |
| 40 | IDH-40W | IDH-40WR | 4.75 | 4.50 | 4.25 |
| 50 | IDH-50W | IDH-50WR | 5.95 | 5.60 | 5.40 |

100/\$10.00

20/\$3.00

Solder termination length for either .062" or .125" PCB.

Ejector/Latch available, latches IDS socket in place when closed, serves as ejector when open.

25 Pin 'D' Subminiature

| | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 |
|--------|------|-------|-------|
| Plug | 6.00 | 5.25 | 4.70 |
| Socket | 6.35 | 5.60 | 5.00 |

Insulation Displacement Sockets

| Pins | Socket Connector | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 | Strain Relief |
|------|---------------------|------|-------|-------|------------------|
| 10 | IDS10 | 1.40 | 1.20 | 1.10 | .25 |
| 20 | IDS20 | 2.00 | 1.85 | 1.75 | .25 |
| 26 | IDS26 | 2.50 | 2.40 | 2.30 | .25 |
| 34 | IDS34 | 3.25 | 3.10 | 2.95 | .25 |
| 40 | IDS40 | 3.95 | 3.70 | 3.55 | .25 |
| 50 | IDS50 | 5.00 | 4.60 | 4.40 | .25 |

Provides pluggable termination of cable to PCB thru IDS sockets and IDH headers

Single piece body construction for easy assembly, strain relief attached after assembly

- Rugged cover latch and optional strain relief for dependability
- Strain relief can be purchased separately.

Cable

Molded orientation tab.

| | Conduct | ors Solid | Color | Coded | |
|---|---------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|
| / | | 10 ft. | 100 ft. | 10 ft. | 100 ft. |
| 1 | 10 | 2.90 | 17.00 | 4.00 | 30.00 |
| | 14 | 3.40 | 23.80 | 5.00 | 42.00 |
| | 16 | 3.70 | 27.20 | 5.60 | 48.00 |
| | 20 | 4.40 | 34.00 | 7.00 | 60.00 |
| - | 24 | 5.00 | 40.80 | 8.00 | 72.00 |
| | 26 | 5.40 | 44.20 | 8.60 | 78.00 |
| | 34 | 6.80 | 57.80 | 11.00 | 102.00 |
| | 40 | 7.80 | 68.00 | 13.00 | 120.00 |

9.50

85.00

16.00

Compatible with all RN IDC products.

Wire spacing 050" ± 002", 28 ga strended 10 thru 50 Conductor Laminated Cable Solid Color (with wire one mark) or Color Coded

50

- Available in 100 loot rolls, or 10 toot lengths
- Meels UL FA-1 Vertical Flame Test

Note: Custom crimping available on all products for proto-type quantities at 50¢/connection.

Gold: All parts on this page except Cable are gold plated. Because of the volatility of gold pricing, orders may be subject to a gold surcharge.

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Circle 326 on inquiry card.

150.00

Circle 274 on inquiry card.

| | 7400 TTL | | G Cromemco | TELEPHONE/XEYBOARD CHIPS AY 5-9100 Push Button Telephone Dialler \$14.95 AY 5-9200 Repertory Dialler \$14.95 AY 5-9200 CMOS Clock Generator \$13 |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| SN7400N .16 SN7401N 10 SN7402N 18 SN7402N 18 | \$47472N .29 \$117473N .35 \$117474M .35 \$117474M .35 \$117475N .49 \$117475N .49 | SN74160N .00 SN74160N .00 SN74162N .00 SN74162N 1.05 SN74162N 1.05 | SK SK | HD0165 Reyboard Encoder (15 keys) 7.95 74C922 Reyboard Encoder (15 keys) 7.95 74C923 Keyboard Encoder (16 keys) 7.95 74C923 Keyboard Encoder (26 keys) 6.25 |
| SN7404M 18 SN7405M 20 SN7405N 20 SN7405N 28 SN7407M 28 | 5N7479N 5.00 SN7480N 50 SN7482N 59 SN7482N 59 | SM74164M _B0 SM74165M _B0 SM74165M _B0 SM74166M 1 25 SM74167M 1.95 | Bytesaver II | ICM7045 CMOS Precision Timer 24.95 ICM7205 CMOS LED Stopwatch/Timer 19.95 ICM7207 Oscillator Controllier 7.50 ICM7208 Seven Decade Counter 19.95 |
| SN7408N 20 SN7409N 20 SN7410H 18 SN7410H 25 | SN7485N 79 SN7486N 35 SN7486N 1.75 SN7490N 45 | SN74170N 1.50 SN74172N 8.00 SN74172N 1.25 SN74174N 80 | Memory Type: 2308 PRDM or aguisalant Memory Type: 2308 PRDM or aguisalant Memory Access Time: 450 nanoseconds Weit Spates at 2014; none required | ICM7209 Clock Generator 6.95 NMOS READ ONLY MEMORIES MCM6571 128 X 9 X 7 ASCI: Shifted with Greek 13.50 |
| SN74120 25 SN74130 40 SN74140 70 SN74140 25 | SN7491N 59 SN7492N 43 SN7493N 43 SN7493N 43 SN7494N 55 | SN74175H .70 SN74176N .70 SN74177H .70 SN74177H .70 SN74177H 1.05 | Cromemoo's BK BYTESAVER e card provides weat States & AMMrit: one per mechine cycle a built-in programmar for the popular 2708 Built Stoo PROM and has the capacity for a full BK bytes of + BY @ 0.4A | MCM6574 128 X 9 X 7 Math Symbol & Pictures 13.50 MCM6575 128 X 9 X 7 Apha Control Char Gen 13.30 MISCELLANEOUS |
| SN7417N .25 SN7420N 20 SN7421N 29 SN7421N 29 SN7422N .39 | SN7495N 65 SN7496N 65 SN7497N 3.00 SN74100N .89 | SN74180M 79 SN74181N 1.85 SN74182N .79 SN74184N 1.95 | Protow memory scorage. In Bit ISAVER * II | TL074CN Quad Low Noise bi-fet Op Amp 2.49 TL494CN Switching Regulator 4.49 TL496CP Single Switching Regulator 1.75 11090 Divide 10/11 Prescaler 19.95 |
| 5M7423N 25 SM7425N 29 SM7426N 29 SM7426N 29 SM7427N 25 | SN74107N 35 SN74109N 59 SN74116N 1.95 SN74121N 35 | SN74105N 1.05 SN74106N 0.05 SN74106N 3.06 SN74100N 1.25 | selection. The GYTESAVER® II is assembled 8KBS-W \$245.00 | 95N90 Ni-Speed Divide 10/11 Prescaler 11.85 4N33 Photo-Darlington Opto-Isolator 2.85 MK50240 Top Octave Free, Generator 17.50 DS0025CH 5Mnz 2-phase MOS clock driver 3.75 |
| SN7429N | SA74122N 39 SN74123A 49 SN74125N 49 SN74125N 49 SN74126N 49 | SN74191N 1.25 SN74192N _79 SN74193N _70 SN74194N _00 | UISURFIE LEUS IMMEX < | TIL308 .27" red num. display winkeg. logic chip 10.95 MM5320 TV Camera Sync. Generator 14.95 MM5330 4% Digit DPM Logic Block (Special) 3.95 LD110/111 3½ Digit A/D Converter Set 25.00/set |
| SN7439W 25 SN7439W 25 SN7440N 20 SN7440N 20 SN7441N 89 | SHT4152N 75 SN74136N 75 SN74141N 79 SM74142N 2.95 | SN74195N .00 SN74195N .00 SN74195N .00 SN74195N 1.00 | XC5567 yellow 4/51 XC2096 grien 4/51 XC5567 Celear 4/51 XC2097 yellow 4/51 X007 dis. 1007 dis. 1007 dis. | LITRONIX ISO-LIT 1 Photo Transistor Opto-Isolator |
| SN7443N 75 SN7443N 75 SN7445N 75 SN7445N 75 | SN74143N 2.95 SN74144N 2.95 SN74145N 79 SN74145N 1.95 SN74147N 1.95 | SN745200 4.05 SN74251N 90 SN74279N 70 | XC222 green 4/81 ACS68C green 4/31 XC227 yellow 4/51 XC588C green 4/31 170* dia. Art XC588C green 4/31 4 DIGIT - 9* CHARACTERS | (Same as MCT 2 or 4N25) 49¢ each \$3.95 each |
| 547447N 59 547447N 59 547448N 79 547456N 20 | SN74150N 89 SN74150N 89 SN74151N 59 SN74152N 59 SN74152N 59 | SN74265N 7.25 SN74285N 3.95 SN74285N 3.95 SN74365N 89 SN74365N 80 | NVS0 red 6/51 XC111R red 5/51 2.00* K130* PACAGE NVS0 red 6/51 XC111R red 1/51 INFRA-RED LED XC1110 green 4/51 T091-Treambistre 37.95 | AY-3-8500-1 and 2.01 MHZ Crystal (Chip & Crystal includes score display, 6 games and select angles, etc. 7, 95/SC |
| 64/4514 .20 64/4544 .20 64/74544 .20 64/74544 .25 | SN74153M 99 SN74154M 99 SN74155M 79 SN74155M 79 SN74155M 79 | SN74367N .60 SN74367N .60 SN74360N .60 SN74390N 1.85 | 1/4*t/A5*t/16* flat XČI11C disar 4/31 T1001A-Reflective 8.25 5/31 DISPLAY LEDS | XR205 S8.40 EXAR XR242CP 1.50 XR210 4.40 EXAR XR2563 3.20 XR210 1.55 XR2563 3.20 |
| CD4000 23 CD4001 23 CD4002 23 | C/MOS CU4028 89 | CD4070 55 CD4071 23 CD4072 49 | TYPE POLARITY HT PR061 TYPE POLARITY HT PR061 MAH Common Anode-red = 1 52 55 MAH SD Common Anode-red = 1 56 59 MAH S 17 Doct Matrix-red 200 4 95 MAH ST4G Common Anode-red = 0 56 99 MAH S common Catolog-red 125 MAH ST4G Common Catolog-red = 1 50 99 | XR-L555 1.50 JE2208K8 19.95 XR3403 1.25 XR555 39 XR1800 3.20 XR4136 1.25 XR556 99 XR2207 4.40 XR4131 3.95 XR567CP 99 XR2207 3.85 XR4194 4.95 |
| CD4006 1 19 CD4007 25 CD4009 49 CD4010 49 | CD4029 1 19 CD4030 49 CD4035 99 CD4040 1 19 | CD4076 1 39 CD4081 23 CD4082 23 CD4093 99 | AAAI 4 Common Calenote-red 187 1.95 AAAI (\$760 Common Anode-red 560 .98 AAAI 75 Common Anode-regreen 125 SAAI (\$750 Common Anode-red 560 .98 AAAI 74 Common Anode-regreen 125 SAAI (\$750 Common Anode-red .960 .98 AAAI 74 Common Anode-red .000 .98 DL701 Common Anode-red .90 .98 AAAI 74 Common Anode-red .000 .98 DL701 Common Anode-red .90 .98 AAAI 75 Common Anode-red .000 .98 DL701 Common Anode-red .90 .98 AAAI 75 Common Anode-red .000 .98 DL701 Common Anode-red .300 .98 AAAI 72 Common Anode-red .000 .98 .74 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .174 .17 | XR56/C1 1.25 XR2206 5.20 XH420/ 3.00 XR1310P 1.95 XR2209 1.75 XR44212 2.05 XR14680N 3.85 XR2211 5.25 XR4521 75 XR14680N 3.85 XR2211 5.25 XR4530 75 XR1488 1.95 XR2212 4.35 XR4739 1.15 |
| CD4011 23 CD4D12 25 CD4D13 39 CD4D14 1 39 | CD4041 1 25 CD4042 99 CD4043 89 CD4044 89 | CD4098 2 49 MC14409 14 95 MC14410 14 95 MC14411 14 95 | MAR 1/4 Common Calchode-red 300 1.25 0;1/07 Common Anode-red 300 99 MAR 82 Common Anode-red 90 1.25 Common Anode-red 500 1.48 MAR 84 Common Anode-red 90 1.25 Common Calchoet-red 500 1.48 MAR 44 Common Anode-rearge 300 99 D12/41 Common Anode-red 600 1.25 MAR 3020 Common Anode-rearge 300 96 D12/45 Common Anode-red 600 1.25 MAR 3020 Common Anode-rearge 300 96 D12/45 Common Anode-red 600 1.25 | XH148W 1.95 XH2240 3.45 XH4/41 1.47 DIODES TYPE VOLTE W PRICE 114/022 100 Ptv 1.4MP 121:10 TYPE VOLTE W PRICE 114/022 00 Ptv 1.4MP 121:10 TYPE VOLTE W PRICE 114/022 000 Ptv 1.4MP 121:10 |
| CD4015 1 19 CD4016 49 CD4017 1 19 CD4018 99 | C04045 1 79 C04047 2 50 C04048 1 35 C04049 49 | MC14419 4 95 MC14433 19 95 MC14506 75 MC14507 .99 | MAX 3506 Common Anded=range ± 1 300 98 DL747 Common Anded=re1 600 1.49 MAX 3540 Common Cahada-range 300 99 0L745 Common Cahada-rad 600 1.49 MAX 4610 Common Cahada-range 300 99 DL756 Common Cahada-rad 600 1.42 MAX 4610 Common Cahada-range 400 98 DL738 Common Cahada-rad 100 1.42 | 1W746 3.3 400m 4/1.00 1N4004 400 Ptv t AMP 12/1.0 1W751 5.1 400m 4/1.00 1N4005 600 Ptv t AMP 10/1.0 1W752 5.6 400m 4/1.00 1N4006 800 Ptv t AMP 10/1.0 1W753 6.2 400m 4/1.00 1N4007 1000 Ptv t AMP 10/1.0 |
| C04020 1 19 C04020 1 19 C04021 1 39 C04022 1 19 C04022 1 19 | CD4050 49 CD4051 119 CD4053 1.19 CD4055 295 | MC14583 3 50 CD4508 3 95 CD4510 1 39 | MAM 4110 Common Andest-wei 400 99 FND20 Common Cambola 250 .69 MAM 4730 Common Andest-wei 1 .400 98 FND28 Common Cambola 137 76 MAM 4740 Common Andest-wei 400 99 FND236 Common Cambola 357 75 MAM 4810 Common Andest-weilwei 400 99 FND236 Common Cambola 357 75 | 1H754 6.8 400m 4/1.00 1H3600 50 200m 6/1.00 1H757 9.0 400m 4/1.00 1H4148 75 10m 15/1.00 1H759 9.0 400m 4/1.00 1H4154 35 10m 15/1.00 1H759 9.0 400m 4/1.00 1H4154 35 10m 12/1.00 1H759 9.2 400m 4/1.00 1H4134 35 10m 12/1.00 |
| CD4024 79 CD4025 23 CD4026 2 25 CD4027 69 | CD4059 9 95 CD4050 1 49 CD4056 79 CD4068 .39 CD4068 .45 | CD4515 2 95 CD4518 1 29 CD4520 1 29 CD4520 1 29 | avas sere Commen Cataboar-yedoe 400 99 (H250) Common Ande (H10310) 500 99 (H250) Common Ande (H10310) 500 99 (H250) Common Ander and 500 (H10510) 500 100 99 (H10512) Common Ander and 500 (H10512) 500 | 1M955 15 400m 4/1 00 1M4734 5.6 1m 28 1M5232 5.6 500m 28 1M4735 6.2 1w 28 1M5234 6.2 500m 28 1M4735 6.5 1w 28 1M5234 6.2 500m 28 1M4736 5.6 1w 28 1M5235 6.8 500m 28 1M4736 5.2 1w 28 |
| 74C00 39 74C02 39 74C04 39 | 74C00 74C85 2.49 | 74C163 2.49 74C164 2.49 74C173 2.60 | MAM 6860 Domma Anoste-orange 680 88 592-7322 4 * 7 5gl Digit 14/0 P 600 18.95 MAM 6860 Comma Anoste-orange 590 5961-7340 Average bankster (+ 1) 600 15.00 MAM 6970 Comma Anoste-orange 590 595 5962-7340 4 * 7 5gl Digit Hesadecimul 600 22.50 | 118542 12 500m 28 14474 13 1w 28 118542 12 500m 28 144744 13 1w 28 118545 15 500m 28 141183 50 Ptv 35 AMP 160 118456 25 40m 6/1 00 111184 150 Ptv 35 AMP 170 11456 70 7m 6/1 00 111185 150 Ptv 35 AMP 170 |
| 74C10 39 74C14 95 74C20 39 | 74C93 1.95 74C93 1.95 74C95 1.95 74C107 1.25 74C107 1.25 | 74C192 2.49 74C193 2.49 74C195 2.49 74C922 7.95 74C922 7.95 | RCA LINEAR CAUSIT 2:5 CAUSEN 2:00 CHIPS/DRIVERS HIMSSO 3:4 95 MCHORL 5:4 95 CAUSEN 2:5 CAUSEN 1:00 MINSTS 1:20 MINSTS | 144854 180 1041 5/1 00 141186 200 PtV 35 AMP 1.80 144001 50 PtV 1 AMP 12/1 00 141188 400 PtV 35 AMP 3 00 SCR AND FW BRIDGE RECTIFIERS |
| 741242 1.95 74248 2.49 74273 89 74274 89 | 740154 3.00 740157 2.15 740160 2.49 740161 2.49 | 74C925 8 95 74C926 8 95 80C95 1 50 80C97 1 50 | CA30351 2.46 CA30894 65 MA45738 7 95 MA45712 4.45 MC1438, 2.49 CA30397 1.55 CA30894 75 DA6865 7 06 MA45716 4.45 MC1267P 3.55 CA30464 1.30 CA31301 1.38 DM4865 1.06 MA45316 6.58 MC1261674416) 7.50 CA30594 1.35 CA31401 1.35 DM4865 7 25 MA45316 6.58 MC1261674416) 7.50 | C380 15A 61 400V SCR(241649) \$1 95 C36A 26A 0 600V SCR 1 95 29/2328 1.6A (i) 200V SCR 50 MD4 980.1 12A in 56V SCR 50 |
| 78MG 175 LM106H 99 LM300H 80 LM301CM/H 35 | LINEAR | LM710N 79 LM711N 39 LM723N/H 55 | CA30007 15 CA30011 15 ST ST A LO CONST AND 15 CA30011 55 ST A LO CA300 55 ST A LO CA30011 200 CA30011 200 CA30011 350 CA LO CINHO 150 CT 1001 6 55 MC/044P 4 50 CA30011 200 CA300011 200 CA30011 200 C | MDA 980-3 124 H 200V FW BRIDGE REC 1 85 C10081 50 TRANSISTORS 2N3904 4/1 00 MPSA05 30 2N0955 80 2N3904 4/1 00 |
| LM302H 75 LM304H 1.00 LM305H 60 LM307CM/H 35 | LM3407-5 1.25 LM3407-6 1.25 LM3407-6 1.25 LM3407-6 1.25 | LM739N 1 19 LM741CN/H 35 LM741-14N 39 LM747NAH 29 | 1-24 23-49 50-100 to pin LP 320 19 15 14 din LP 320 19 18 15 pin LP 320 19 18 16 pin LP 320 19 18 16 pin LP 331 33 38 18 pin LP 334 37 38 18 pin LP 45 44 43 | MP9406 5/1.00 AU(3055 1.00 2M306 4/1.00 T1397 6/1.00 2M3392 5/1.00 2M4013 3/1.00 T1598 6/1.00 2M3398 5/1.00 2M413 6/1.00 T1598 6/1.00 2M3398 5/1.00 2M4123 6/1.00 |
| LM308C2LH 1 00 LM309H 1 10 LM309K 1 25 LM310CN 1 15 | LAGNOT-15 1.25 LAGNOT-18 1.25 LAGNOT-24 1.25 LAGNOT-24 1.25 LAGNOT-24 1.00 | LM748N/H 39 LM1310N 1 95 LM1458CN/H 59 MC1488N 1 95 | 13 pm LP 209 298 27 20 pm LP 349 24 32 30 SOLDERTAIL STANDARD (TNN) 40 pm LP 640 59 59 56 14 pm ST 8 27 25 24 CHARTAIL STANDARD (TNN) 40 pm ST 5 399 40 00 81 16 pm ST 3 30 27 25 34 CHARTAIL STANDARD (TNN) 40 pm ST 5 399 40 00 81 | 40410 175 PH3568 4.1:00 PH4250 411:00 40673 1.75 PH3569 471:00 2H4400 471:00 2H910 4/1:00 MP53638A 5/1:00 2H4401 4/1:00 2H2210A 2/1:00 MP53702 5/1:00 2H4402 4/1:00 |
| LM311N/H 90 LM312H 1.95 LM317K 6 50 LM318CR/H 1.50 | LM370H 1.85 LM373H 3.25 LM377H 4.00 LM380H 1.25 | MC1409N 1.95 LM1496N .95 LM1556V 1.75 MC1741SCP 3.00 | 18 pm 51 33 32 30 49 45 42 SOLDERTAIL STANDARD (GOLD) 24 49 51 49 45 42 SOLDERTAIL STANDARD (GOLD) 24 49 51 49 45 45 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 | 21/2221A 4/1 00 21/3704 5-1 00 21/403 4/1 00 21/2222A 5/1.00 4/PS3704 5-1 00 21/4403 5-1 00 P1/2222 Plantic 7/1 00 21/3705 5-1 00 21/5086 4/1 00 21/2388A 4/1 00 MPS3705 5-1 00 21/5086 4/1 00 |
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| LM340K-5 1 35 LM340K-6 1.35 LM340K-6 1 35 LM340K-6 1 35 | NESOTVAN (.73 NESOTVAN .90 NESOTA 4.95 LAGTSDCNAN .90 | 75494CN 89 RC4136 1.25 RC4151 3.95 RC4151 3.95 | ASS1.2 3 68 160 044 270 044 320 044 330 044 390 044 04 043 1.70 470 044 560 044 561 144 120 044 1 | 220 př 05 04 03 047µř 06 05 04 470 př 05 04 035 1µř 12 .09 075 100 VOLT NITLAR FILM CAPACITORS 005imu 12 10 07 022mř 13 11 pp 9022 12 10 07 022mř 13 11 pp |
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| 74(530 29 74(532 25 74(537 45 74(540 35 | 74LS107 45 74LS109 45 74LS112 45 74LS123 1.25 74LS125 | 74LS257 89 74LS258 1.75 74LS250 69 74LS279 75 | MAIL ORDER ELECTRONICS – WORLDWIDE | 100/25/v 24 20 H6 10/50/v 16 14 12 100/50/v 35 30 28 47/50/v 24 21 19 220/25/v 37 2.20 2.5 100/60/v 15 14 220/25/v 37 2.20 2.5 100/65/v 24 20 15 240/25/v 45 41 30 H0/25/v 24 20 18 |
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nects to input on board

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This HEX keyboard has 19 keys, 16 encod-ed with 3 user defin-

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. 32 char/line, 16 lines, modifications for 64 char/line included Parallel ASCII (TTL) input · Video output 1K on board memory • Output for computer controlled curser
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FOR SALE: PDP-11 boards. Removed from working PDP-11/15. Complete processor. Very powerful. Too many boards to list. One Hex (front panel), four Quad, six Dual, three Single, seven Single small. Twenty-one boards in all. \$60. Take advantage of the low value of the Canadian dollar and buy. Write for complete information. David Lai, 13250 Racine St, Pierrefonds Quebec, CANADA HBZ 1Y7.

FOR SALE: Three IMSAI 4 K random-access-memory boards for S-100 bus with individual 1 K write-protect. \$85 each. One Polymorphics video board with 16 by 64 characters, 48 by 128 graphics, 1 K of on board random access memory, and an 8-bit parallel port for keyboard. Also for S-100 bus. \$160. Everything assembled. Peter Hack, 579 Diamond St, San Francisco CA 94114, (415) 824-4225.

FOR SALE: Commodore PET 2001/8 with full documentation, Assorted software games included. Excellent condition, burned in, and running. \$525. Michael DiMario, 4300 N 92 St Apt 1, Milwaukee WI 53222, (414) 476-8300 ext 720 days, (414) 463-0836 evenings.

FOR SALE OR TRADE: I will design and print a single- or double-sided printed-circuit board from your specifications on my Tektronix graphics computer, Will trade for surplus computer gear. Send SASE for sample of my work. Rex Taylor, 2367 NW Kearney, Portland OR 97210.

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Readers who are soliciting or giving advice, or who have equipment to buy, sell or swap should send in a clearly typed notice to that effect. To be considered for publication, an advertisement must be clearly noncommercial, typed double spaced on plain white paper, contain 75 words or less, and include complete name and address information.

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FOR SALE: IMSAI 8080, 22-stot mother board, 2P+S, Tarbell cassette, 16/32 K erasable-programmable readonly memory, Godbout active terminator, 8 K Seals + 24 K Godbout random access memory, H9 terminal, Mullen extender. \$2000. Larry, 516 E St, Gelt CA 95632, (209) 745-1843.

FOR SALE: Two Processor Technology 16 K dynamic programmable memory boards #16KRA for SOL or S-100 system. See Januery 1977 BYTE, page 10. With manual. 32 K for \$200. Not sold separately. First check or money order takes it. Bob Duke, 13526 Pyramid Dr, Dallas TX 75234, (214) 241-2888.

OLD COMPUTING DEVICES: Do you have or know about planimeters, integraphs, integrators, mechanical computers, pre-1900 calculators, or other unusual early computing machines? Do you have books, menuals, or other documentation about them? I am buying, studying, and exchanging stories about these things. What's the weirdest computing machine you know of? I'd particularly like to hear about unusual projects, both historical and recent. Dick Rubinstein, 15 Maugus Av, Wellesley MA 02181.

FOR SALE: Digital Group standard mother board, Z80 processor board, input/output (I/O) board, TVC/cassette interface, George Risk keyboard in oak cabinet, TV monitor conversion kit, dual Phi-Deck and controller board, nonstandard power supply and cabinet. All documentation and system programs included. Boards assembled by professional digital technician. System never calibrated or run. \$800 complete or trade for TRS-80 disks or printer. Jim Lewis, POB 22045, Knoxville TN 37922.

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WANTED: Hewlett-Packard 9830 in excellent working condition, preferably under H-P maintenance. With plasma display, tape cartridge drive, thermal printer, BASIC, and manual. R Kesell, 345 W 88th St, NYC NY 10024, (212) 873-5556.

FOR SALE: Upgrading all TRS-80 Model I equipment to Model II. Must sell like-new expansion interface with 32 K random access memory. Only \$470. Two Shugari disk drives with cable, and four MPI disk drives with cable. Your choice only \$385 per drive. Buy two or more drives and get the cable free. One Centronics printer (call or write for price). Bruce Taylor, 118 S Mill S1, Pryor OK 74361, (918) 825-4844, after 6:00 PM (918) 434-5242.

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| Inqu | uiry No. Page No. | Inqu | iry No. | Page No. | Inqu | uiry No. | Page No. | Inqu | Jiry No. | Page No. |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|------|--------------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 108 | Aardvark Software 167 | 209 | DATABANH | 4 240 | | Micro Diver | sions (Scion Corp.) 5 | 259 | Quest 271 | |
| 244 | AB Computers 266 | 127 | Data Disco | unt Center 188 | 133 | Micro Innov | ations Corp 191 | 200 | RACET Com | putes 233 |
| 277 | Advanced Computer Prod 284, 285 | 186 | Datadisk S | ys 224 | 170 | Micro Integ | ration 217 | 246 | Hadio Hut 28 | 4.0.4 |
| 132 | AL Industries 191 | 197 | Datasouth | Computers 231 | 176 | Micromail 2 | 19 | 16.4 | Paudam 205 | 131 |
| 255 | ALL Electronics 208 | 48 | DATASPEE | U 83 | 130 | Micro Mana | agement Systems tao | 104 | RBB 226 | |
| 00 | Altos 100, 107 | 284 | Delta Prod | Jois 117 | 29/ | Micro Mike | 200 e 177 | 90 | RCA Solid SI | ate 152 |
| 207 | American Square Computers 200 | 141 | DC Electro | nice 195 | 151 | Micro Musi | c 202 | | Reliable Cas | h Register 241 |
| 44 | Angeley Inc 70 | 95 | Digital Pat | 1103 133 1wave 137 | 103 | Micropolis | 228 229 | 8 | BITAM Interr | ational Corp 18 |
| 114 | Anderson Jacobson 176 | 243 | Digital Res | earch: Computers 265 | 231 | Micro Prod | ucts Unlimited 262 | 204 | RNB Enterpr | ises 236 |
| 79 | Andicom Technical Products 127 | . 84 | Digital Res | earch Corp (CA) 136 | 52 | Micro Pro I | nternational 88, 89 | 74 | Robotics Ag | e 119 |
| 125 | Apparat 187 | 42 | Digital Tec | hnology Inc 77 | 288 | Microsette | 199 | 167 | S-100, Inc 21 | 5 |
| | Apple Insert | 12 | Digitus 25 | | 220 | Microsette | 258 | 101 | Howard W. | Jams Company 159 |
| 195 | Applied Computer Systems 229 | 165 | Disc/3 Mar | Inc 214 | 69 | Microsoft 1 | 09 | 121 | Sara Tech 1 | 35 |
| 266 | Aristo/Polks 272 | 169 | Dr Dobb's | Journal 216 | 21 | Microtek 47 | | 159 | SCDP 211 | er |
| 138 | Artec Electronics 194 | 123 | Dynacomp | 186 | 184 | MICROWAR | 1E 223 | 98 | Sceibi 154, 1 | 00 norine 112 |
| 152 | Artec Electronics 203 | 212 | Dynamic M | ICTOPTOCESSOT ASSOC. 241 | 188 | Microware | Associates 225 | 50 | Scientific Ar | A |
| 210 | ASAP Computer Products 2/3 | 200 | Eaton LHC | 20, 29 | 106 | Mioro Morb | 4 168 | 32 | Seattle Com | outer Products 89 |
| 217 | ATV Recearch 258 | 228 | Electrolaba | 274 275 | 140 | Midwest Co | mouter Perinherals 195 | | Seattle Com | outer Products 235 |
| 602 | Automated Simulations 145 | 60 | Electronic | Control Technology 96 | 241 | Mikos 264 | Simplatar (ampriorato 100 | 99 | Michael Shra | ver 157 |
| 175 | Avionic Enterprises (A.E.I.) 219 | 276 | Electronic | Systems 282, 283 | 131 | Mini Comp | uter Suppliers 190 | | Shugart 6, 7 | |
| 13 | AXIOM Corp 27 | 224 | Electronic | Technicians 258 | 117 | Mini Micro | Mart Inc 181 | 187 | Sigma Interr | ational 224 |
| 250 | B & W Energy Management Sys 268 | 171 | Escon 217 | | 155 | Mini Micro | Mart Inc 206 | 282 | Sirius System | ns 78 |
| 203 | Ballantine Books 235 | 177 | Essex Publ | Ishing 220 | 25 | Morrow/Thi | nker Toys 55 | 108 | Small Busin | 885 |
| 295 | BASF 175 | 118 | Exidy 182, | 183 | 70 | Mountain H | lardware 111 | | Applications | 169 |
| 271 | Becklan 273 | | Factory Di | ect Sales 198 | 157 | Mountain H | lardware 207 | 194 | Ed Smith's S | oftware Works 229 |
| 223 | John Bell 258 | 249 | Faragher & | Assoc 268 | 324 | Multi Busin | ess Computer Sys 258 | 7 | Smoke Sign | al Broadcasting 53 |
| | Beta Computer Devices 225 | 206 | Farnsworth | Computer 239 | 144 | National Ar | tificial Intelligence Lab | 24 | Smoke Sign | al Broadcasting |
| 140 | Biotech Electronics 198 | 252 | Feith Soft | vare 208 | 000 | INAIL) 197 | Mart 250 | 50 | (Dealers) 53 | 96 |
| 100 | BISHOP GRAPHICS 207 | 102 | Financial F | Software 222 | 220 | NEECO 116 | 104 105 | 102 | Softagon Int | ; 00 |
| 75 | The Bottom Shelf 121 | 227 | Five Stone | adio Supply 260 | 86 | Netronics 1 | 39 | 120 | Softech 185 | |
| 113 | BYTE Books 59 | 233 | Frederick (| Computer Products 282 | 283 | Netronics 1 | 79 | 89 | The Softwar | a Exchange 141 |
| 213 | BYTE Seminar 243 | 30 | Freeland In | ti Computer Shows 65 | 284 | Netronics 1 | 79 | 230 | The Softwar | a Farm 262 |
| 87 | Byte Shop East 139 | 237 | Fuller Soft | ware 262 | 261 | New Engla | nd Recruiters 272 | 54 | The Soft Wa | rehouse 90 |
| | BYTE Subscriber 239 | 137 | Futureworl | d 193 | 14 | North Star | 31 | 242 | Solid State S | sales 264 |
| 134 | C & S Electronics Mart 192 | 260 | Gimix 272 | | 232 | Northwest | Computer Services 262 | 262 | Sorrento Val | ley Associates 272 |
| 5 | California Computer Systems 14, 15 | 173 | Global Par. | ameters 218 | 110 | Novation 1 | 72 | 279 | Southwest T | ech Prod Corp Cil |
| 221 | California Data Corp 258 | 90 | Godbout E | lectronics 143 | • | NRI School | s 161 | 3 | SSM 11 | |
| 274 | California Digital 279 | 158 | GR Electro | nics 208 | 281 | Ohio Scien | tific Instrument CIV | 205 | The Stackwo | irks 237 |
| 207 | California Software 239 | 97 | H & E Com | putronics 153 | 87 | OK Machin | a and Tool 105 | 104 | Stratagic Sir | nulations, Inc. 165 |
| 139 | Cambridge Davelopment Labs 195 | 1/ | Hamilton/A | vnet 39 | 129 | OK Machin | e & 1001 189 | 91 | SUBLOGIC I | 44 atlanet 070 |
| 203 | Control Data 122 | 267 | Haroside I | 40 | 200 | Ollyotti 01 | sociation 2/2 | 200 | Superpolt 14 | ational 270 |
| 285 | Chalitz inc 272 | 207 | Houston In | etrumente 51 | 00 | onComputi | 00.33 | | Supersoft 20 | 9 |
| 112 | Christin Industrias 174 | 293 | Houston In | strument 51 | | Onvy Svs. | Inc. 42. 43 | 41 | Sybax 75 | • |
| 116 | Christin Industries 180 | 11 | Industrial I | Aicro Systems 23 | 211 | Optimal Te | choology 241 | 65 | Sybex 100 | |
| 258 | Cleveland Consumer Computer | 61 | Infosoft Sy | stems Inc 97 | 86 | Oregon Sol | tware 103 | 49 | Synchro Sou | and 85 |
| | & Components 269 | 26 | Intecolor 5 | 7 | 109 | Osborne/M | cGraw-Hill 171 | 46 | Tab Books 8 | j 1 |
| 64 | Compas Micro Systams 100 | 179 | Integrand 2 | 221 | • | Owens Ass | ociates 213 | 76 | Tarbell Elec | ronics 123 |
| 9 | Compucolor Corp 19 | 160 | Internation | al Data Sciences 211 | 43 | Pace Inc 78 | 3 | 51 | Tech Sys Co | insultants (TSC) 87 |
| 29 | CompuServe (microNET) 63 | 83 | Internation | al Data Systems (IDS) 135 | 266 | Pacific Exc | hanges 199 | | Tec-Mar 158 | |
| 240 | Computer City 263 | 28 | Intertec Da | ta Systems 61 | 326 | Page Digita | 1 2/8 | 10 | Televideo 21 | 000 |
| 201 | Computer and Control Attiliates 206 | 10 | itnaca inte | rsystems 9 | 100 | PAIA 214 | an Eles IA Dadia | 230 | 1 C Comeso | nc 202 |
| 142 | Computer Euroliture & Accessories 1 | 08 272 | Inde Com | 1395101115 30 | 100 | Shock Auth | Salas Ctr 1 221 | 108 | Bobert Tinne | y Graphice CVIII |
| 142 | Computer Headware 200 | 275 | Jameco 28 | 0 281 | 31 | Per Com D | ata 67 | 128 | TransNet 18 | R |
| 47 | Computer Mart of NJ 82 | 150 | JBT Syster | ns loc 201 | 33 | Per Com D | ata 71 | | United Softy | are of America 76 |
| 210 | Computer Service Center 240 | 6 | Konan Cor | p 16 | 34 | Per Com D | ata 72 | 20 | Universal Da | ta Systems 45 |
| 238 | Computer Shopper 262 | - | Lifeboat A | sociates 101, 134, 189 | 35 | Per Com D | ata 72 | 185 | US Robotics | 223 |
| 161 | Computer Specialties 211 | 93 | Macrotroni | cs 146 | 36 | Per Com Da | ata 72 | 222 | Vantage Dat | a Products 258 |
| 172 | Computer Transceiver Sys (CTSI) 217 | 182 | Macrotroni | cs 222 | 37 | Per Com Da | ata 73 | 148 | Vector Elact | ronic Co 200 |
| 201 | Computers Wholesala 235 | * | McGraw-H | II Book Company 128, 129 | 38 | Per Com Da | ata 73 | 115 | Vertec 178 | |
| 163 | Computer World 213 | | Measurem | ent Sys & Controls 41 | 39 | Per Com Da | ata 73 | 299 | Vista Compi | iter Company 286 |
| 153 | Computex 204 | | Measurem | ent Sys & Controls 199 | 40 | Per Com Da | ata 73 | 245 | VR Data 266 | |
| 199 | Corporate Computer Systems Inc. 23 | 3 253 | Metaresea | cn 268 | 57 | Personal Se | oltware 93 | 228 | wameco 260 | 170 |
| 100 | Cover Craft 185 | 190 | MICAH 227 | Computer Stores 25 | 59 | Personal Se | rout 107 | | Whitesmith! | 113 |
| 120 | CP Products 189 | 10 | Microarcor | Computer Stores 33 | 145 | Dickles & I | rout 221 | 100 | John Wiley | Sont Inc 173 |
| 120 | Cromemon 1 2 | 182 | Micro Appl | ications Group 213 | 248 | Potter's Pr | norams 268 | 214 | John Wiley | Sons, Inc. 244 |
| 119 | CT microCOMPUTER Inc 184 | 219 | Micro Arch | liect 258 | 45 | Power One | 80 | 236 | Wintek 262 | |
| 135 | CT microCOMPUTER, Inc 192 | 278 | Micro Busi | ness World 254 | 215 | Priority One | 9 255 | 208 | Worldwide E | lectronics 240 |
| 174 | Cybernetics Inc 219 | 124 | Microcomp | uter Technology Inc 187 | 218 | Priority One | e 256, 257 | 168 | Z _s Systams | 215 |
| 234 | DAR Sales 262 | 22 | MicroDaSy | 8 49 | 191 | The Q Kit (| Div J R Conwell) 227 | | 5 | |
| 136 | DataArt, Inc 193 | 63 | Micro Data | Base Systems Inc 99 | 198 | Quality Sof | tware 233 | | | |

BOMB - BYTE's Ongoing Monitor Box

| Article # | Page | Article | Author | INUI |
|-----------|------|---|--------------|--------|
| | | State of the state of the state of the state of the | | "A |
| 1 | 17 | Ease into 16-Bit Computing: Get 16-Bit Performance | | Com |
| | | from an 8-Bit Computer | Ciarcia | Com |
| 2 | 34 | Electron Behavior in a Chemical Bond | Liebi | prov |
| 3 | 60 | Hewlett-Packard's New Personal Computer, The HP-85 | Morgan | those |
| 4 | 74 | Solving Problems Involving Variable Terrain, | | the P |
| | | Part 2: Special Cases, Including Hexagonal Grids | Jones | Care L |
| 5 | 84 | TRS-80 Performance, Evaluation by Program Timing | Lewis | son |
| 6 | 114 | Electronic Planimetry | Santi, et al | Thes |
| 7 | 128 | A Power-Line Protection Circuit | Schneider. | place |
| | | | Erickson | place |
| 8 | 130 | Landing Module Simulation with Random Surface | Hound | place |
| 9 | 142 | The Dirt-Cheap Bootstrap, More Notes on Bringing | | ("rre |
| | | Lip a Microcomputer | Woodhull | Micr |
| 10 | 156 | Hydrocarbon Molecule Constructor | Matthews | toph |
| 11 | 194 | Operation Codes for 8080, 8085, and 780 Processors | Harrell | Time |
| 12 | 230 | To Fir is Human | McGregor | Tiny |
| 13 | 232 | Super TIC | Roehrig | |
| | | | - | |

December BOMB Numerical Analysis

"Add Nonvolatile Memory to Your Computer" by Steve Ciarcia (page 36) proved to be the most popular among those readers who voted. Second place in the BOMB voting went to James L Peterson for "Text Compression" (page 106). These two authors receive the \$100 firstplace and \$50 second-place prizes. Third place was shared by F R Ruckdeschel "Frequency Analysis of Data Using a Microcomputer," page 10) and Christopher O Kern ("A User's Look at Tiny-C," page 196).■



September 1977

March 1979

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